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The MARCH of the NATIONS

by RUFUS STEELE

Mr. Hoover Warns, Senate Acts

Von Papen Is at German Helm

Japan Begins a New Régime

Herriot's Rule May Be Brief

Roumania Joins Cabinet Hunt

Canada Asks Monetary Change

THE United States Senate, challenged in person by President Hoover to show that a democracy can act speedily to save itself in an emergency, completes and passes a gigantic tax bill in six hours. It was thought the bill would balance the budget, but it is found to fall short of this. The measure is expected to raise $1,283,500,000, although the sales tax specifically recommended by the President is rejected. The rise in prices of American stocks in London, Paris, Berlin and New York indicates that the prompt action by the Senate acts as a spur to world confidence. President Hoover's fundamental proposition is proved—Congress can, when it will, act speedily to save the nation in emergency.

* * *

In Germany, watches the new Chancellor, Capt. Franz von Papen, attempt to induce the Fascists to assume responsibility in his national Cabinet. Von Papen, who, as naval attaché of the Germany Embassy, was expelled by President Wilson during the war, may not have the support of his own Center party (Roman Catholic) through their devotion to former Chancellor Bruening. The new régime is regarded as a stop-gap, with Hitler and the Fascists being forced toward power—having to be forced because a good thing coming too soon may prove to be not so good.

* * *

In Japan the Japanese Diet opens for its first session under a super-party Government. Emperor Hirohito's closed carriage carries him to the scene to perform his functions while thousands of reserves guard his route. No change is expected in Premier Saito's foreign policy, but with a large army operating in Manchuria a situation involving financial and other difficulties must be handled. Above the loud tongue-lashing of something that would be bitterly opposed—a fear that Lord Lytton's League Commission may recommend an international mandate over Manchuria.

* * *

In France's new Government will continue the Tardieu policy on disarmament and other leading questions. So declares Edouard Herriot, who will become Premier. He rejects as impossible the Socialists' price for collaboration in the Cabinet. Thus dependent on unpledged Socialist support in a crisis, the Radical régime may be a precarious one. Herriot will be subject to the customary tyranny that prevails where the chambers of European nations are nearly evenly divided—upset by a minority not strong enough to rule but entirely strong enough to destroy.

* * *

In Roumania sees its Government fall in the face of increasing financial difficulties. Premier Nicholas Iorga hands the resignations of the Cabinet to King Carol, who calls on former Premier Nicholas Titulescu, now Ambassador to Britain, to form a new one. Civil salaries are far behind, and France and other creditor countries have protested the recent action of the Government in financing the farmer loans for 20 years. Venerable Dr. Iorga, Roumania's greatest scholar and once the royal tutor, has been in Carol's recent stormy years what the King needed most—a devoted, trustworthy friend.

* * *

In Washington affirms the willingness of the Government to participate in a world economic conference. London originated the proposal, other powers said yes. It may come soon after the Geneva reparations and Ottawa economic sessions. While consenting, Washington is said not to enthuse, which may be as well. Recent world powwows that have gone the farthest have begun by expecting the least.

* * *

In Canada indicates that it may urge monetary reforms at the Ottawa Imperial Economic Conference in July. The theory is that a single monetary system throughout the British Dominions would remove one of the chief obstacles to trade between them. The hope of landing products in England in equal competition with Norway and Argentina is embodied in a slogan which defines the theoretical method—"Parity with the pound."

* * *

In The United States secures from France a guarantee of most favored nation treatment in the fixing of quotas on American imports. Acting Premier Tardieu signs the understanding as one of his final official acts. The agreement holds until ultimate trade treaties are worked out and will end the barring without warning of goods on order as they reach the ports of France. A quota is a diplomatic device that sacrifices quality to reduce quantity and that years salesmanship by ignoring the name on the dotted line.

Imminent Party Conventions Will Mark Century of Choice Of Candidates by This Method

Prior to 1832, Nominations Were Made Either by Congressional Caucuses or by State Legislatures—Whigs Drafted First Platform

PRE-CONVENTION SERIES
First of Four Articles

By WILLIS J. ABBOT

It is an interesting fact that this year, 1932, marks the centenary of national conventions for the nomination of presidential candidates. Prior to 1832, candidates were nominated by congressional caucuses, or in some instances by state legislatures. Not uncommonly the states voted for their groups of presidential electors, leaving to them the selection of the presidential nominee for whom they should vote.

But in the 1832 election three regular tickets were in the field—Democratic, National Republican, and Anti-Masonic—the nominees having been selected at conventions held in Baltimore and Philadelphia. The Democrats adopted for the first time the two-thirds rule, which has remained to plague the party ever since, but formulated no platform; the National Republicans, or Whigs, promulgated the first party platform—incidentally the shortest one, since platforms grow longer year by year.

It was the year of the redoubtable Andrew Jackson's second candidacy, and his party managers may well have believed that he was a platform in himself. At any rate they did not suffer from refusing to take the electorate into their confidence, for their candidate received 219 electoral votes, to 49 for the Republican, Henry Clay. It was on hearing this result that Clay proclaimed he would rather be right than be President. Years after, Tom Reed retorted to one who used the same phrase: "The gentleman need give himself no concern. He will never be either."

In the 100 years that have elapsed, the two major parties have held 25 national conventions each. There

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REICH CABINET OF NATIONALIST COLOR FORMED

Concentration Government Includes Elements of Reactionary Type

By Press Wireless from Monitor Bureau

BERLIN, June 1—A Cabinet bearing the title "National Concentration" government is approaching completion today under circumstances giving rise to many questions as to the course Germany is to follow in the next few months.

President von Hindenburg's choice of Capt. Franz von Papen as the new Chancellor gives the country a Cabinet of essentially Nationalist temper. It includes numerous elements regarded as politically reactionary and at the same time falls short of direct inclusion of the National Socialists who have been unwilling to participate in a coalition. Tolerance of the coalition, however, is believed to have been promised by the Fascists on the basis that the Reichstag be dissolved to permit new elections soon.

Although taking a title similar to the National Government in England, the new German Cabinet contains little of the elements which in Britain brought a nonpartisan mandate to permit the Government to carry on over difficult conditions. Many observers regarded President von Hindenburg's choice as a direct concession to Nationalist and junker elements in Germany. If this be true it would strengthen the hands of the semi-dictatorship rather than contribute to President von Hindenburg's avowed purpose of restoration of the functioning of parliamentary government.

Tentative Cabinet List

The tentative list of the Cabinet follows:

Chancellor, Captain von Papen, of Nationalist leaning, former member of the Center Party (Roman Catholic).

Foreign Affairs, Baron Konstantin von Neurath, no party, leaning Nationalist, German Ambassador to London.

Interior, Baron Wilhelm von Gayl, landowner, Nationalist, junker, or Baron von Braun, Nationalist, landowner, junker.

Finance, Dr. Kurt Schmitt, no party.

Economics, Dr. Hermann Wainboldt; held same post in the Bruening Cabinet, but opposed the 40-hour week and resigned.

Labor, Dr. Karl Goerdeler, no party, leaning Nationalist, Burgomaster of Leipzig.

Agriculture and Special Commissioner for Eastern Relief Baron Herrmann von Leumink, Center Party, chairman of the Rheinish Peasant League.

Defense, Gen. Kurt von Schleicher, chief of the ministerial office of the Ministry of Defense under Dr. Bruening.

Communications, Herr Elz von Ruebenach, president of railways in Baden.

Post and Telegraph, Dr. Georg Schaetzel, Bavarian People's Party.

Justice, Dr. Curt Joel, Center, leaning to Nationalists. Dr. Schaetzel and Dr. Joel held the same posts under Dr. Bruening.

Fascist Help Possible

The Reichstag is to be convened as soon as the Cabinet is complete and its policy outlined. It is possible the National Socialists may coöperate in the Reichstag to permit adoption of the budget to enable the country to keep the fiscal house from toppling.

Some observers interpret in President von Hindenburg's choice of a Nationalist-military Cabinet an intimation of the consolidation of the position of the militarists, and that the actual possibility of elections is remote.

Stand by the President

THE President of the United States in 1917 appeared before a joint session of Senate and House to appeal for a declaration of war upon Germany and Austria-Hungary.

Yesterday the President appeared in person before the Senate to appeal for war upon the business depression which is bringing upon the nation more loss and more suffering than did the World War itself.

In 1917 the President's appeal was instantly granted and he was clothed with virtually unlimited authority to press the war upon the Central Powers. Victory followed.

Yesterday a Senate committee instantly rejected the limited sales tax upon which the President had laid great stress as a most powerful weapon in the war upon commercial depression. Other taxes, not urged by him, but intended to attain the same ends, were voted by the Senate. The issue will come before the House today.

The President appealed for solidarity, but he found disunion. He urged celerity of action. Today will show whether the Congress will persist in its intolerable delays. He described the perilous condition of the United States in the markets of the world, but it is yet to be discovered whether congressmen can withdraw their attention from the petty politics of their own districts.

The Christian Science Monitor applauds the determination and courage which impelled the President to present himself before the Senate. It approves and upholds the program he there enunciated. It calls upon the Senate and the House of Representatives in the name of the nation, and to the end that national prosperity may be restored, to sustain the President in the plan he has proposed. And it would be well if its readers in all parts of the United States would telegraph or write their Senators and Representatives in Congress demanding that in this grave economic crisis the policy of the President shall be sustained without partisan cavil or political antagonism.

HOUSE CONFEREES PROMISE TAX BILL FULL COOPERATION

Chairman Smoot Calls Meeting at Once to Hasten Revenue Measure on Way to Enactment Into Law

HOOVER WARNING OF FISCAL CRISIS BRINGS QUICK ACTION

Levies Under New Instrument Expected to Yield $1,283,500,000—Tolls on 'Gas,' Stock Transfers Included, and Income Burden Increased

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 1—Senate and House conferees will meet tomorrow to iron out differences in the $1,283,500,000 tax bill passed early today by the Senate, following President Hoover's plea for quick action.

The House agreed by unanimous consent to take the matter up at once and to give every coöperation possible to hasten the measure into enactment into law. The respective conferees from each house follow:

Senate: Reed Smoot (R.), Utah; Pat Harrison (D.), Mississippi; David A. Reed (R.), Pennsylvania; William H. King (D.), of Utah, and James E. Watson (R.), of Indiana.

House: James W. Collier (D.), of Mississippi; Charles R. Crisp (D.), of Georgia; Henry T. Rainey (D.), of Illinois; Willis C. Hawley (R.), of Oregon, and Allen T. Treadway (R.), of Massachusetts.

The Senate plunged today into the second part of the budget-balancing program namely, the economy bill. Although many items of the economy bill submitted late last night by the Appropriations Committee are highly controversial, the momentum of yesterday is expected to carry it through to quick enactment.

A strong lobby against the proposed 10 per cent cut in federal salaries has formed, and the proposal will be fought bitterly.

Expected to Balance Budget

The tax measure was passed, 72 to 11, and is expected to yield $1,283,500,000. Preliminary to its enactment, the Senate—bent on action—in a series of swift, decisive moves, crammed what amounted to a month's work into the single session. The Walsh sales tax amendment was defeated, 53 to 27, despite the earlier appeal for the measure made by Mr. Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury, appearing personally before the Finance Committee.

The bill provides heavy increases in the income tax both for married and single persons, scheduled to provide $70,000,000 additional revenue. On a net $3000 income at present married persons pay no tax. By the Senate bill they will pay $20. The same with $4000 will pay $60 compared with the present $5.63. The bill starts surtaxes at 1 per cent on incomes in excess of $6000 and graduates upward to 55 per cent on incomes of more than $1,000,000.

Another striking innovation written into the bill imposes a 100 per cent confiscatory tax on incomes earned through violation of state or federal laws where these are detected. The amendment was proposed by Senator Otis F. Glenn (R.) of Illinois, and was passed by viva voce vote. It means that when individuals in rum rings or similar groups are hereafter trapped by federal agents, their entire incomes will be taken by the Government. At present only part of the profits are taken in income taxes, where this is possible.

The Senate furthermore in a swift stroke approved a 1-cent levy on gasoline, urged by Mr. Mills, and estimated by the Treasury to yield $150,000,000.

Other Items on List

A stock transfer tax of 4 cents per $100 par value was passed by the Senate, which quickly added a similar tax on bonds. A 3 per cent tax on oil transportation by pipe line was added. Then the Senate passed the 3 per cent tax on electric current, estimated to yield $55,000,000. Revenue expected from the half dozen big items added to the bill yesterday will account for $308,000,000 of the total sum.

Unquestionably the climax in the tax controversy came with the appearance in the Upper Chamber of the President and his Secretary of the Treasury. In substance the message which one gave to the whole Senate and the other to the Finance Committee was the same, of the pressing necessity to the federal credit to get the budget balanced quickly.

But Mr. Mills was more detailed as to the amounts required for the emergency. He showed that the total new taxes and economies required would be $234,000,000 more than his earlier estimate; and he added that taxes voted or about to be approved would yield approximately $125,000,000 less than had previously been supposed.

This made a total upward revision of the Treasury figures of the deficit of $359,000,000. Coming with the personal appeal and admonition of President Hoover it accounted for the rapid movement in the Senate culminating in final passage.

The group of 11 Senators who voted against the tax bill was composed almost entirely of opponents of the four import tariff items, included in the measure.

The Senate today immediately began debate on the economy measure. By the understanding arrived

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WORLD TRADE PARLEY BACKED BY WASHINGTON

British Prefer London to Lausanne as Place of Conference

By Cable from Monitor Bureau

LONDON, June 1 — Lausanne rather than London is the place Britain would choose for the world conference on commodity prices referred to in the Washington communiqué which fell like a bolt from the blue on Downing Street today.

Sir John Simon, Foreign Secretary, answering a question from Mr. George Lansbury, in the House of Commons, cautiously hinted that perhaps the United States might feel disposed to send representatives to "the second part of the Lausanne conference." If this was not done, he said, there might be "danger of overlapping and the question of the time and place would remain to be considered."

A position of some diplomatic delicacy has been caused by disclosure that there has been conversations between Washington and London on the subject. The second part of the Lausanne agenda was included at the special request of France. If the question of commodity prices, which is one of the most important items in this section, is to be relegated to another conference—as was the impression gained here from the Washington announcement—it might seem to the French that Britain was trying to wreck Lausanne.

Washington Sees Value In Proposed Conference

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 1—Participation in an international economic conference for the stabilization of world commodity prices will be agreeable to the United States. This information has been communicated to Great Britain by Mr. Andrew W. Mellon, American Ambassador.

Department of State officials are of the opinion that such a meeting could not be held at the conclusion of the Lausanne conference on reparations, scheduled to begin June 16, nor could it very well be held prior to the British Empire Economic Conference in Ottawa in July.

A world conference of this kind, it was pointed out, takes several weeks of preparation, not only to draw up an agenda but for arranging experts' reports to be taken as a basis of discussion.

The Department of State said that the United States would not even send an observer to the Lausanne Conference, although there would be no objection to taking part in an economic conference at Lausanne after the war debts-reparations part of it was concluded. The announcement issued after a conference between Mr. Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of State, and President Hoover, was as follows:

"The suggestion that there should be called an international conference for the purpose of considering methods to stabilize world commodity prices first came to this Government by an inquiry of the British Ambassador in Washington as to whether we would be interested and would participate in such a conference. After due deliberation this Government has replied through Mr. Mellon that it felt such a conference might be of real value in the present depression."

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

TOKYO, June 1—Regarding the Washington report that Britain is planing a world economic conference, a London government spokesman said Japan had not yet received a formal invitation, but will accept if invited. The spokesman said he believed the conference would not produce the best results unless intergovernmental debts and reparations are discussed.

TO DISMISS CONSCRIPTS

BUENOS AIRES, Arg., June 1 (AP)—The Government announced today that 2882 conscripts, part of the army class of 1932, will be dismissed on June 20, after less than half the customary service of one year, as an economy measure.

FRANCE RAISES UNITED STATES IMPORT QUOTAS

Compact to Stand Until Two Nations Arrange Full Trade Treaty

By Cable from Monitor Bureau

PARIS, June 1—Just before his term as acting Prime Minister expired at midnight yesterday, M. André Tardieu signed a commercial agreement guaranteeing the United States most favored nation treatment in the fixation of quotas on future American exports to France. Along with the double taxation agreement signed here by the American Ambassador, Mr. Walter E. Edge and M. Tardieu on April 27 this marks another step toward the solution of commercial questions at issue between the two countries.

Mr. Edge, who sailed for the United States today to attend the Republican national convention at Chicago expressed his satisfaction with the new quota agreement before boarding the boat train. It will remain in force until a full commercial treaty governing all aspects of Franco-American trade has been signed. Negotiations for this treaty will be resumed following the Ambassador's return to Paris late in July.

Increases in quotas on specified American imports are provided for as follows: Radio sets, 20 per cent to a total of $64,000; radio tubes, 45 per cent to $54,000; tools, 45 per cent to $52,000. There will also be increases for patent leather products, electrical machinery, paper and lumber.

Although no official statement has been made to this effect, it is understood that American interests will be consulted whenever possible in future previous to fixing quota figures.

The agreement was signed by M. Tardieu at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the text communicated to the American Embassy. Mr. Edge immediately sent a letter of acknowledgment to M. Tardieu, completing the understanding.

Keeping Aviation Out of War

* * *

Menace to Civilian Populations Stressed; Control by International Union Proposed

* * *

By SISLEY HUDDLESTON

Special European Correspondence

The abolition of bombing planes—or in the alternative their surrender to the League of Nations or some other international organization—is one of the proposals before the Disarmament Conference, and it is rightly felt that it is one of the most important branches of the wider proposition for the suppression of all essentially offensive as distinct from defensive weapons.

But however valuable such an agreement would be, it would not in itself do away with the menace of aerial warfare. In the present discussions a good deal of stress is logically laid on the danger to the civilian population, in the event of war, of the rapid transformation of civil aviation into the most destructive type of military aviation.

This debate brings back to me the recollection of a short trial flight which I took just after the World War in one of the first large long-distance passenger airplanes. Regular services between capitals had not then been instituted. This machine was to inaugurate the Paris-Brussels line. I believe that, in fact, it was afterward used on the Paris-London line.

What is interesting, however, in my recollection is that I was informed that the machine had been built during the war as a military bomb-carrying airplane which would pay a surprise visit to Berlin. It was completed too late, but was ingeniously converted into a civilian passenger-carrying airplane.

* * *

Now obviously, if it was possible to convert, 13 years ago, a bomb-carrying airplane into a passenger-carrying airplane, it would be easily possible today to convert a passenger-carrying airplane into a bomb-carrying airplane. It is, to say the least, not inconceivable that countries should have airplanes so designed that the transformation could be effected without difficulty or delay.

Indeed, the fear is freely expressed in Europe that such a metamorphosis has been definitely contemplated by the engineers. As long

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SEABURY BRINGS OUT FRESH DATA ABOUT WALKER

Offers Evidence Mayor Owned Bonds of Contract Winning Firm

NEW YORK, June 1 (AP)—Judge Samuel Seabury at a hearing of the Hofstadter joint legislative committee today introduced testimony indicating Mayor James J. Walker had owned bonds of the Reliance Bronze & Steel Company, which received a $43,556.40 city contract. Judge Seabury declared that, in his opinion, this, if so, constituted grounds for the Mayor's removal from office.

"I say the Mayor of this city has no right to hold stock in a company that has a city contract," he said, "and I say it is grounds for removal, and has been so held and is so provided in Section 1533 of the city charter."

Judge Seabury said 10 bonds of the Reliance Bronze & Steel Company were included in $36,500 worth of securities that witnesses have testified the Mayor received from Mr. J. A. Sisto, while Mr. Sisto's company was interested in the promotion of a taxicab company.

Mayor Walker testified the securities represented his profits from a pool which he was invited to join about the time he first met Mr. Sisto at a banquet in Atlantic City in 1929. He denied the securities came from Mr. Sisto and he testified he vetoed a taxicab control bill that would have brought profits of $1,000,000 a year to the taxicab company in which Mr. Sisto's brokerage house was interested.

Company Describes Contract

Mr. Harry J. Rosenbloom, treasurer of the Reliance Bronze & Steel Company, testified that on Jan. 9, 1931, the company was awarded a city contract for 104 bronze traffic standards for use on Fifth Avenue. The original estimate for the stands, he said, was $41,558.40.

Mr. Rosenbloom testified the contract was signed Feb. 3, 1931, and in the end the city paid the company $43,556.40 because five additional standards were required by the police department.

Judge Seabury called to the attention of the committee Mayor Walker's testimony that some time after he received the $26,500 in securities—including, Judge Seabury said, the 10 Reliance bonds—he turned them over to Mrs. Walker.

He then introduced documentary evidence indicating that on Dec. 29, 1930, ten coupons of the Reliance bonds, valued at $30 each, were deposited in a bank account belonging to the Mayor and Mrs. Walker, and that subsequently 10 more Reliance coupons of the same value also were deposited.

Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier of the Democratic minority on the committee protested there was no

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HERRIOT AFFIRMS TARDIEU'S POLICY ON DISARMAMENT

Socialists to Back Premier Only as They Approve Cabinet's Program

By Cable from Monitor Bureau

PARIS, June 1—M. Edouard Herriot, who next week will be Prime Minister, indicated yesterday that there will be no important change in French policy regarding disarmament when he takes the helm of government. In rejecting Socialist conditions for collaboration in the Cabinet as "impossible," he spoke in terms which might have been used by his predecessor, M. André Tardieu.

M. Herriot definitely rejected the Socialist demand for reduction in military expenditures to the 1928 level within two years and intimated he did not intend to make any change in attitude adopted by France at the Geneva conference. Only casual reference was made to the Lausanne meeting and any definite statement on reparations was notable for its absence from his address.

The Socialist plan for nationalization of railways and insurance companies was described by M. Herriot as impossible of execution, and he asserted that their demand for restrictions on manufacture and trade in armaments and a 40-hour week could only re realized by international agreement.

The only two points on which M. Herriot was able to agree with the Socialists were in approving unemployment aid to men without work for more than six months and extension of free public education to the higher grades of schools.

It is now clear that the electoral partnership formed between the Radicals and Socialists, which enabled these parties to win a sweeping victory in last month's general election, cannot ripen into collaboration in government. Socialists will support the Herriot Cabinet as long as they approve its initiatives, but this support may be withdrawn at any time. M. Herriot's position is therefore precarious.

The Radical chieftain has been forced to do exactly what he declared he would not do again after his experience of 1924—that is to form a Radical government dependent on Socialist support, but without Socialist participation in responsibility.

The new Chamber of Deputies held its first session today.

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THINGS PRESENT

"Watching the World Go By" appears Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays on the Editorial Page. Today Mr. Abbot handles without gloves the political aspects of House opposition to President Hoover's proposals to revive business. Papers supporting Garner please copy.

Attention busy housewives: Among the easy-to-make accessories is an amusingly simple one-piece waistcoat, seamless, and requiring no pattern! Read about it today on the Fashions and Dressmaking page (which appears, by the way, each Wednesday).

One of the newest safety devices for the aviator is the "balometer," an appliance which provides a dummy horizon for the pilot flying in a fog. It is described in the Aviation Column. (Aviation enthusiasts might well watch for this department each Wednesday.)

AND THINGS TO COME

Stamp collectors are reminded that the Stamp Corner appears on the Young Folks' page the first Thursday of each month. It is conducted by Frank L. Wilson, associate editor of Stamp News. A hint about tomorrow to philatelists should be sufficient.

Articles in the "Scouting the World Around" series appear on Thursdays, and for the reader's convenience, the following schedule is offered: First Thursday of the month, European Girl Guides; second Thursday, American Boy Scouts; third Thursday, European Boy Scouts; fourth Thursday, American Girl Scouts.

VOTE—Getting Ready for November

Crisp November days—with their serious autumnal business of voting—command little attention in the summer rush for the out-of-doors. Days slip into weeks, weeks into months. Frost again silvers fence rails—and voting booths. With a rush, voters realize a President must be elected, state officers chosen, and important questions decided at the polls.

Sometimes the awakening to election day comes after the close of registration. In some states only a short time remains for adding names to voting lists. For the information of its readers, The Christian Science Monitor starts today a series of concise articles on registration dates in specific states, whether absentee voting is permitted, and other indispensable data.

These articles, 65 in all, will run each Monday, Wednesday and Friday the Monitor is published, up to Nov. 2. They will cover the nation, and give sidelights on local elections in such sections as the Philippine Islands, Alaska and Hawaii. Each article will deal with one or more states. The material will be divided for presentation under the following headings:

VOTE—Have You Registered?
VOTE—Balloting by Mail.
VOTE—Offices to Be Filled.
VOTE—Issues Before Electorate.
VOTE—How Many Women Do.
VOTE—Candidates on Prohibition.

A final summary article will be entitled: VOTE—On to the Polls.

On all these topics, the aim will be to present the most detailed and practical information available.

Increase Found In Small Farms Near Big Cities

Agricultural Economist Says Census Shows Notable Development

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

LOS ANGELES — Apartment dwellers in America's large cities are looking with longing eyes toward the green fields and country homes from which they or their parents may have come not so many years ago, says Dr. Oliver E. Baker, senior agricultural economist and specialist in land economics with the United States Department of Agriculture.

One of the most significant trends in this direction is the increase of small farms near large cities, Dr. Baker observed in an interview here. "Prior to the recent depression, the census returns showed a notable development of this sort," he said, "especially along roads where the improved transportation facilities permitted urban workers to live under rural conditions where they could have an acre or two of land, plant a garden, keep chickens and possibly a cow, thus reducing the cost of living and unemployment.

"Particularly in New England, New York, Michigan and North Carolina there is a notable increase in the number of farms under three acres, and even in the United States as a whole these small farms increased about 33 per cent during the decade between 1920 and 1930. Farms of 10 to 20 acres increased 16 per cent; the number of farms of medium size decreased.

"It seems very likely that this trend toward small farms, largely operated by people engaged in other occupations, will be accelerated by the unemployment situation. In fact, thousands and thousands of unemployed from the cities have gone to relatives and friends on the farms. And, doubtless, many of these will remain.

"It is probable, looking beyond the depression, that part-time farming will prove more permanent than full-time farming by these people, most of whom lack capital and some of whom lack farm experience. With the return of prosperity, it may be expected that employment will be offered again in the cities; but the experience of the past two years will undoubtedly result in many of these people remaining on the parcels of land which they have acquired, spending an hour or two in the morning or in the evening cultivating it, as a means of greater security against possible future adversity."

Prices to Farmer Said to Be Doubled

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

STORRS, Conn.—To obtain the supplies for their families which they procured with one load of produce in the period from 1910 to 1914, Connecticut farmers now have to drive two loads to market, according to Mr. Allen W. Manchester, acting director of extension work at the Connecticut Agricultural College.

The average price of farm products has declined nearly 60 per cent in the last 32 months, he stated, while the prices of the products farmers purchase have decreased somewhat, but not the extent of the drop in the farm price of agricultural goods.

The general level of wholesale prices has dropped about a third since 1929, and more than a half since 1920, and the prices of industrial stocks have fallen more than 80 per cent in less than three years, according to Mr. Manchester.

ARMY BALLOON WINS THE NATIONAL RACE

OMAHA, Neb., June 1 (AP)—Officials of the Omaha Air Race Association received a telegram today from Lieut. Wilfred J. Paul, pilot of the No. 2 army balloon in the national balloon race, notifying them the bag had landed at 1 a. m. today, 13 miles north of Hatton, Sask., Canada, to win the race and the Litchfield Trophy.

NAVAL EXPERTS ADD SIX YEARS TO BATTLESHIPS

Action at Geneva Settles Issue Discussed at London Conference

By Cable from Monitor Bureau

GENEVA, June 1—Six more years were yesterday added to the lives of battleships, and hence the possibility of replacing old ships with new ones was averted for that period by a decision of the Disarmament Conference's naval committee.

Taking a step which was considered but never settled at the London Conference, the naval experts voted that the battleship's age limit be placed at 26 instead of 20 years where it was fixed by the Washington Treaty. Without this proviso nations would be allowed to build new craft a full quarter of their time sooner.

The United States has one ship, the Arkansas, coming to 20 years in 1932, and two, the New York and Texas, in 1934. The Japanese dreadnaught Kongo grows up in 1933, and British ships in 1935. Six more years are thereby added to the careers of these craft if today's unanimous recommendation of naval experts enters the treaty, as there is no doubt it will do. The practical effects of this extension will become more apparent after 1936, and the expiration of present treaties. It is the aim of those who wish battleships to disappear to add more and more years to their age until they sink of desuetude.

In the air committee disagreement continues to reign over the exact definition of offensive aircraft. The American delegation today insisted that the useful load and capacity of reaching an objective are the chief criteria, but opposed applying mathematical restrictions to the United States where the long distance to traverse makes rules different from Europe. The committee decided to draft a preliminary report for the general commission while the subcommittees continue to wrestle with vital aircraft questions.

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VACATION GUIDE ISSUED BY COUNCIL

Ways to solve the annual vacation problem of "where to go" are pointed out in a new pamphlet entitled "Your New England Vacation—Where to Go and What It Will Cost," just published by the New England Council.

The booklet is designed to render genuine help to the would-be vacationist. It contains information and costs on vacations in the hills and mountains, lakes and rivers, seashore and countryside areas of New England. A directory of all the recreational literature and sources of recreational information in New England also is included in the booklet. Copies are obtainable free upon request to Mr. R. E. Huse, editor, New England Council, Boston.

FEDERAL BANK STOCK ASSESSED

Stockholders of the closed Federal National Bank of Boston have been notified of an assessment of 100 per cent on the par value of their holdings, the assessment being payable June 16, it is announced by Mr. Herbert Pearson, receiver.

The comptroller of the currency, Mr. Pearson says, will grant an extension to shareholders who pay 25 per cent of their assessment on or before June 16, if they give a written obligation to pay the remaining amount in three installments, July 16, Aug. 16 and Sept. 16. The capital of the bank is $2,005,585, represented by shares with a par value of $20.

Tonight at the Pops

March, "Queen of Sheba" ..... Gounod
"Danse Macabre," Symphonic Poem ..... Saint-Saëns
Suite from "Carmen" ..... Bizet
Piano Concerto No. 1, in F sharp minor, First Movement. Rachmaninoff
Soloist: Lucille Monaghan
"California," Tone Poem ..... Converse
Overture to "Oberon" ..... Weber
"Masquerade" (An American Rhapsody) ..... McKinley
"By the Beautiful Blue Danube," Waltz ..... Strauss
"Ride of the Valkyries" ..... Wagner

NEW CHARTS ISSUED BY GEODETIC SURVEY

Results of the completed portion of the federal survey on the northern edge of Georges Bank and revised soundings south of Portland, Maine, are shown in a new edition of a chart for off-shore navigation between the Bay of Fundy and Cape Cod, just received at the Boston office of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey. Mr. K. T. Adams, officer in charge, said that the chart, No. 1106, was drawn to scale about five miles to the inch.

Of interest to yachtsmen and mariners, he said, is the issue of a new edition of Chart 1202, Frenchman and Blue Hill Bays, Maine, which was necessitated by the accumulation of changes since the previous edition in 1918. This chart is one of the general coastal series scale about one mile to the inch, said Mr. Adams.

YOUTH RECORDED AGAINST REPEAL

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ROCKVILLE, Conn.—Of 97 young men and young women who answered a questionnaire at the county conference for older boys and girls, held recently under auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, 85 stated that they would not vote for repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment, it has been revealed.

Forty-eight of the number said they knew young people who drank, while 49 knew none who took liquor. Thirty stated there was drinking at dances they attended, while 67 said there was none.

GEAGAN'S BRAVERY WINS TWO MEDALS

Mr. James J. Geagan's bravery in rescuing a professional diver from a 30-foot channel after his air supply had been cut off has won for him one of the two national Vail medals awarded this year. Mr. Richard G. Olson, porter for the New York Telephone Company at Buffalo, received the other medal for attacking and subduing an armed robber during a holdup.

The names of the winners of the Vail medals were announced today. These awards including honorariums of $250 are granted annually in memory of the former president of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company. Mr. Geagan, a conduit worker for the New England Telephone & Telegraph Company, previously had received the bronze Vail medal from his own company for his act on July 30, 1931, and had received recognition from other agencies.

BELGIUM NAMES CONSUL AT BOSTON

Belgium has appointed Mr. George H. Toole, Boston shipping man, to be its consul at Boston. Offices were opened today at 156 State Street.

More than 20 steamers a year come to Boston with cargo from Belgium, bringing about 40,000 tons of freight annually. Mr. Toole also has charge of the consular interests of Luxembourg. Legalization of certain documents, certification of origin of some merchandise, visé of passports and protection of Belgians in this country are among the duties Mr. Toole assumes.

EVENTS TONIGHT

Y. M. C. A. (Huntington Avenue Division): Splash party followed by dance, track team members, 9.

Theaters

Fine Arts—"Soil Is Thirsty," Russian film. Continuous from 1 to 11.

EVENTS TOMORROW

Daughters of the American Constitution: Afternoon meeting and reception, musical and speaking program, 46 Beacon Street, 3.

"Thought Quality in the Voice," lecture by Miss Emma Dunn, Hotel Hemenway, Westland Avenue and Hemenway Street, 8.

Children's Museum of Boston: Lecture, "Bird Songs," 11; Olmstead Park, Jamaica Plain. Open daily 9 to 5, Sundays 1:30 to 5.

Quota Club: Final luncheon meeting of season, Miss Claire Crawford of WNAC, speaker, Parkins Hall, 264 Boylston Street, 12:30.

Boston Museum of Fine Arts: Tapestries, Mrs. Hayward, 11.

Exhibitions

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Admission free. Open weekdays except Mondays, from 9 to 5. Sundays 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galeries every day except Monday at 11 o'clock. Exhibitions: Exposition of Indian tribal arts; woodcuts of the Far East; silver by John Coney; British etchings, 1850-1880; engravings by Jean Duvet; Daumier lithographs.

Vose Galleries, 559 Boylston Street—Portraits in oil, by Margaret Fitzhugh Browne. Through June 4.

Guild of Boston Artists, 162 Newbury Street—Annual spring exhibition of paintings, miniatures, etchings and sculpture by members of the Guild. Through June 18.

Copley Society House, 258 Commonwealth Avenue—Paintings by Mary L. Burton and Dorothy Hancock. Through June 4.

Doll Richards, 152 Newbury Street—Miniature portraits in wax by Ethel Frances Mundy. (No closing date assigned.)

Boston Art Club, Copley Square and Dartmouth and Newbury Streets—Pueblo Indian Paintings by We Penn, and other Indian art in sculpture and weaving. Through June 4.

Scherwee Studio, 565 Boylston Street—General print show.

For other exhibitions, see Monday's Monitor.

SEABURY BRINGS OUT FRESH DATA ABOUT WALKER

(Continued from Page 1)

proof the bond coupons were cashed by the Mayor.

"The record shows," replied Judge Seabury, "that coupons, up to the date I have mentioned, were deposited by the Mayor in his personal account. He says he turned those bonds over to Mrs. Walker, where they now are."

Mr. Rosenbloom testified the bonds were convertible into stock at $25 a share any time between April 1, 1929, and April 1, 1934, unless before that time there should be a call for redemption.

"Your honors will remember the testimony to the effect that these bonds, which are convertible into stock, were subsequently turned over by Mayor Walker to Mrs. Walker," Judge Seabury repeated.

He then read into the record Section 1883 of the City Charter, which states any city official who is a stockholder in or is directly or indirectly interested in any corporation having a contract with the City of New York can upon conviction be forced to forfeit his office and be punished for misdemeanor.

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, June 1—New evidence to show that a definite connection existed between the financial affairs of Mayor James J. Walker and the $1,000,000 bank accounts of the $3500-a-year missing law clerk, Mr. Russell T. Sherwood, who the Mayor has denied was his business agent, and further contradictions of the Mayor's sworn testimony before the Hofstadter Joint Legislative Committee, stand written today in the records of the inquiry into the Walker Mayoralty.

Judge Samuel Seabury, inquiry counsel, expects to conclude the testimony about Mayor Walker this week, when the legislative committee will adjourn until after the Democratic National Convention late this month.

The committee counsel, it is believed, expects to base his charges against the Mayor to Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt on the list of financial transactions in which Mayor Walker and Mr. Sherwood participated. It will then be left to the Governor's decision whether the Mayor's explanations of transactions in which he admitted participation are sufficient and whether the testimony of the Mayor has been weakened by other testimony at variance with his.

Mr. James T. Ellis, accountant for the investigatory body, returned to the stand yesterday to analyze further for the committee Mr. Sherwood's bank and brokerage accounts. He testified that of the $961,225 the law clerk deposited between 1926, the year Mayor Walker took office, and his flight from the committee's jurisdiction last August, securities worth $41,868 were withdrawn and delivered to the "unnamed person" who figured prominently in the questioning of the Mayor last week.

In addition, he showed that Mr. Sherwood, who, the Mayor admitted, was financial handy man for Mrs. Walker and for Mrs. Nan Walker Burke, sister of the Mayor, paid for a $18,500 letter of credit for this unnamed person in 1931. A $7500 payment from Mr. Sherwood's account to this individual on the Mayor's personal authority was established by Judge Seabury last week through direct testimony of the Mayor. This person, the committee counsel feels, thoroughly identified the Mayor's interest in the Sherwood fortune.

Candy Makers Beat Slump by Initiative

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 1 (AP)—The secret of keeping business up to normal levels in the midst of a business recession, for confectioners at least, has been told at the sixteenth annual convention of the Associated Retail Confectioners of the United States, which entered its second day here today.

Leading candy retailers from all parts of the country supported Mrs. Ora H. Snyder of Chicago, president of the association, in her assertion that the confectionery business had reported few failures. They told how they had succeeded by making a product which would sell for a cheaper price.

Mr. George C. Cobb of Worcester, Mass., said: "Spend 3 per cent of your gross on newspaper advertising. It will all come back to you." Mr. Al. Herz of St. Louis said: "Keep up wages, open more shops and offer good candy, not fancy stuff, at lower prices." The advice of Ernest Wilson of San Francisco was: "Give the public the benefit of the reduced prices of raw materials. The public is very price-conscious now."

WEATHER

U. S. Weather Bureau Report

Boston and Vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday, probably with showers Thursday; not much change in temperature.

Massachusetts: Cloudy, followed by showers in north portions tonight and Thursday; not much change in temperature.

Maine: Partly cloudy tonight; slightly cooler on the south coast.

Vermont, New Hampshire and Connecticut: Cloudy, followed by showers late tonight and Thursday; not much change in temperature.

Rhode Island: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday; not much change in temperature.

Atlantic coast, Eastport to Sandy Hook: Fresh west winds over south portions, moderate west to northwest winds over north portions, weather partly overcast tonight and Thursday, followed by showers over north portions on Thursday.

Official Temperatures

	A	B		A	B
Atlantic City	64	66	Montreal	62	66
Bismarck	48	62	Nantucket	62	62
Boston	64	76	New Orleans	74	86
Buffalo	66	66	New York	64	70
Calgary	48	60	Norfolk, Va.	64	78
Charleston	72	78	North Plate	62	84
Chicago	64	72	Philadelphia	64	76
Cincinnati	70	80	Phoenix, Ariz.	64	92
Denver	52	78	Pittsburgh	64	78
Eastport, Me.	56	56	Portland, Me.	62	68
Hatteras	72	72	Raleigh	68	78
Honolulu, T.H.		78	St. Louis	66	82
Tp.m. May 31	72		St. Paul	64	74
Helena, Mont.	50	64	Salt Lake City	48	66
Huron, S. D.	60	72	San Francisco	54	64
Jacksonville	74	80	SantaFe, N.M.	42	72
Kansas City	64	78	Seattle	52	66
Key West	80	84	Tampa	74	88
Los Angeles	58	62	Washington	64	78
Memphis	72	86	Wichita, Kan.	62	90
Miami, Fla.	74	80	Williston, N.D.	54	62

A—9 a. m. eastern daylight saving time June 1.
B—Maximum May 31.

High Tides at Boston

(Eastern Daylight Saving Time)
Wednesday 10:18 p. m., Thursday 10:48 a. m.
Height of tides 9.2 feet, 9.1 feet.

Light all vehicles at 8:43 p. m.

WAREHOUSE IMPORTS GROW

Imports at Boston for warehouse during the week ending May 28 were valued at $136,242, or nearly three times the value of such imports the preceding week, when the figures were $51,276, it was announced today by Mr. W. W. Lufkin, collector of customs. Imports for immediate consumption, the bulk of which were free of duty, were valued at $1,003,275.

Black Diamond Ships Modernized

Modernization at a cost of $1,000,000 of the fleet of six freighters of the Black Diamond Steamship Corporation, operating between New York, Boston and Antwerp and Rotterdam, is progressing rapidly. Passenger accommodations are being added and speed increased.

Mr. F. E. Huck, vice-president, and Mr. J. E. Dockendorff Jr., son of the president, in Boston to confer with local agents, Peabody & Lane, explained the changes in schedule of their sailings.

Three of the vessels, the Sac City, Saco and Tomalva, are now at the yards of the Federal Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, Kearny, N. J., undergoing transformation. The City of Alton, Coahoma County, and Sacandaga are to be withdrawn from service and sent to the yards as soon as possible. All vessels are to be renamed and the running time from Boston to Antwerp cut down three days.

The first three ships to be returned to service will be called the Black Eagle, Black Hawk and Black Gull. All are to have the stern and rudder almost entirely redesigned, and the hull lengthened at the after end to obtain the greatest load-waterline length that is possible without increasing the over-all length of the ship. Speed is to be increased from 10 knots to 14 knots.

CONFECTIONERS ELECT

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 1 (AP)—Mr. A. E. Sander of Lancaster, Pa., was elected president, and Mr. J. M. Gleason of Boston, and Mr. Andrew B. Ziegler of Milwaukee, vice-presidents of the Confectioners' Association of the United States, as the organization closed its convention Thursday.

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Liberal allowance on your old machine

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Capital - - - - $1,500,000
Surplus - - - $3,000,000

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Hemstitching

Special Rates 7c A Yard

DONE WHILE YOU WAIT

PLEATING One Day Service

Buttons Covered to Order
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MAIL ORDERS

ELITE We Supply Silk
Hemstitching & Pleating Co.
89 TEMPLE PLACE 10TH FLOOR
BOSTON

Martha Weathered Shop

The Drake Hotel

● We wish it were possible for every woman interested in fine apparel to visit our Shops and to become acquainted with the kind of merchandise we carry. Otherwise it is impossible for anyone to visualize this collection of unusual pieces. The loveliest Gowns, Sportswear and Millinery imaginable are always available. Its the type of merchandise that is irresistible. So much so, in fact, that for years we have been obliged to advise against overbuying. ● Large sizes are carried in our Shop in the Drake Hotel. The small sizes are carried in the Misses Shop. ● No one in our organization ever suggests a purchase. The merchandise itself does that, and visitors invariably return.

Weathered Misses Shop

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CHICAGO

Corner Oak Street — Directly Opposite The Drake

JORDAN MARSH COMPANY
BOSTON

No-Moth Makes Rarities of Moths!

Don't Delay!

No-Moth

Hang No-Moth in your closet and you need never worry about moth-eaten garments. It makes moths extinct. No-Moth thoroughly cedarizes your closet — safeguards it for twelve months.

COMPLETE FOR

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Refills $1.50

Mail or phone orders filled HUBbard 2700

THIRD FLOOR—ANNEX

Special Announcement

BARNEY STAPERT
Former World's Amateur Champion
TYPIST

will be in our store giving S-P-E-E-D demonstrations THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, June 2, 3, 4, from 11:30 to 1:30 and 3:00 to 4:30.

See the new Underwood Noiseless Portable Demonstration.

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WHY NOT MOTHPROOF your Rugs, Blankets, Furs, Furniture and Drapes

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BOSTON	608 Beacon Street	Ken. 3838
WINCHESTER	17 Church Street	Win. 0528
LEXINGTON	1711 Mass. Avenue	Lex. 0441
CONCORD	Main Street	Con. 0784-W
AYER	408 Main Street	Ayer 63

JORDAN MARSH COMPANY
BOSTON

Frigidaire is surplus-powered to provide complete refrigeration even on hottest summer days!

Many years from now your Frigidaire will still give you the same highly efficient service!

FRIGIDAIRE

$147.50 to $602.50 delivered and installed

Frigidaire is an electrical refrigerator that will give you fully dependable service today, next summer—and for many summers hence. Made by the world's largest manufacturers of electrical refrigerators and backed by General Motors! ¶ If you cannot come in, phone HANcock 9000 and a representative will call at your home.

Use our Meter-Ice plan, pay only 25c a day!

Have you seen FREEZER-TRAY, the electrical ice cream freezer that fits any electrical refrigerator? One-quart size, $15.

THIRD FLOOR—ANNEX

Radio

484 Boylston Street, BOSTON

Cool Sports Frocks

for warm days in town

Choose a JACKET FROCK at 12.50 or more

A wide variety of Printed Sheers and Crepes are arriving every day . . .

Light Afternoon, Daytime and Dinner Dresses

Hats Suits DRESSES Coats Sportswear

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by Miss EMMA DUNN

ON

THOUGHT QUALITY IN THE VOICE

How to Obtain and Retain a Well-Modulated Speaking Voice

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Westland Ave. and Hemenway St.
BOSTON

Thursday Evening, June 2, 1932
At Eight O'Clock

ADMISSION, $1.00

Tickets on Sale at Waters, Inc., 138 Massachusetts Avenue and at Hotel Hemenway.

NOTE—Miss Dunn's Lecture is based on seven articles written for and published in The Christian Science Monitor.

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For MEN and WOMEN

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We Must Move This Merchandise

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Drastic Reductions in All Merchandise

Hats—Gowns

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Shop closed July 1—August 22

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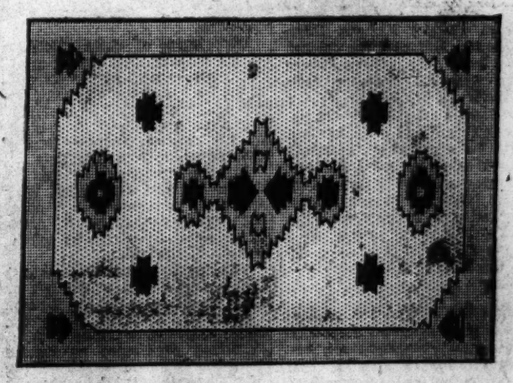

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Spring-like freshness in their exhilarating colors! In their stimulating designs! For sunrooms, studios, boys' rooms, and, of course, summer homes.

9 x 12 ft.		8 x 10 ft.	
New low price	31.50	New low price	23.50

4x5	6.00	2.3x9	6.00	6x9	15.50
3x6	5.25	3x9	8.00	5x8	11.50
2.6x5	3.65	2.3x12	8.00	6x12	21.00
2x4	2.40	4x7	8.00	9x15	40.00

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646 Washington St., *Opp. Boylston*, BOSTON

CHICAGO SCHOOL STUDY STRESSES TAXING REFORMS

Board Headed by Strayer Charts Course to Keep Educational Goals

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 1—Faced with the alternatives of offering their children restricted educational opportunities or revising their antiquated tax systems, 25 states have taken steps since 1930 toward modernizing their tax machinery. Illinois, in company with other states, must make a similar choice, and Chicago should throw its influence in the direction of adding Illinois to these states.

This was the conclusion of Dr. George D. Strayer of Columbia University, who with a staff of 99 experts, has completed an 11-volume survey of this city's school system. Dr. Strayer presented the 2000-page report to the Board of Education today.

While the study goes into every phase of school work here, from janitors' tools to the curriculum, and makes recommendations for economies and improvement, it places particular emphasis on the financial aspect of the system because of the fact that schools here are running without a regular income and teachers have been only partially paid for more than a year.

"The fiscal difficulties of Chicago," the survey staff finds, "are as much the outcome of an obsolescence of its taxation system as any fundamental lack of tax paying ability, although the effect of the current depression on the latter is clearly recognized."

As an immediate measure, Dr. Strayer recommended reducing school expenditures along lines advised in his report, chiefly in business administration and building, by a sum of $15,600,000, or 19 per cent of the 1932 budget. If more reduction is found necessary, he counseled closing schools.

Cutting teachers' salaries he and his associates did not find advisable. Teachers here are not overpaid in comparison with other large cities, he declared. As to instructional salaries in general, he laid down some fundamentals.

Recognition in the salary schedule for the small group of really exceptional teachers, "rarely more than 5 or 10 per cent," was declared a need by Dr. Strayer.

Cutting Wages Of Teachers In New York Decried

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, June 1—The inconsistency in cutting the wages of school and college teachers on New York City pay rolls before steps have been taken to curtail "tens of millions wasted and otherwise misspent yearly" in city departments is strongly protested by Mr. William H. Allen, director of the Institute of Public Service, in a circular issued to citizens today. Those in favor of teacher wage-cuts, Mr. Allen states, are citing the example of Pittsburgh teachers who accepted a 10 per cent reduction voluntarily to stave off reductions in personnel.

Mr. Allen holds that any debate on the subject should give equal consideration to the city's large-scale budget and assessments. He quotes the State Tax Commission's estimate that "favored owners are given $50,000,000 to $100,000,000 a year in taxes by underassessments" and declares that the city "compromised condemnation suits last year by allowing 190 and 260 times the assessed valuations."

Departmental extravagance, he asserts, includes "graft prices for school repairs, monopoly prices for city equipment, needless printing and supplies, useless bureaus, a $7,500 commissioner who works all day in private shipping, stenographers at $5000, $6500 and $7500," and salaries of city heads, including Mayor James J. Walker's annual $40,000, which were increased in the face of demands for economies.

NOVA SCOTIA MINERS SIGN WAGE CONTRACT

GLACE BAY, N. S., June 1 (AP)—The seal of settlement was placed on seven months of uncertainty yesterday when officers of the Dominion Steel & Coal Corporation and of United Mine Workers, District 26, met and signed a new wage contract.

The agreement, effective from May 31 this year to Jan. 31 of next year, embodies major recommendations of the Duncan Commission—reduction of wages for datal workers by 10 per cent, contract workers by 12½ per cent, and appointment of an independent umpire to settle disputes between the union and the corporation.

POLISH MINE OWNERS POSTPONE WAGES

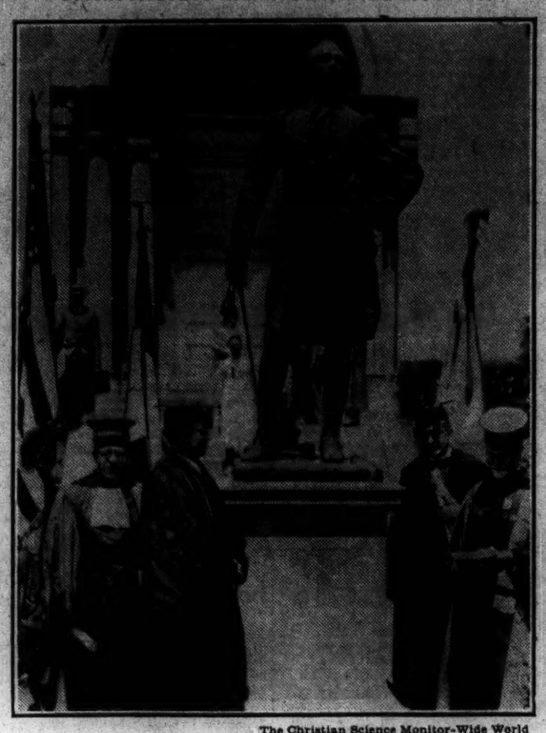
KATOWICE, Poland, June 1 (AP)—Directors of the Koenigs-Huette mines announced today they could not meet the May pay roll because of a lack of ready cash.

The Bismarck mine paid only 30 per cent of the April wages. The management stated they had on hand about $1,500,000 in Soviet Russian bills of exchange on which they have not been able to realize.

JUNE MATURITIES

NEW YORK, June 1—Corporate maturities in June aggregate $97,240,090, compared with $58,512,630 in May and $60,871,940 in June, 1931. In addition foreign government loans amounting to $6,776,000 mature.

Institution and Man Honored



The Christian Science Monitor-Wide World

LAFAYETTE COLLEGE TURNS CENTURY

Statue of Great French General, Who Did so Much to Bring Success to American Arms in Revolution, Looks Calmly On

France sent one of its savants, Dr. Charles Cestre of the University of Paris, to attend in Easton, Penna., the centennial ceremonies of Lafayette College. He is here reading his opening speech at the foot of the Lafayette statue on the college grounds.

YEAR-AROUND GOOD WILL IS CALLED NEED

Georgia Students Hear Plea for Peaceful Attitude Toward All

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ATLANTA, Ga. — Youths from various colleges and schools joined here recently in a Good Will Day program, sponsored by the Christian Council of the Young Women's Christian Association, to plead that there be a year-around observance of "peace on earth and good will toward man."

Dr. Willis A. Sutton, former president of the National Education Association, and now superintendent of the Atlanta Public Schools, emphasized the right way to learn to think of peoples of other nations. Hatred, intolerance, indifference, Dr. Sutton named as erroneous attitudes toward other peoples.

"There must be a finer attitude of spirit within us," he said. "We are approaching the right spirit when we begin to think of others with understanding.

"If we can understand the people of Japan, of China, of India, of Africa or of Europe, then we shall have greater good will toward them.

"But we want something more than simple understanding — we want sympathetic understanding. And what I mean by sympathetic understanding is this—that we not only understand other people of other nations, but that we understand the motive that controls them, and we are in sympathy with their attitude. And then if we are wise and true and good, we shall rise to a higher level still. Our attitude toward all the nations of the world should be that of a neighbor, of one whom we love, of one whom we desire to help.

"First of all we must have good will in the family. We must learn to love our mothers, our fathers, our sisters and our brothers, and live in peace with them. In the second place, we must have good will toward the people who live on our street, and live in our community. We must be charitable in our thinking about them.

"In the third place we must have good will toward all the nations that have gathered in this, our American land, so that we shall not think in terms of people who were born and reared in other lands as alien or foreign people. I would advise you to forget that there is such a word in the dictionary as 'foreigner.' In reality there are no foreigners."

PRESIDENT TO SIGN BILLS AT LEISURE

WASHINGTON, June 1 (AP)—That touch of the picturesque which is furnished at the close of each Congress by the President's last minute dash to the Capitol to sign bills, may now disappear forever.

The Supreme Court yesterday held the President may sign any measures within 10 days of their passage, and there is no necessity for him to rush action just because Congress is ending. It is custom that the President be asked if he wishes anything further done before the last bang of the gavel is delivered, but this query can be put to him just as well at the White House.

Easier Amending Of Constitution Sought by Gibson

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 1—A proposal to change the Constitution of the United States to make amendment easier is pending before the House in a measure introduced by Representative Ernest W. Gibson (R.) of Vermont.

At present, Mr. Gibson says, there are only two ways of amendment provided.

The method now proposed by Mr. Gibson, would permit a direct vote by the people on any pending constitutional amendment. It would permit the type of direct "referendum" on a big issue which had been discussed in connection with the prohibition issue, but which is not possible under the terms of the Constitution.

"I believe the people should have the right to vote direct on any fundamental changes in the Constitution," Mr. Gibson said. "In my state the constitutional conventions system was discarded as obsolete in 1870 and since that time amendments to the State Constitution have been ratified by direct vote. If the people can be trusted to vote direct on amendments to the State Constitution, they can be trusted to vote on changes to the Constitution of their country."

CANADIANS LINK EMPIRE TARIFFS AND MONEY UNIT

Alberta Farmers Advise Lowering of Dollar to Level of Pound

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

OTTAWA, June 1 — While Canada's "platform" at the forthcoming Imperial Economic Conference is not being divulged for obvious reasons, signs are accumulating that would indicate that monetary reform may play a part second only in importance to preferential tariffs. To the report of the last International Labor Conference at Geneva there was appended the following footnote:

"There is one scheme of very wide scope which might be adopted before long. The British Empire Economic Conference, which is to meet at Ottawa shortly, will probably discuss the proposal made at the last Imperial Conference by the General Council of the Trades Union Congress and the Federation of British Industries. The proposal is to create an economic secretariat for the British Empire which would include representatives of the governments of Great Britain, the Dominions and India as well as of employers and workers in industry, commerce, agriculture, shipping, etc."

The first duty of such a secretariat, presumably, would be to devise a single monetary system throughout the Empire and thus remove one of the greatest obstacles to free interchange of goods as between the Dominions.

During the last session of Parliament the United Farmers of Alberta urged the Government to abandon its technical adherence to the gold standard and allow the Canadian dollar to drop to the relative level of the pound sterling.

Their spokesman pointed out that with the paper pound worth only $4.10 in Canadian currency the Canadian exporter is gravely handicapped in the British market against his greatest agricultural competitors, Denmark, New Zealand, Argentina and Australia.

Danish currency being on a par with the British pound, the Danish farmer realizes in his own currency as much as the commodity brought in British currency in Liverpool, less only the handling charges. The other countries have an even greater advantage, for the pound brings about $6.00, and "the Canadian farmer has not a chance."

"Parity with the pound" should be the slogan of Canadian agriculturists, say the farmer members, and they demand that the matter be discussed before the Imperial Conference.

Tokyo Awaiting Report of Lytton

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

TOKYO, June 1—The press is showing considerable interest in the preparation of the final report of the League's Commission to China, under the leadership of the Earl of Lytton, following the completion of its tour of Manchuria.

There is some question as to whether the commission will recommend some form of international mandate over Manchuria.

Japanese opinion is solidly opposed to any such effort.

BRITISH PREMIER AND BUSINESS URGE PRICE RISE

Higher Values Placed at Root of Restoration in Trade Prosperity

Special from Monitor Bureau

LONDON — Statements made independently on April 29 by Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, Premier of Great Britain, and the Federation of British Industries indicate a common aim on the part of the Prime Minister and the United Kingdom's chief organization of manufacturers in the direction of raising commodity prices.

Mr. MacDonald's statement appeared in the fortnightly News Letter issued on behalf of the National Labor Group.

"Do not let us," he said, "mislead the working-class housekeeper that trade prosperity can return without some slight rise in price. Prices should correspond to costs of production and allow a good standard of wages to be paid."

The Federation of British Industries goes into greater detail. It says the primary objective of Britain's monetary policy should be as follows: To raise the level of sterling prices to a figure at which production can be carried on with reasonable profit; promotion thereafter of stability in the price structure and balanced production without the sterling area; conscious direction of the flow of savings into new investments calculated to secure the maximum of advantage for industry.

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Below are two popular warm weather shoes. If your dealer does not carry True Steps, write for the True Step booklet and we will send you the name of the dealer near you.

H. G. Robinson
President.

ROBINSON-BYNON SHOE COMPANY
Auburn, New York

TRUE STEP

Shoes for Women $5

THE SHARON

A smart Prince of Wales Tie which comes in Pearl Sweager Brown Elk and White Elk with contrasting trim and rubber soles. Only $5.

THE PERT

A freshly styled model of Sweager Brown and Black Calf with a leather heel, $5.

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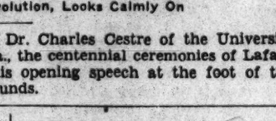

HENRY FORD ON SELF-HELP

MY VIEWS of how people can best be helped are not new. The present period has only brought them into intensive application. Nearly twenty years ago when we established our minimum wage, which is now six dollars a day, we had the other side of the problem. It was then a problem of sudden prosperity. We tried to teach our employes how to handle their resources to the best advantage and how to evade the parasites which wait on every hand for the workers' wages. There was no criticism of our methods then; in fact, they were commended. They are the same methods now with such improvements as experience has suggested.

I said, in the first of this series, that being out of some one's employ need not mean being out of work. In the last analysis independence means self-dependence. Dependence on some one else for employment in busy times may too easily become dependence on some one else for support in slack times.

If it is right and proper to help people to become wise managers of their own affairs in good times, it cannot be wrong to pursue the same object in dull times. Independence through self-dependence is a method which must commend itself when understood.

Methods of self-help are numerous and great numbers of people have made the stimulating discovery that they need not depend on employers to find work for them—they can find work for themselves. I have more definitely in mind those who have not yet made that discovery, and I should like to express certain convictions I have tested.

The land! That is where our roots are. There is the basis of our physical life. The farther we get away from the land, the greater our insecurity. From the land comes everything that supports life, everything we use for the service of physical life. The land has not collapsed or shrunk in either extent or productivity. It is there waiting to honor all the labor we are willing to invest in it, and able to tide us across any dislocation of economic conditions.

No unemployment insurance can be compared to an alliance between a man and a plot of land. With one foot in industry and another foot in the land, human society is firmly balanced against most economic uncertainties. With a job to supply him with cash, and a plot of land to guarantee him support, the individual is doubly secure. Stocks may fail, but seedtime and harvest do not fail.

I am not speaking of stop-gaps or temporary expedients. Let every man and every family at this season of the year cultivate a plot of land and raise a sufficient supply for themselves or others. Every city and village has vacant space whose use would be permitted. Groups of employed men could rent farms for small sums and operate them on the co-operative plan. Employed men, in groups of ten, twenty or fifty, could rent farms and operate them with several unemployed families. Or, they could engage a farmer with his farm to be their farmer this year, either as employe or on shares. There are farmers who would be glad to give a decent indigent family a corner of a field on which to live and provide against next winter. Industrial concerns everywhere would gladly make it possible for their men, employed and unemployed, to find and work the land. Public-spirited citizens and institutions would most willingly assist in these efforts at self-help.

MANY people have found ways to self-help. Others have yet to learn how. The one wide-open, practical, certain unemployment insurance is the land. A family with its food assured is a family that can face the world. Both employed and unemployed men should invest their labor in the land this season. Hoarded labor is as harmful to the nation as hoarded cash. The family garden helps everybody and hurts none. It even helps the farmer by lifting the burden of public welfare taxes. Let every man and every family cultivate a plot of land this year, first for their own benefit, next for the benefit of trade, and for the benefit of the nation in general.

I do not urge this solely or primarily on the ground of need. It is a definite step to the restoration of normal business activity. Families who adopt self-help have that amount of free money to use in the channels of trade. That in turn means a flow of goods, an increase in employment, a general benefit.

When I suggested this last year and enabled our own people to make the experiment, the critics said that it would mean competition with the farmer. If that were true it would constitute a serious defect in the plan. My interest in the success and prosperity of the farmer is attested by my whole business career.

The farmer is carrying in the form of heavy taxes the burden of families who cannot afford to buy his produce. Enabling them to raise their own food would not be taking a customer away from the farmer, but would be actually lifting a family off the tax-payer's back. It is argued that farm products are so cheap that it is better to buy than grow them. This would be impressive if every one had money to spend. Farm products are cheap because purchasing power is low. And the farmer paying taxes helps to pay the difference. The course I suggest is not competition with the farmer; it deprives him of no customer; it does not affect the big market crops. Gardens never hurt the farmer. Partnerships between groups of city men and individual farmers certainly help the farmer. When a family lifts itself off the welfare lists or increases its free cash by raising its food, it actually helps the farmer as it does every one else, including itself. In fact, it is fundamental that *no one is hurt by self-help*. In the relief of tax burdens and the revival of industry the farmer would share the benefit.

I do not wish to be too detailed in this suggestion. I know what we shall do in our own part of the country and with our own people. How this method is to be suited to conditions in all parts of the country must be determined. I am urging Branch Managers of the Ford Motor Company and Ford dealers everywhere to study this suggestion and find the best method of applying it to their communities.

It is not a question of selling land, or of rents. Those who have the land must offer it to those who will use it. We ourselves shall farm large tracts of land, not for profit, but in experimental search for new market outlets for the farmer. We are saying to our people: "Here is the land. How much can you use?" For several years we have been running large crops of everything from sunflowers to soy beans through our chemical laboratory, in an effort to find an annual market for the farmer's produce—but that is a story I shall have to postpone until Friday. I mention it now to show that even in these larger operations we are not entering into competition with the farmer. Our hope for agriculture is to make it the partner of industry.

Prepared and paid for by the Ford Motor Company as a contribution to public welfare.

ELY TAX PLAN LOSES; ISSUE OF BONDS PROPOSED

New Measure Provides Tax on Intangibles Exempt Under Law

Gov. Joseph B. Ely's special taxation program, calling for salary reductions in state and county departments, a 1-cent increase in the gasoline tax, an increased poll tax and certain minor provisions, was rejected by the House of Representatives, yesterday, in favor of a substitute program providing for a $20,000,000 bond issue to be funded by a 6 per cent tax on intangibles now exempt under the law.

Should the Ways and Means Committee, now considering the bond issue, report against the new bill, a way would be provided for reconsideration of the Governor's plan. Mr. Leverett Saltonstall, Speaker of the House, supported the Governor's recommendations on the basis that no new taxation would be levied.

Several amendments were offered by Governor Ely's supporters in an effort to save his program but all were defeated. The bond bill was filed by Representative C. F. Nelson Pratt of Saugus and it calls, principally, for the issuance of notes from time to time, as needed, to an amount of $20,000,000 for such periods as the Governor shall recommend to the General Court.

The amount necessary to pay the interest on the bonds would be raised by the proposed tax on intangible property now exempt.

Having been passed by the Senate, yesterday, the measure authorizing purchase of the Boston to Revere branch of the Eastern Massachusetts Street Railway by the Boston Elevated Railway Company, was in the hands of the House, today, for concurrence.

Bills were rejected by the Senate requiring that the Massachusetts bar examiners personally mark examination papers and authorizing the city of Revere to maintain and operate buses in Revere, Boston, Chelsea, Lynn, Malden and Everett.

Cream would be exempt from the provisions of the uniform milk inspection bill now before the Senate by an amendment to the measure which the Senate adopted.

For the first time this session, a veto of the Governor's was overridden when the House refused to reconsider its previous action for passage of a bill to reinstate Lucius Banks as a member of the Boston Police Department.

Both branches of the Legislature referred to the Committee on Banks a special message from the Governor recommending that the law pertaining to liquidating closed banks be amended to empower the bank commissioner to permit the banks concerned to take back certain mortgages pursuant to the sale of real estate.

Civic Teamwork Gets Playground

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

AKRON, Ohio—For a while it has looked as if Akron children, and a host of unemployed grown-ups, would have to spend their playtime in unorganized groups on the hot and hazardous city streets. This spring there was no money at all in the school board coffers even to open the playgrounds, not to speak of running them.

Then the same civic consciousness, which 30 years ago prompted the opening of the first playground, was again aroused. Chamber of Commerce, home and school leagues, rubber manufacturers and individuals have answered the challenge. They have donated $2500 for the maintenance of the children's playground program.

The city recreation committee, established two years ago, set out to raise funds through the proceeds of an international charity pageant. Paid and volunteer workers are being placed on every field in the city. Eagle Scouts are being called into service on the 25 available playground sites for children.

One-Time Queen Of Jute Clippers To Be Restored

At the end of a tow line the rusted iron bark Coriolanus moved slowly down Boston Harbor en route to Bath, Maine, where reconditioning is to restore all her glory of former days.

The vessel, once the queen of British jute clippers, holds a record that even modern transatlantic liners might well be proud of. Under a wide spread of canvas, with chanties of the sailors and stiff breezes that gripped her square sails to speed the craft over the vast expanse of ocean, the Coriolanus made a record of 69 days from the English Channel to the Hooghly River, at Calcutta, India, in 1877, a record that is said to stand to this day for sailing ships.

After sailing under six flags, the Coriolanus, built at Dumbarton, Scot., in 1876, has been taken over by Mr. C. Nelson Rogers of Boston to be entered in the American Merchants Service, sailing from Boston about Oct. 1 to trade between this port and ports in Portugese West Africa, as the last square-rigged craft to trade under the American flag.

Laid up at New Bedford prior to being taken over by present owners, the bark has been at Battery Wharf, Boston, three months. The tug Cumberland of Portland, Maine, took the vessel out today for the Bath Iron Works. The entire hull is to be sandblasted and painted, and new deckhouses, spars and rigging will be set up.

The only other American square rigger recently in service is the ship Tusitalla, owned by Mr. James Farrell of steel fame, which is now laid up at New York. The Coriolanus' trading operations will be directed by Mr. Carl Buschmann, trader and explorer with more than 20 years experience in Africa, South America and the South Seas. Mr. Rogers will supervise preparation and maintenance of the bark.

WOMEN SUPPORT WHOLE CONSTITUTION

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

OWENSBORO, Ky., June 1—After rejecting overwhelmingly a resolution indorsing a referendum on prohibition, the Kentucky State Federation of Women's Clubs in its annual convention here, by a vote of 71 to 16 adopted a resolution placing the clubs of the State on record as loyally supporting the Constitution of the United States in its entirety.

Forthcoming Lectures On Christian Science

By Members of The Christian Science Board of Lectureship

United States

MASSACHUSETTS

Great Barrington: Mahaiwe Theater, 3:30 p. m., June 5.

Hingham: Hull Municipal Building, Atlantic Avenue, Nantasket, 3:30 p. m., June 5.

Lowell: First Congregational Church, Merrimack Street, opposite City Hall, 3:30 p. m., June 5.

Lynn: First Methodist Episcopal Church, City Hall Square, 3:30 p. m., June 5.

Marblehead: Abbot Hall, 8 p. m., June 5.

Medford: High School Assembly Hall, 3:30 p. m., June 5.

Quincy: Senior High School Auditorium, Coddington Street, near City Square, 3:30 p. m., June 5.

Somerville: High School Hall, Highland Avenue, 3:30 p. m., June 5.

Winchester: Winchester Town Hall, 8 p. m., June 5.

NEW YORK

Jamaica: Sunday School Auditorium, 89-12 164th Street, 8:15 p. m., June 10.

New York (Second Church): Church Edifice, Central Park West and Sixty-eighth Street, 8 p. m., June 6. Radiocast Station WPCH, 810 kilocycles.

Bringing Maine's Lakes Nearer

* * *

'In Time for Breakfast' Is Airplane's Bid to New York's Week-Enders—The 'Balometer'

* * *

"IN TIME for breakfast," is the promise of a new vacation air service from Portland and Rockland to the shore and lake regions of the "Pine Tree State." It is the new "Sportsmen's Service" of the Maine Air Transport Company, Inc., of Rockland, Maine. Alighting from the train or boat early in the morning at either Portland or Rockland, or from the summer air service of Pan American Airways, the vacationist can now board a six-passenger seaplane and be set down in front of his own motorboat landing or beach resort almost early enough to wake up the family so they can get breakfast.

The Maine Air Transport Company will operate in three services by charter from Portland to the Rangeley or Moosehead Lake region, by shore service from Portland to the Casco Bay region or from Rockland to the Penobscot Bay region. The week-ender will be met at the Boston or New York sleeper at Union Station, Portland, and will be transferred by automobile to the M. A. T. sea base on the Portland water front where for fares ranging from $5 to $31.50 he will be flown directly to the Maine lake region.

At Rockland the Boston boat or sleeper will be met with two daily services between Rockland and Stonington or three daily trips between Rockland and Bar Harbor at fares ranging from $2 to $8, one way, or slightly less than double fare for the round trip. Any of these three services are available, of course, for the return trip, to make connections with night trains.

The "head of the house," formerly isolated from his summering family, is now within week-end reach of his family. Boarding a train at Washington, Philadelphia or New York he is within range of the most isolated points in Maine.

M. A. T. planes are also available for special charter. A party of four to six would find this an ideal way to avoid either boats or trains as the company will on request fly directly from Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or intermediate water points to any point in Maine. Reservations on this line can be secured from Postal Telegraph or any recognized travel agency.

* * *

Enter the "Balometer"

In the early days of automobiling almost everything that is today accepted as standard equipment was extra, and if a new instrument was needed to record the car's operation, it was placed on the dashboard. The result was that automobile dashboards were as cluttered up with dials as a power station switchboard. Automobile designers later got busy, combined the functions of some of these meters and produced the simple dashboards of the present day.

Aviation is in need of such simplification, and one of the first moves toward the elimination of dials is the "balometer," the invention of Charles W. Kiesel, an engineer with the Honolulu Board of Water Supply. Mr. Kiesel has applied for patents on his "blind flying" device, which would take the place of the bank-and-turn indicator and the artificial horizon now carried on most airplanes.

Banks and turns are indicated by a needle on the balometer which is vertical when the plane is level but swings to the right or left up to 90 degrees when the plane is banked. The degree of diving or climbing is measured on a cylinder in the same instrument which works in the opposite direction to the familiar type of ribbon automobile speedometer. Plumb bobs suspended in glycerine provide the inertia which causes recording. Early models were unsuccessful on account of oscillation, which Mr. Kiesel has recently eliminated.

A. D. H.

British Past Masters Anxious

* * *

Look Forward Eagerly to Appointments By Grand Master to Grand Lodge Staff

NEWS OF FREEMASONRY

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

London

ONE of the most interesting functions of the year is the annual appointment of the officers of Grand Lodge; it is certainly one that is looked forward to with eager anticipation by a very large number of past masters of lodges throughout the jurisdiction for it is accounted the highest honor to be deemed worthy of an appointment to an office in Grand Lodge.

In making the investitures this year Lord Ampthill pointed out that it is not possible for the Duke of Connaught, as Grand Master, to make every appointment as the outcome of his own personal knowledge. Each appointment, however, is made with his personal approval.

The recommendations for the appointments are made by the Grand Master's Council, a body without executive powers, corresponding, in a great measure, to the Privy Council of the sovereign. That council consists of the permanent officials of Grand Lodge and some six or seven leading Freemasons who are not on the active list of grand officers who are appointed by the Grand Master.

That council, said Lord Ampthill, has no more arduous and responsible task than that of preparing the list of recommendations as to honors but the choice is made, so far as is reasonably possible, on individual merit alone. No lodge, as such, has any right to a Grand Lodge collar. Individual merit is the sole test, so that one lodge may have half a dozen Grand Lodge officers on its register while there may be 40 lodges without one member entitled to that decision.

At this year's investiture the Grand Master Mason of Scotland was present and he—Lord Belhaven and Stenton—was accompanied by his Senior Grand Warden, F. W. Fell Clark of Glen Caladh, who is an officer of the Grand Lodge of England. Lord Ampthill, in referring to the dedication of the Washington Masonic National Memorial, said that Washington stood as high in the esteem of British Freemasons as of his own countrymen. Grand Lodge gave its approval for the dispatch in the form of an illuminated address of the following message:

"That a message be sent to the Brethren of the United States of America on the occasion of the Dedication of the Washington Masonic National Memorial offering them fraternal greetings and good wishes and assuring them that we share their admiration of George Washington as a man and a Mason."

* * *

The Earl of Harewood has appointed Dr. John Stokes of Sheffield to succeed Richard Gill as Deputy Provincial Grand Master for West Yorkshire and Tom Coombs and Lieut.-Col. Anthony Gadie to be Assistant Provincial Grand Masters. Edwin Middlebrook of Leeds has been appointed Deputy Provincial Mark Master in succession to Dr. Lee Bolton.

* * *

Only four charters have been granted during the past three months by the Supreme Grand Chapter, the lowest number for many years. These will all meet in the provinces, one in Durham, one in Essex and two in Lancashire.

* * *

The Earl of Harewood has been installed as Pro Grand Master of Knights Templar in succession to Maj.-Gen. T. C. Pleydell Calley. He has also been raised to the dignity of Knight Grand Cross in the order.

* * *

Sir Ernest Cook has been installed as Provincial Grand Master for Bristol.

* * *

The Earl of Harewood presided at the 144th anniversary festival of the Royal Masonic Institution for Girls and the large company had the pleasure of welcoming the Princess Royal, who accompanied her husband. West Yorkshire was represented by 2722 stewards, nearly 1400 more than London, and contributed more than half the amount collected, viz., £75,402 out of £124,886. London sent £24,654 and the other provinces £23,482. On the previous day the Princess Royal visited the institution at Clapham Junction and distributed the prizes to the successful scholars. At present there are 1400 girls in the school who are maintained and educated at an average cost of £61 each.

Radio Tonight

DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME

WEEI, Boston (590kc-508m)

5:00 p. m.—Harry Tafe, tenor.
5:15 NBC, "Skippy": sketch.
5:30 NBC, Wayne King's Orchestra.
5:45 NBC, Schirmer and Schmidt, pianists.
6:00 "An Unexpected Quarrel": sketch.
6:15 NBC, Waldorf-Astoria Orchestra.
6:29 Studio announcements; news.
6:45 Organ and piano recital.
7:00 Popular vocal program.
7:15 "Tessie the Typist": sketch.
7:30 Male trio and organ.
7:45 NBC, "Rise of the Goldbergs."
8:00 NBC, "Big Time": sketch; music.
8:30 NBC, "Old Counsellor": orchestra.
9:00 NBC, Goodyear Orchestra; Grace Moore, soprano; Revelers Quartet.
9:30 NBC, Mobiloil Orchestra; soloists.
10:00 Pop Concermt, from Symphony Hall, Arthur Fiedler, conductor.
10:45 NBC, "Danger to National Defense," Floyd Gibbons.
11:00 E. B. Rideout; news.
11:16 Joe Rines's Orchestra.

WBZ and WBZA, Boston and Springfield (900kc-303m)

5:00 p. m.—Agricultural markets talk.
5:15 "Toe Ticklers": soloist; orchestra.
5:30 NBC, "Singing Lady."
5:45 NBC, "Little Orphan Annie."
6:00 Studio announcements.
6:10 Edward J. Lord, pianist.
6:15 "The Monitor Views the News."
6:30 NBC, Royal Vagabonds.
6:45 "Dutch Band."
7:00 Time; NBC, "Amos 'n' Andy."
7:15 NBC, "Believe It or Not."
7:30 NBC, Stebbins Boys.
7:45 NBC, Billy Jones and Ernie Hare.
8:00 "Down to the Sea in Ships."
8:15 Candlelight Woodwind Quintet.
8:30 Winston Sharples's Orchestra.
8:45 Balalaika Orchestra; soloists.
9:00 NBC, "O. Henry" sketch.
9:30 NBC, George Olsen's Music; Jack Benny; Ethel Shutta.
10:00 Dramatic sketch.
10:30 NBC, Arden Orchestra; soloist.
10:45 News; studio announcements.
11:15 NBC, Rochester Civic Orchestra.
11:45 Louis Weir, organist.

WNAC, Boston (1230kc-244m)

5:00 p. m.—"The Puzzle Man."
5:05 "The Dance Parade"; orchestra.
5:30 Shepard Mirror of Fashion.
5:45 "Show World"; orchestra.
6:00 Studio announcements; news.
6:15 Short subjects.
6:30 Big Brother's Radio Rascals.
6:45 "Chandu": transcription.
7:00 CBS, Morton Downey; orchestra.
7:15 CBS, Maxwell Orchestra; soloist.
7:30 CBS, Comedy sketch.
7:45 CBS, "Bing" Crosby, baritone.
8:00 CBS, Linit Orchestra; soloists.
8:15 CBS, "Singin' Sam," baritone.
8:30 Salon Ensemble.
8:45 CBS, "Col. Stoopnagle and Budd."
9:00 CBS, Guy Lombardo; Burns and Allen.
9:30 CBS, Edgar Wallace story.
10:00 CBS, Ruth Etting; orchestra.
10:15 La Paradis Dance Band.
10:30 Carl Moore's Orchestra.
11:00 Studio announcements; news.
11:15 Organ recital, Francis J. Cronin.
11:30 to 1:00 a. m.—Dance music.

WAAB, Boston (1410kc-213m)

5:00 p. m.—CBS, Kathryn Parsons.
5:15 CBS, Bill Schudt's "Going to Press."
5:30 CBS, "The Professor and the Major."
5:45 CBS, "Prohibition Plainly Put."
6:00 CBS, Arthur Jarrett; orchestra.
6:15 CBS, Harold Stern's Orchestra.
6:30 Baseball scores.
6:35 CBS, William Hall, baritone.
6:45 CBS, Funnybones Trio.
7:00 Studio announcements; news.
7:15 Talk, Mr. Richard K. Conant.
7:30 Big Brother's Opportunity Night.
7:45 Concert Ensemble.
8:00 The Gossipers.
8:15 Popular vocal trio.
8:30 CBS, Dictator Orchestra.
8:45 Talk, "Highway Beauty, an Important New England Asset."
9:00 Petite Symphonic Orchestra.
9:30 Organ recital and soloist.
10:00 Studio announcements; news.
10:15 CBS, Talk series.
10:30 CBS, Norman Brokenshire; Welcome Lewis; orchestra.
10:45 CBS, "Welcome to Station CWKO." Hon. Richard B. Bennett; orchestra.
11:15 to 12:00 CBS dance music.

Tomorrow's Features

WBSO, Babson Park, Mass. (920kc-326m)

8:30 a. m.—Studio and musical programs.
12:00 noon—Stocks; music; talk.
1:35 p. m.—Parents' Question Box.
2:05 p. m.—Studio soloists.
3:05 p. m.—Church program.
3:30 p. m.—Good cheer service, Massachusetts Federation of Churches.
4:00 p. m. Studio and musical programs.

WEEI

8:00 a. m.—NBC, Gene and Glenn.
8:15 a. m.—E. B. Rideout; news.
8:30 a. m.—NBC, Cheerio.
9:15 a. m.—NBC programs.
11:30 a. m.—WEEI organist.
12:00 noon—NBC, Home Circle.
12:15 p. m.—News; stocks; produce.
12:45 p. m.—Organist.
1:00 p. m.—The Daily Tattler.
2:00 p. m.—Gretchen McMullen.
2:45 p. m.—Dramatic School of the Air.
3:00 p. m.—NBC, male trio.
3:30 p. m.—WEEI Reading Circle.
4:00 p. m.—News; stocks.
4:15 p. m.—Silver Lining Hour.
4:30 p. m.—Studio soloists.

WBZ

7:00 a. m.—NBC and studio programs.
8:15 a. m.—NBC, Phil Cook.
8:30 a. m.—Studio programs.
9:45 a. m.—Greater Boston Federation of Churches.
10:15 a. m.—NBC programs.
12:00 noon—"The Monitor Views the News."
12:15 p. m.—NBC, Pat Barnes.
1:30 p. m.—NBC, Farm and Home Hour.
2:30 p. m.—Matinée Revue.
3:00 p. m.—Chickering Hour.
3:30 p. m.—Home Forum Cooking School.
4:15 p. m.—NBC, United States Navy Band.

WNAC

6:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
11:15 a. m.—CBS programs.
12:00 noon—CBS, Graduation exercises of United States Naval Academy.
1:30 p. m.—Boston Information Service.
2:30 p. m.—CBS, Ann Leaf, organist.
3:00 p. m.—Chemical Society lecture.
3:15 p. m.—CBS, La Forge Berumen Musicale.
3:30 p. m.—Boston Popular Revue.
4:00 p. m.—School Committee talk.
4:15 p. m.—CBS programs.

WAAB

7:45 a. m.—Time; news; weather.
8:00 a. m.—CBS programs.
11:00 a. m.—Studio and musical.
1:30 p. m.—Doubleheader; Rex Sox-Washington.

BACK-TO-HOMELAND MOVE IS UNDER WAY

One of the largest "back to the homeland" movements of Lithuanians, Finns and Russians from eastern and mid-Massachusetts cities and towns started today when 190 men, women and children boarded a special train at South Station for New York, where they will be transferred to the Cunard Line steamer Mauretania for the trip to the land of their birth.

The Mauretania proceeds direct to Southampton, where the Cunard liner Lancastria will be moored alongside the Mauretania and those destined for northern Europe will then step from one ship to the other to be taken to Holtenau via the Kiel Canal, Memel, Helsingfors and Leningrad.

DIGNIFIES POLICE UNIFORM

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PHILADELPHIA, June 1—Stating that the use of a policeman's uniform belongs to the city, not to any church or creed, Mr. Kern Dodge, director of public safety here, Tuesday issued an order prohibiting police or firemen from participating in parades en masse in uniform.

Bidders in Plenty If Army Base Goes To Private Control

When the United States Shipping Board decides to put the operation of the Army Base at South Boston under private control, provided such action is taken by the board, there will be no lack of bidders seeking to operate it. At least three groups of shipping terminal or warehouse interests are known to want to operate the base under lease from the Government, according to shipping men here.

The base, successfully operated by the Atlantic Tidewater Terminal Company for five years, and then by the Bay State Shipping Company, which operated it for a brief period until the Government broke the lease, is the best-equipped and largest terminal at this port. The shipping board has operated the base since February of last year.

A group headed by Mr. Gerrit Fort, chairman of the Maritime Association of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, has signified its intention to submit a bid for operation of the base. Another group headed by Mr. Herbert G. Carey, Boston real estate man, filed similar intentions with the Boston Port Authority and the shipping board. A third group, in which Mr. Harry H. Wiggin, owner of the Wiggin Terminal, Boston, is prominently identified, is understood in water-front circles to be interested.

Plans of the Perry group, if successful for either a five or a seven-year lease, call for incorporation of the Boston Dock & Terminal Company, with capital of $25,000 or $50,000, with officers including Mr. Perry as president and treasurer; Mr. William F. Garcelon, Mr. Augustus P. Loring, president of the Plymouth Cordage Company, and Mr. Andrew P. Lane, traffic manager of the Great Northern Paper Company, as directors.

Lang Loses Fight To Abolish House

LONDON, May 31 (AP)—The judicial committee of the Privy Council today dismissed the appeal of Mr. J. T. Lang, Premier of New South Wales, against the decision of the New South Wales Supreme Court preventing the abolition of the State's legislative council.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., May 31 (AP)—No political question since the federation more than 30 years ago has agitated Australia as did the appeal to the Privy Council at London involving the fate of the upper house in the New South Wales Legislature.

Court action was taken under the previous Government's constitutional amendment calling for a referendum, but Premier Lang replied to this by further measure to repeal the previous constitutional amendment. The upper house passed this also, then made application to the high court for an injunction restraining the Governor from giving his assent to both measures.

The injunctions were granted and Premier Lang appealed to the Imperial Privy Council at London. The council's decision against him was handed down today.

Art Makes Its Début Dangling on Clothesline

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PHILADELPHIA, June 1—Strung from improvised clotheslines across Rittenhouse Square, a colorful array of water colors and oil paintings by members of the School Art League Alumni Association were made their appearance recently. They vie with the spring flowers near by for color and variety.

More than 100 pictures made their début to the curious and admiring throngs that gathered to see the show, which continued for three afternoons. Although no picture may be sold in the Square, a representative of the art association was on hand to direct all would-be purchasers to a near-by bargain counter. Nothing in the show was priced above $15.

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WOMEN DRYS BAR POLITICAL CHESS PLAYING

Alert to Obstruct Efforts to Nullify Constitution, Leader Says

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, June 1 — Women drys will tolerate no political flirtations with wet planks by either Republican or Democratic leaders in the forthcoming campaign.

A new awakening furthered by women's organizations throughout the United States to the significance of political chess moves is emphasized by a broadside being issued by the law observance dinner committee, with headquarters here. This awareness indicates that women drys are becoming swiftly politically alert and will oppose any effort to nullify the Constitution, according to Mrs. Elizabeth Tilton, its editor.

The broadside, containing statements from men and women who represent constituents mounting into the hundreds of thousands, is said to be but one evidence of the determined campaign being undertaken by the organized dry women to prevent a "resubmission or repeal" plank in party platforms. In it the women demand that conventions shall keep their hands off Congress.

Constitutional amendments, they say, should emanate from congressional districts and not be coerced by sectional planks. Women form half the electorate, and in respect to a matter so deeply vital to child welfare they "must and will be heard."

In line with the educational campaign spreading throughout the women of the nation, the broadside gives the following "pertinent points on party planks":

"1. Ours is a representative government. Party planks, forcing Congressmen of vast dry districts to vote wet regardless of sentiment back home, turns our country from representative to misrepresentative government—a very dangerous precedent.

"2. Party planks are for matters that unite rather than divide parties. Both parties divide on repeal, camouflaged as resubmission (which it is not) or referendum (which it is not). Both parties, however, agree on law enforcement.

"3. Both parties by inserting a repeal plank invite wide defections. Wide defections invite Stay-at-Home Voters or third party candidates, and in time, a new alignment.

"4. Since mere repeal means social chaos, the wise party will call for enforcement until the wets present a carefully worked out better plan.

"5. A presidential candidate cannot be divorced from his plank. He makes the planks."

The broadside reprints samples of thousands of telegrams sent by women, by public officials, by newspaper publishers, by business executives and by leaders in many industries, indicating a widespread sentiment against any repeal plank.

Party Conventions Century in Practice

(Continued from Page 1)

has been reasonable continuity of political creeds throughout, and although the Whig Party became the Republican Party in 1856, and the Democratic Party split in twain in 1860, the historical integrity of the two great rivals for political supremacy in the United States has been very clearly defined. Perhaps there is less of fundamental difference in their basic creeds today than ever in their history, since the Democrats with their acceptance of the theory of protection in 1928 abandoned their party's historic position, while many leading Republicans are insisting upon the Democratic theory of states' rights as applied to prohibition.

There sits in the Senate today a statesman from the Northwest who proclaimed as the one issue of his campaign, "Jim's got the seat in the Senate; I want it!" That is very nearly the broad line of demarcation between the present party codes.

Perhaps this growing lack of sharp distinction between party creeds in the United States may be symptomatic of a revolution in our methods of accomplishing changes in our political organization which has been going on for years.

No Paramount Issue Today

In the earlier days of the Republic, indeed up to perhaps 40 years ago, an important political issue would be made part of the program of one party which would defend it against the assaults of the opposition. The measure would be enacted into law, or relegated to obscurity, according to the success of the party advocating it in the elections. That condition no longer obtains. If an issue seems to promise votes, both parties incorporate it in their platforms—with slight variations of methods of approach perhaps, but still with sufficient clarity to enable speakers to appeal for votes because of it.

At a meeting of very prominent students and practitioners of politics the other day I heard a Harvard professor of government advance the proposition that no great progressive political step in the last 20 years has come as the result of direct advocacy by one party. He cited prohibition, women's suffrage, income tax and direct elections of United States Senators, all of which were supported by both Democratic and Republican votes.

"It seems to be the new politics," he said, "to get matters of this sort into both platforms, have them discussed within the lines of each party and ultimately to secure enactment by a majority made up of votes from both. This has been the case with so many important issues that division on a great question along party lines has come to be the exception, rather than the rule. The last instance of a true debate on an issue in a presidential campaign was imperialism in 1900. The platforms naturally reflect this tendency to evade real issues."

Have Been Many "Third Parties"

In every presidential campaign in the United States there is discussion of a "third party." Usually there are, in fact, six tickets in the field but the nation adheres in the intent, if not in the letter, to the two-party system and it is seldom that independent nominees have actually won votes in the electoral college. Robert M. La Follette the elder with 13 votes in 1924 given by his own state of Wisconsin was the latest independent nominee to score, while the high water mark of revolt was set in 1912 by Roosevelt with 88 votes. The extent to which the Roosevelt vote was personal was clearly indicated by the failure of his Progressive Party to reappear in a second election.

Some of the earlier "third parties" by their names indicated the issues for which they sought special attention. In 1844 a "Liberty-Abolitionist" ticket was in the field, while in 1848 Free Soil Democrats put two very distinguished citizens, Martin Van Buren, former President, and Charles Francis Adams in nomination. No electoral votes were won by either ticket. Four years later, members of these parties with the Whigs united in forming the Republican Party—the only third party which proved enduring and won its place as a major party organization.

In 1856, the American, or Know Nothing Party, with a demand for 21 years of residence prior to naturalization was successful in getting eight votes in the Electoral College, but disappeared in the stormy days of 1860.

Built on Democratic Ruin

In the election immediately preceding the war between the states four presidential tickets won electoral votes but that was not because of the organization of new parties, but was due rather to the disintegration of the historic Democratic Party. No less than three tickets were builded from its ruins.

Thereafter, none save Republicans or Democrats won electoral votes until 1892. Third party activities were resumed in 1872, but their votes were negligible. The Prohibition Party kept in agitation a great reform, destined to be triumphant, while the Greenback Party, based upon hostility to banking control of the currency, held its ground stubbornly and prepared the way for the great "Populist" revolt of 1892.

That political uprising, largely agrarian in its character, was the forerunner of the radical movement in the Democratic Party which resulted in the nomination of William Jennings Bryan in 1896, and his almost complete domination of the party for 30 years. It was perhaps the Bryan influence, more than any other, which led the People's Party leaders to accept merger with the Democratic Party. Political observers have often wondered whether, had the Democrats clung to the Cleveland leadership and refused consolidation, that party rather than the Populists might not have disappeared.

CARLOADINGS DECLINE

WASHINGTON, June 1 — Loadings of revenue freight in the week ended May 21 totaled 515,450 cars, a decrease of 2217 cars under the previous week, 239,288 cars under the same week in 1931 and 414,156 cars under the same week in 1930, according to the American Railway Association.

Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at the Christian Science Publishing House yesterday were the following:

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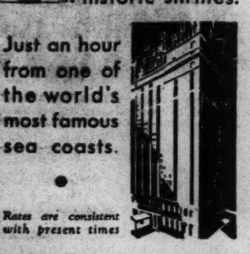
Mary H. McFarran, Glens Falls, N. Y.
Mrs. George W. Myers, Glens Falls, N. Y.
George W. Myers, Glens Falls, N. Y.
Mrs. Louisa B. Davies, Spokane, Wash.
Mrs. Emilie C. Hoskins, Sioux City, Iowa.
Miss Mary Stewart, Chicago, Ill.
D. Stanly, Seattle, Wash.
Mrs. Marjorie Williams, Cleveland, Ohio.
Mrs. Sara Bell Lee, Windsor, N. Y.
Mrs. Boyer Gonzales, Woodstock, N. Y.
Albert L. Smerling, Chicago, Ill.



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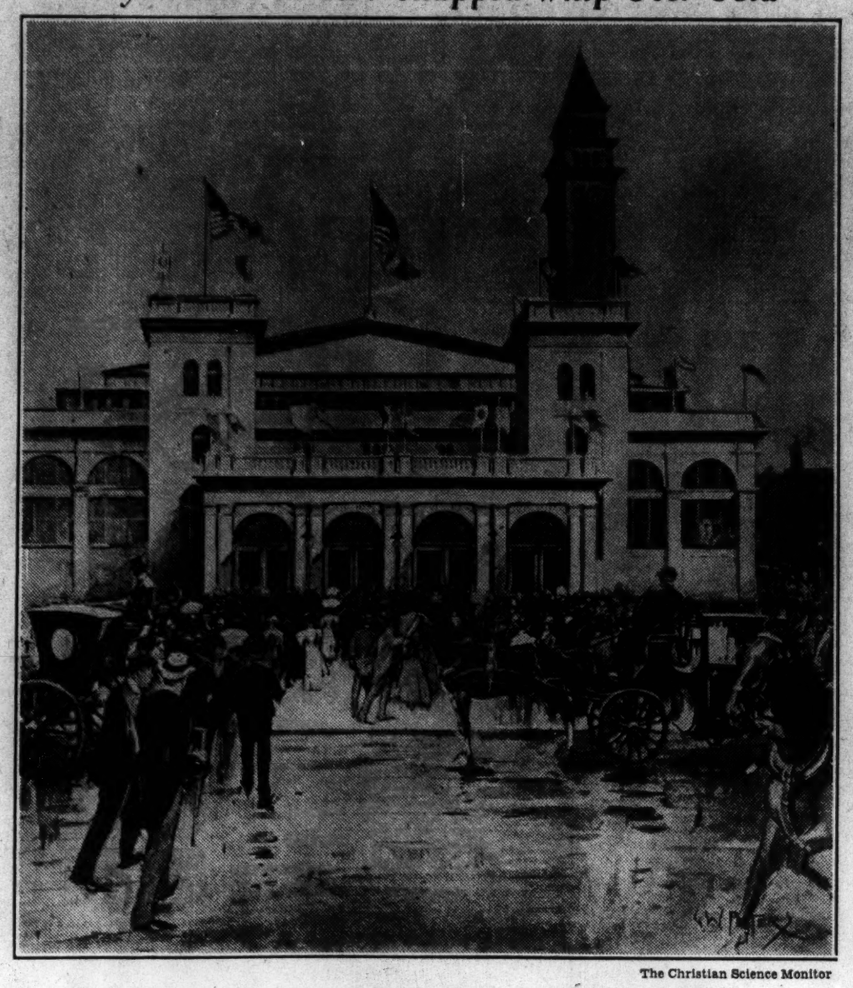

The Christian Science Monitor

THE OLD COLISEUM IN CHICAGO WHERE BRYAN WAS NOMINATED

Senate Tax Bill As It Now Stands

	Yield (estimated)
IMPORT TAXES, ETC.	
Individual income taxes	$225,000,000
Corporate income taxes	52,000,000
Administrative changes	80,000,000
Estate and gift	5,000,000
EXCISE TAXES	
Wort, malt sirup, grape concentrates	$97,000,000
Autos, trucks, accessories	55,000,000
Lubricating oils	35,000,000
Radios, phonographs	11,000,000
IMPORT TAXES (TARIFFS)	
Oil	$5,000,000
Coal	500,000
Lumber	1,000,000
Copper	No estimate
EXCISE TAXES RESTORED MAY 26	
Tires, tubes, 2½ and 5 per cent respectively	$32,000,000
Cosmetics, 10 per cent	12,000,000
Jewelry, 10 per cent	7,000,000
Sporting goods, cameras, 10 per cent	5,500,000
Soft drinks, graduated rates	7,500,000
Mechanical refrigerators, 5 per cent	6,000,000
Matches, wooden, 2 per cent, paper 1½ cents per 1000	5,000,000
Candy, 5 per cent	5,000,000
Firearms, 10 per cent	2,500,000
Chewing gum, 2 per cent	1,000,000
Motorboats, yachts, graduated by length	500,000
Furs, 10 per cent	5,000,000
Gasoline, 1 cent gal.	150,000,000
Electricity distribution, 3 per cent on privately owned utilities	55,000,000
SPECIAL TAXES, ADOPTED MAY 26	
Admissions (1 cent on each 10 cents over 40 cents)	44,000,000
Telephone, telegraph, radio, cable messages	34,000,000
Stamp tax on real estate conveyances	10,000,000
Stamp tax on stocks and bonds (10 cents per $100)	8,000,000
Safety deposit boxes (10 per cent)	1,000,000
Bank checks, 2 cents	75,000,000
Postal increase	160,000,000
Oil transportation by pipe line, 3 per cent of carrying charge	6,000,000
Stocks and bonds transfers, 4 cents	27,000,000
Estimated total yield after deducting shrinkage in original estimate as given by Secretary Mills	$1,113,000,000

Senate Passes Bill To Balance Budget

(Continued from Page 1)

at last night, additional taxes would be added to the revenue bill, provided it is found impossible to agree on the contentious economy items. The proposal to cut federal salaries is far more drastic than anything proposed in the House debate.

Provisions do not stop with a pay cut, but would empower executives to furlough workers without pay whenever necessary to keep within appropriations.

Another drastic item relates to federal pay to veterans. All told, a reduction in such outlays of $48,000,000 is reported. But the biggest reduction in single items, calling for a reduction of $31,000,000 in disability allowances to veterans not more than 50 per cent disabled, was stricken from the bill by the committee at the last minute.

Passage of the Senate tax bill brings a brighter prospect of a balanced federal budget than at any time since Congress convened. The goal, however, has not yet been achieved, as the following figures indicate.

The yield of the new revenue bill as claimed by the Senate Finance Committee is $1,238,500,000. However, Mr. Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury, in testimony yesterday, announced an expected shrinkage in this revenue of $123,500,000.

Accepting Mr. Mills' conservative and revised estimates, that means a revenue of only $1,115,000,000 under the bill.

At the same time Mr. Mills revised upward his estimate of the total amount necessary to balance the budget. The new figure is $1,470,000,000.

Between the bill as passed yesterday, and the latter figure, there is a difference of $360,000,000.

The Senate Appropriations Committee has now reported its supplementary economy bill, originally designed to make up this defference. As reported to the full committee by the bipartisan economy committee, economies of $289,605,000 would have been effected. But the full committee, in a last-minute reversal, threw out a $51,000,000 saving item, in veterans' disability pay. The economy bill as reported, therefore, carries savings of only $238,605,000.

This bill, if passed, will reduce the deficit of $360,000,000, left by the revenue bill, to $121,395,000, if the Mills figures are accepted. This is the amount to date by which passed or pending legislation fails to balance the budget.

Senators expect to meet this difference, in whole or part, by making further reductions from the big appropriation bills still coming before it. The sales tax would have made up most of the difference, but it was defeated.

Senator Carter Glass (D.) of Virginia, who voted against the revenue bill, announced he did so in part because it failed to balance the budget, besides containing tariff items.

Senator Royal S. Copeland (D.) of New York in behalf of the bipartisan economy committee, said:

"It will be necessary for us to pare the appropriation bills considerably in order to provide the necessary additional saving required to balance the budget. It would not be right for us to think that by the measure we have passed we shall have raised sufficient money to balance the budget."

Hoover Decided to Act After Night of Thought

WASHINGTON, June 1 (AP)—President Hoover's decision to address the Senate in person was made about 5:30 yesterday morning, after a disturbed night during which he got only a few hours of sleep.

It was midnight when Mr. Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury, left the White House Sunday night after a conference in which senatorial and financial leaders participated.

Mr. Hoover retired almost immediately, but he arose earlier than usual yesterday and after further deliberation decided the time had come to act swiftly and dramatically.

In the Lincoln study of the White House, he began shaping his message shortly before 6 a. m. When time came for the Cabinet meeting, he had a draft ready and he talked the matter over with members of his official family.

Keeping Aviation Out of War

(Continued from Page 1)

as there remains a possibility of war, it is inevitable that the military authorities will keep their eyes on civilian aviation. It is clearly not enough to regulate, or even suppress, military aviation. Something must be done about civilian aviation.

The Treaty of Versailles abolished military aviation in Germany. But it did not abolish the apprehension of air raids. Without casting any special reflection on Germany's intentions, it is suggested that civilian aviation in that country has been highly developed and that it might, almost at a moment's notice, be turned to military purposes. Restrictions imposed on one country are bound to stimulate ingenuity in their evasion. The limitation of German warships to 10,000 tons, for example, brought into being "the pocket battleship" whose potentialities are unknown.

What is perhaps true of Germany would be equally true of other nations. The label of "civilian" or "military" applied to airplanes might well be deceptive.

* * *

It follows that civilian, as well as specifically military, aviation should be considered in any scheme of disarmament. But if you can abolish military airplanes, you cannot abolish civilian airplanes. They are needed. They have amply proved their utility. They will unquestionably increase in numbers, size, lifting power and range. They will fly from capital to capital as certainly and regularly as international trains run. In fact, they are already doing so, and Europe is covered with an invisible network of airplane services.

Hence the proposal that these civilian services should be brought under international control. They should belong to a single Air Transport Union. This proposal, it should be made clear, is different in essence from the suggested internationalization of bombing aircraft. There would be no question of building up, in the different countries, an offensive air fleet which, in theory, should be at the disposal of the League of Nations.

There should be no question of arming the League with the most destructive of weapons with which, in the name of peace, it might wage war, and so completely change its fundamental character and purpose. The proposal bears no resemblance to this highly debatable suggestion. All it means is that, as the functions of air services are international, so the controlling company should be international.

* * *

The advantages, apart from the military aspect, are apparent. Instead of competition there would be coördinatiton. From the viewpoint air union has much to recommend it. At present European sleeping cars are run by an international company, and it is difficult to see how they could be otherwise run. Airplanes which fly over many national territories should not be national, since the services they render, and the facilities they demand, are international. Such a scheme would not touch lighter and privately owned airplanes. But it should include all airplanes which, in their very nature, are international; and there would be, in fact, ever be taken over and transformed by national military authorities for war.

Museums Costing $103,181,000 In Decade Called Classrooms

Specialization of Subjects Declared Keynote of Development in 1400 Present-Day Museums

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 1 — The total outlay for public museums during the last 10 years in the United States is figured at $103,181,000 by the Department of Commerce in a recent report.

Today there are 1400 museums, most of which are regarded as necessary sources of education.

The trend in modern times, the department says, is distinctly away from museums embracing more than one field. There is much discussion of decentralization and subjects are replacing objects as museum exhibits. Museums of today are not only found in houses or buildings, but also in trails through woods and fields.

Park historians, the department advises, are being employed to teach history education in a classroom built by nature. During the past decade 13 trail-side museums have been established, including Wayside Museum at Coolidge, N. M.; and those in the Glacier National Park and Yellowstone National Park systems.

"America's museums range from merest beginnings in rooms to large establishments with buildings and extensive educational and technical activities," the report says. Some have exhibits and nothing more. Others are almost disembodied services using temporary displays. Historical houses are themselves museums.

The study reveals, however, that there has been a total neglect of art in state and national appropriations for recently established museums. State support is largely directed toward museums which deal with natural science, and national support is largely given to outdoor museums. Small town museums favor history; large cities give art first place.

Thousands of school classes now visit museums, the department says, and workable methods of meeting the needs of pupils are being developed.

Peary's Daughter Plans Expedition

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 1—The blue and white pennant of the Society of Woman Geographers will be carried for the first time by Mrs. Marie Ahnighito Peary Stafford on her expedition to Cape York, North Greenland, when she sails early this month.

Mrs. Stafford, who is the daughter of Admiral Robert E. Peary, explorer of the north, will sail on the ship Morrissey with Capt. Robert A. Bartlett, skipper. She is at present at Cambridge, Mass., where her two sons are at school. The lads will accompany their mother to Cape York, the snow-capped headland at the upper end of Melville Bay, where a monument to Admiral Peary will be erected by the Peary Memorial Expedition.

The Woman Geographers' new flag shows the eastern contour of the Western Hemisphere and the western contour of the Eastern Hemisphere, the North Star and the Southern Cross. Both Mrs. Stafford and her mother, Mrs. Josephine Diebitsch Peary, are members of the society. A letter of good wishes went with the flag from Mrs. Harriet Chalmers Adams, president.

EIGHT CONVICTED IN KIDNAPING CASE

PEORIA, Ill., June 1 (AP)—Eight of the 11 defendants were convicted by a jury in circuit court today of kidnaping Dr. James W. Parker for $50,000 ransom last March. Four men, for whom the State asked the extreme penalty, were recommended for penitentiary sentences of 25 years.

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Intercollegiate, Club and Professional Athletic News of the World

MRS. MOODY IN SEMIFINALS

Defeats Collette Payot of Switzerland After Twenty Games

AUTEUIL, France, June 1 (AP)—Mrs. Frederick S. Moody Jr., United States, seeking her fourth French hard-court singles title, today defeated Mlle. Collette Payot of Switzerland, 6—2, 7—5, in a quarter-final match of the French tennis championships.

Mrs. Moody won the French title in 1928, 1929, and 1930, but did not defend last year.

She will play Hilda Krahwinkel, German finalist at Wimbledon last year, in the semifinals. Fraulein Krahwinkel today defeated Mrs. Eileen Bennett Whittingstall, the fine English player, in the quarter-finals, 6—3, 6—3.

In today's match Mrs. Moody won the first four games, two of them at love. Mlle. Payot met with a mishap and could not run but she rallied to win two games from the American champion. Mrs. Moody then ran out the set, 6—2.

Mlle. Payot, apparently fully recovered from her mishap, won the first game of the second set to lead for the first time. The next two games followed service but Mlle. Payot broke Mrs. Moody's service in the fourth game to lead 3—1. The next two games also went against service and the Swiss girl led 4—2.

Both were playing back on the baseline, seldom going to the net.

Mrs. Moody steadied here to outdrive and outmaneuver the Swiss girl, drawing up to deuce and then taking the next two games for the set, 7—5, and the match at 6—2, 7—5.

G. Lyttleton Rogers, giant Irish internationalist, defeated Christian Boussus, third ranking French player, in the fourth round, 5—7, 6—3, 6—2, 7—5.

Henri Cochet, French favorite for the title, defeated the Italian Davis Cup player, A. Del Bono, 6—3, 7—5, 6—1, in the third round.

Betty Nuthall, English star, defeated Josane Sigart of France, 6—4, 6—2, in the third round of women's singles.

Worn out from his hard singles battle against Lacoste, which the Frenchman finally won by scores of 6—0, 6—1, 3—6, 6—8, 7—5, yesterday, Wood could offer Mrs. Moody little assistance in the mixed doubles championship against Betty Nuthall and Frederick J. Perry. The English pair won, 6—4, 6—2.

Wood asked that the doubles final be postponed a day in order that he might recuperate, but tournament officials advised him to either play the scheduled match or default.

In consequence, Mrs. Moody was forced to carry most of the fight. Brilliant though she was in her exchanges with Perry at the net, she could not make up her partner's frequent lapses.

The defeat cost Mrs. Moody an opportunity to make a sweep of the three divisions in which she is entered. She previously had paired with Elizabeth M. Ryan to win the women's doubles and is a pronounced favorite to take the women's singles' crown.

Only three Americans, Mrs. Moody and Helen M. Jacobs in the women's division and Gregory S. Mangin in the powerful men's bracket, now remain in the singles competition.

Miss Jacobs, the only one of the three to see action in singles yesterday, scored a third-round triumph over Doris Metaxa of France 6—3, 6—3.

Henri Cochet, French idol and tournament favorite, romped through the second round with an easy victory over Jacques Arago, 6—4, 6—4, 6—0.

Mrs. Eileen Bennett Whittinstall of England scored a third-round victory in singles over Signorina L. Valerio, 6—2, 1—6, 6—2, and Hilda Krawinkel of Germany progressed to the fourth round by beating Ida Adamoff of France, 1—6, 7—5, 6—0.

Jacques Brugnon, another veteran of a great French Davis Cup era, defeated P. H. Gajan, 6—4, 6—3, 6—1, in a third-round men's singles match and Mme. Rene Mathieu entered the quarter finals of the women's singles by eliminating Jacqueline Goldschmit, 6—0, 6—2.

Caddy Strike Over—Fee Set at 75 Cents

By the Associated Press

Kansas City, June 1

FOR caddying 18 holes at local golf clubs the fee will be 75 cents, the Kansas City Golfers' Association has ruled.

Caddies have been on strike, demanding a return of the $1 fee. Unemployed men, children of golfers and the golfers themselves have been toting clubs. To settle the argument, the association called a meeting last night at which both sides were heard.

A half dozen caddies presented their case. John Workman, 17, summed it up in these words:

"Gentlemen, we're pleading for a mere existence while you're pleading for pleasure."

MISS DUNSCOMB IS SURPRISE WINNER

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., June 1 (AP)—Shooting both brilliant and erratic golf in the face of a strong, shifting wind, the favorites, with one exception, came through yesterday in the first round of match play in the women's southern golf tournament.

The one upset was furnished by Miss Elizabeth Dunscomb, of Memphis, who clipped 11 strokes from her qualifying score of 95 Monday to eliminate Mrs. Scott Hill of Waco, Texas, who qualified with 83. The score was 2 and 1.

Miss Anelia Gorczyca, of Fort Worth, who tied Monday with Mrs. Ben Fitzhugh, of Vicksburg, for medalist honors, equaled par for the 11 holes of her match with Miss Virginia Gent, of Tulsa, who was eliminated 7 and 6. Mrs. Fitzhugh defeated Mrs. J. M. Taylor, New Orleans, 5 and 4.

BRANDT STOPS GIANTS, 7 TO 2

Braves Keep Pace With Leading Cubs—Pirates Climb

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Chicago	27	16	.628
Boston	24	18	.571
Cincinnati	24	24	.500
Pittsburgh	20	20	.500
Brooklyn	21	22	.488
St. Louis	19	24	.442
New York	17	23	.436
Philadelphia	19	25	.432

RESULTS MAY 31

Boston 7, New York 2.
Chicago 3, St. Louis 1.
Pittsburgh 4, Cincinnati 1.
Other clubs not scheduled.

Ed "Lefty" Brandt pitched the Boston Braves to a 7-to-2 victory over John McGraw's New York Giants yesterday and enabled the Tribe to keep pace with the leading Chicago Cubs, who also won, in the National League race. The Cubs triumphed over St. Louis, 3 to 1. Pittsburgh gained a tie for third place in the standing by defeating Cincinnati, 4 to 1. Philadelphia and Brooklyn were not scheduled to play.

Four hits were all that the Giants could make off Brandt's delivery during the nine innings. The big left-hander had almost perfect control, giving only one base on balls, and his team mates played superb ball in the field. Fritz Knothe led the 11-hit attack on Hal Schumacher with a triple and homer. His circuit smash came in the fourth inning with two men on, while his triple drove in another run in the sixth. Mel Ott scored both of New York's runs and hit a triple. Frank Hogan's error in the fourth was a costly one.

Lonnie Warneke, youthful Chicago right-hander, outpitched the veteran Jess Haines. The Cardinals made only six hits, while the Cubs made seven. It was Warneke's seventh victory of the 1932 campaign and his ninth complete game. The Cardinals took the lead for a brief period in the first of the fifth, Haines himself producing the single that sent in the run. Three singles and a sacrifice were bunched by the Cubs in their half. A single by Jurges, Moore's double and a Billy Herman single, gave the Cubs two more in the eighth.

Larry French had the edge on Red Lucas in a pitchers' battle at Pittsburgh. The former was touched for 10 safeties by the Reds, but he was effective in the pinches. Lucas yielded nine hits and the Pirates scored all of their runs in the first two innings. Paul Waner hit a double and two singles for the Pirates, driving in two runs. Vaughan came through with a timely triple. Lucas led the Cincinnati attack with three out of four. The scores:

AT BOSTON

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Boston	0	0	2	4	0	1	0	0	x	7	11	0
New York	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	4	1

Batteries—Brandt and Hargrave; Schumacher, Parmelee and Hogan. Losing pitcher — Schumacher. Umpires — Donnelly Reardon and Quigley. Time—1h. 29m.

AT CHICAGO

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	x	3	7	0
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	6	1

Batteries — Warneke and Hartnett; Haines and Wilson. Umpires—Magerkurth and Moran. Time—1h. 43m.

AT PITTSBURGH

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Pittsburgh	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	x	4	9	2
Cincinnati	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	2

Batteries—French and Grace; Lucas and Lombardi. Umpires—Stark, Pfirman and Klem. Time—1h. 37m.

BAY STATE TEAM WINS

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 1—Massachusetts women golfers, represented by the Southern District team, winner of the recent Bay State spring team series, defeated Rhode Island's strongest lineup at the Agawam Hunt Club yesterday, 6 matches to 3. Last year Rhode Island won the annual interstate match.

BELL IS RETURNED TO CUBS

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 1 (AP)—Lester Bell, third baseman, obtained on option by Louisville of the American Association, from the Chicago Cubs two days before the opening of the season, has been returned to the Cubs. Bell's work with the Colonels failed to reach expectations.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

RESULTS MAY 31

Minneapolis 6, St. Paul 4.
Other clubs not scheduled.

Manush's Batting Too Much for A's

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P. C.
New York	32	11	.718
Detroit	24	16	.600
Washington	20	17	.588
Philadelphia	23	18	.561
Cleveland	24	20	.545
St. Louis	19	24	.442
Chicago	15	27	.357
Boston	7	32	.179

RESULTS MAY 31

Washington 5, Philadelphia 4. (12 innings.)
Chicago 6, Cleveland 5.
Detroit at St. Louis (postponed).
Other clubs not scheduled.

Washington went into a virtual tie for second place in the American League standing yesterday by taking a close 12-inning battle from Connie Mack's Philadelphia Athletics, 5 to 4. The Senators are still several percentage points behind the Detroit Tigers, but in games, the two clubs are the same. The defeat cost the A's a chance to climb into third place. In the only other contest played yesterday in the junior circuit, Chicago beat Cleveland, 6 to 5. The Detroit-St. Louis game was rained out, while the other clubs were not scheduled.

Heinie Manush's big bat was the deciding factor in Washington's overtime victory over the champion Athletics. The hard-hitting outfielder came through with a timely triple in the twelfth to drive home Buddy Myer, who also had tripled. Manush almost broke up the ball game in the eleventh when he hit a homer off George Earnshaw, but the A's came back in their half of the inning and tied the score again. Tony Freitas, rookie left hander recently secured from the Pacific Coast League, pitched good ball for the Athletics during the first 10 innings, before being relieved by Earnshaw. Carl Reynolds hit a homer for the Senators in the second inning.

A five-run rally in the sixth inning, helped along by two errors, gave the White Sox a victory over the Indians. Vosmik and Morgan made misplays in this inning that figured prominently in the scoring of the winning run. Ted Lyons pitched for the White Sox, and although hit hard at times and not given the best support, managed to pull through on top. Earl Averill's homer with one man on in the ninth was wasted. Clint Brown worked for the Indians and would have won his game had his support been better. The scores:

AT PHILADELPHIA

In'gs—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	R	H	E
Wash'n	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	5	11	1
Phila	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	13	1

Batteries—Ragland, Fischer, Weaver and Spencer, Berg; Freitas, Earnshaw and Cochrane. Winning pitcher—Weaver. Losing pitcher—Earnshaw. Umpires—Geisel, Van Grafian and Guthrie. Time—2h. 38m.

AT CLEVELAND

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	6	8	4
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	5	13	3

Batteries—Lyons and Grube; Brown and Myatt. Umpires — Dinneen and Ormsby. Time—1h. 50m.

NEW ZEALAND NAMES TEAM FOR OLYMPICS

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

AUCKLAND, N. Z.—It is hoped to send a team of 18 representatives from New Zealand to the Olympic Games at Los Angeles. The largest section will be the rowers, who will number 10 with a coach and a coxswain. New Zealand will enter an eight and the team will also compete in the fours, pairs, and double sculls events. Rowing is a very popular sport in the Dominion and these oarsmen should do well.

The runners are A. J. Elliott, 100 and 200 meters; S. A. Black, 200 and 400 meters; and Miss T. Tench, 100 meters. Elliott is a magnificent figure of a man, and in this year's national championships covered the 220 yards in 21 2-5s. He has a beautiful style. He competed unsuccessfully in the Empire Games in Canada, and later, though he broke 10s. for the 100 yards, was beaten in the United States. Black, at the championships, ran a brilliant 440 yards in the record time for New Zealand of 48 4-5s. Miss Tench won the 100 yards ladies' championship in 11 1-5s.

DARTMOUTH MEN NAMED

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

HANOVER, N. H., June 1—Out of 11 men named to represent Dartmouth at the Intercollegiate A. A. A. A. meet at Berkeley, July 1 and 2, five are sophomores. Coach Harry L. Hillman named the men to make the trip as follows: Albert C. Hine Jr. '34, 100- and 220-yard dashes; Charles J. Chapman '33 and Albert E. Kahn '34, 120- and 220-yard hurdles; Robert M. Lindstrom '34, Calvin H. Milans '33 and Stephen T. Woodbury '34, high jump; Ward S. Donner '33, broad jump; Arthur E. Nissen '34, hammer throw; Capt. Elliot B. Noyes '32, 440-yard dash; Joseph W. Langley '32, 880-yard run; and Malcolm W. Metcalfe '32, javelin throw.

BALDWIN ELECTED CAPTAIN

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 1—Lawrence A. Baldwin '33 has been elected captain of the Yale varsity polo team for next year. He was regular back on this year's team. Last year he was a member of the junior varsity and he captained his freshman team. His home is in Maui, Hawaii.

MRS. L. D. CHENEY IS ELIMINATED

Last United States Entry in British Women's Golf Defeated

SAUNTON, Eng., June 1 (AP)—Mrs. Louis D. Cheney, last surviving American in the British women's golf championship, was eliminated in the semifinal round today by Enid Wilson, defending titleholder. Miss Wilson won 3 and 2 after leading all the way.

Miss Purvis - Russell - Montgomery defeated Mrs. H. Clarke of Ireland, in the other semifinal, 3 and 2, and will play Miss Wilson tomorrow in the 36-hole final.

Mrs. Cheney fought bravely in what proved to be the best match of the tournament so far, but never could quite match the strokes of the tall English girl. Miss Wilson, a powerful player with the wooden clubs, crushed Mrs. Cheney on the long finishing holes where the American woman had trouble with her brassie.

Playing close to par all the way, Miss Wilson delivered the final blow with a tremendous wood shot to the edge of the sixteenth green while Mrs. Cheney was topping a brassie shot. It was simple then for the British girl to chip up close and sink a six-foot putt for the hole and the match.

It was a gallant campaign for a title no American ever has won and Mrs. Cheney received congratulations from British as well as American onlookers in the galleries for her courageous stand against a woman who must be counted with the great of English golf.

Mrs. Cheney reached the semifinals by defeating Beryl Brown of Formby, six-times Lancashire champion, this morning, 3 and 2. The sole remaining representative of the United States, played the same safe, steady brand of golf that had carried her successfully through the 36-hole qualifying round and through three rounds of match play.

She was behind only once in her quarterfinal match with Miss Brown, the English girl winning the first hole with a par 3. Mrs. Cheney got that one back at the second and never thereafter was behind. Miss Brown twice squared the match, once at the fifth and again at the tenth, but Mrs. Cheney applied pressure and won three of the four holes from the twelfth through the fifteenth and then halved the sixteenth to end the match.

The American played as good golf as the current championship so far has seen. She was out in 37 and made no mistakes after the tenth where her brassie landed on the side of a sand dune while Miss Brown, dead with her second, won the hole and wiped out the American's lead.

Miss Enid Wilson, defending champion, continued her winning streak in the morning round today, defeating Kathleen Garnham, 3 and 2.

Mrs. Clark eliminated Wanda Morgan of England, 2 up; and Miss Purvis-Russell-Montgomery defeated the Irish champion, Dorothy Ferguson, 4 and 2.

Owners of Bowling Alleys Meet June 7

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 1—Bowling alley proprietors from all parts of the United States are to meet in Detroit, June 7, to form a national organization, it is anonunced here by W. V. Thompson, veteran bowling organizer. The call has been sent to 700 proprietors by John F. Bauer, first president of the Detroit Bowling Alley Owners' Association.

Most of the big cities, said Mr. Thompson, have alley-keeper organizations, and some of them are very strong and active. The Detroit association has long been a pacesetter in the adoption of measures benefiting the game, and its experience has indicated the probable value of a national body.

MISS GUGGOLZ SELECTED

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, June 1—Miss Muriel Guggolz, youthful Salle d'Armes Vince fencer, has been chosen as the third member of the United States women's Olympic fencing team, it was announced by Leon M. Schoonmaker, manager of the team. The other two members are Miss Dorothy Locke, newly crowned United States senior champion, and Miss Marion Lloyd, former national title holder. Miss Gugolz's selection came as the result of a special round-robin series held during the last three weeks to designate the third member. Miss Guggolz scored a clean sweep.

HARRY TAYLOR TO READING

CHICAGO, June 1 (AP)—The Chicago Cubs yesterday released Harry Taylor, utility first baseman, on option to the Reading club of the International League. Taylor was purchased from Seattle of the Pacific Coast League last winter. The Cubs may recall Taylor on 24 hours' notice.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

RESULTS MAY 31

Jersey City 3, Newark 1.
Baltimore 12, Reading 2.
Buffalo 10, Toronto 8.
Rochester 9, Montreal 3.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

RESULTS MAY 31

Hollywood 6, Missions 3.
Portland 4, Oakland 1.
San Francisco 1, Los Angeles 1.
Seattle 6, Sacramento 5.

COLLEGE BASEBALL RESULTS

Hanover 7, Central Normal 6.
Michigan 8, Ohio State 4.
N. Y. Yankees 9, West Point 3.
Oregon State 4, Oregon 3.

Patriotism to Be Used to Swell Fund

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 1—Patriotism is being used as the basic appeal in the drive begun here to raise this city's $50,000 quota toward financing the United States team for the Olympic Games in Los Angeles, July 30 to Aug. 14. A force of solicitors is being organized with headquarters in a vacated banking establishment, and Philip E. Clarke, president of the Central Republic Bank, is acting as treasurer of the Chicago Olympic Committee.

J. L. Bingham, assistant to the president of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States who is directing the campaign, feels sure that Chicago can raise a good part of its quota. He sees it as a question largely of reaching the greatest number of people. He feels that President Hoover voiced a general sentiment in stating that "it will be expected by all Americans that their team will be represented by full strength and be of the best in character and ability to perform that we have to offer."

Relying upon this sentiment, Mr. Bingham is confident that Chicagoans will respond upon being given the opportunity.

Avery Brundage, president of the American Olympic Committee, returned yesterday from meetings in the East with the word efforts to raise the $350,000 national fund must be increased in all parts of the country. The team will begin to form, as the result of the various tryouts, before the end of June, and so far only $35,000 has been turned in to the American Olympic treasurer, George W. Graves, at Detroit.

Many cities have portions of their quotas raised, it is stated, and are holding the funds back hoping to complete them. Many important sport events, which will turn their gate receipts over to the fund, are yet to be held. The belief is expressed here that the United States will yet be able to finance a fairly representative team.

In his letter President Hoover called attention to the fact that the assembling, training, coaching and equipment of 500 athletes needs organization and money. "It is especially gratifying," he said, "to note that now, as always, America's participation is to be financed by voluntary gifts, thus being an expression of good will and coöperation on the part of our generous and sport-loving general public."

A. E. PLUMB BETTERS ROAD-WALKING TIME

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

BIRMINGHAM, Eng.—A. E. Plumb of the North London Harriers took nearly three minutes off the record when he won the British national 20-mile road-walking championship here May 7. Plumb gave some hint that he could amble along at rather above the average pace when he covered the course in the record time of 2h. 46m. 30.4s. two years ago. Now several people, including the famous T. W. Green, are convinced that he can walk quite fast if he tries. Anyhow, he beat Green, holder of the London-to-Brighton record, by close upon five minutes, taking the lead at 12½ miles. T. Lloyd Johnson of Leicester Walking Club, the winner in 1931, retired after the eleventh mile. There were 186 competitors and the order, names, clubs and times of the first six home were:

	H	M	S
A. E. Plumb, N. London Harriers	2	43	38⅗
T. W. Green, Belgrave Harriers	2	48	34
W. Archibald, Surrey Walk'g Club	2	49	10
F. Rickards, Belgrave Harriers	2	49	21
S. A. Fletcher, Derby Walking and Athletic Club	2	50	26
J. H. Ludlow, Derby Walking and Athletic Club	2	51	7

The team championship resulted in a victory, as last year, for Derby Walking and Athletic Club, with a total of 37 points, against Sheffield United Harriers' 45, Surrey Walking Club's 51, Belgrave Harriers' 97, Birmingham Walking Club's 105 and Enfield Athletic Club's 113.

DODGE TO LEAD TRACK TEAM

Nathan P. Dodge Jr., '33 of Milton has been elected captain of the Harvard varsity track and field team for 1933. George M. Fenollosa '33 of Salem is the new manager. Dodge prepared at Milton Academy, where he was a member of the track team three years and a member of the football team two years. He captained his freshman team at Harvard and won a varsity "H" in 1931. He also was a member of the combined Harvard-Yale team which met Oxford-Cambridge at Stamford Bridge, Eng., in 1931. He was secretary-treasurer of his sophomore class and a member of the student council.

INTERCOUNTY GOLF TITLE TO SURREY

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

SANDWICH, Eng.—Surrey, represented by Reginald Straker, Cyril Gray, Douglas Grant and Dale Bourn, has won the 1932 English intercountry golf championship after an exciting competition with 14 other teams. The winners returned an aggregate of 620 strokes for the 144 holes they played (36 each) and this was five strokes fewer than the total of Lancashire's quartet, 10 fewer than that of Worcestershire's. The result actually depended on what Stanley Lunt, Worcestershire's fourth man, could do. If he had followed up his morning 75 with 73, his team would have been champions; but the task was beyond him and he turned in a card of 11 over fours.

Worcestershire was leading halfway through the program. Chris Buckley, a former member of the famous Aston Villa soccer football team, headed the list at the end of the first round with a total of 74, the outcome of some specially good putting, and he was well supported by Eric Fiddian (subsequently the 1932 English native champion) and Allan Newey, who took 79 and 80 shots, respectively. Lancashire came into second place during the afternoon, assisted by a splendid 71 by Harry Bentley, holder of the French amateur championship. Bentley's consistent brilliance makes him worthy of serious consideration as a British Walker Cup "possible" to meet America next September.

WOMEN PLAY PONY POLO IN AUSTRALIA

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

MELBOURNE, Vic.—Still another of man's sporting arenas in Australia has been invaded by woman; she has begun to play polo.

The first matches between women's teams were played at Frankston, near Melbourne. The one concession to male experience was that each team was captained by a man. All the women players are resident in the district. They needed no tuition in horsemanship, and are rapidly acquiring proficiency in the tactics of the game and in stick manipulation.

Each woman player has two or three ponies, cared for by herself. Older players have presented sticks, and the Ranelagh Club lent its ground for the first matches.

In these days of financial stringency, £200 polo ponies are out of the question. The women players find they can get good ponies for £6 and £7 each.

W. E. THOMPSON REELECTED

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Penna., June 1—William Reed Thompson 33 of Washington, Penna., who went through the 1932 season undefeated as Washington and Jefferson College's No. 1 player, has been re-elected captain of the tennis team. Thompson is the son of Dr. A. E. Thompson, former Washington and Jefferson and University of Pennsylvania baseball star.

WOLVERINE-OHIO STATE EVEN SERIES

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 1—In the final home appearance of the Ohio State University baseball team this year, Michigan finally won out, 8 to 4, yesterday, to give the two teams an even break for the four games played this season. Curtailed schedules caused the Michigan-Ohio State rivalry to be broadened out to four games—each a two-day series.

Yesterday's game went along about even until the eighth inning, when, with Michigan leading 5 to 4, the Wolverines scored three runs to clinch the game. Michigan outhit the Buckeyes, 10 to 6, and made one error, while Ohio State's four errors proved costly, resulting in three runs. H. A. Workmaster '34, Ohio State shortstop, was forced out of the game in the second inning.

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Michigan	0	0	1	0	3	1	0	3	0	8	10	1
Ohio State	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	4	6	4

Batteries—McNeal, Wistert and Diffley; Condon and Sharp. Umpires—Bechtel and Bailey. Time—2h. 12m.

A. A. U. WRESTLING JUNE 27

NEW YORK, June 1 (AP)—The National Amateur Athletic Union of the United States wrestling championships, taking in eight classes from flyweight through the heavyweights, will be held outdoors in the new Madison Square Garden bowl on Long Island during the week of June 27. The A. A. U. also announced yesterday that the tournament, for which an exceptionally large entry list is expected because of Olympic team tryouts later, probably would run through several nights.

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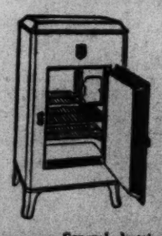
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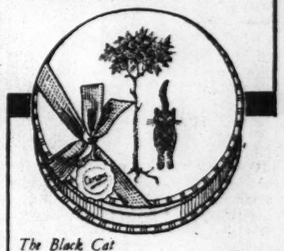
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THE HOME FORUM

On the Writing of Essays

THERE are two things about essays and essay writing—ah, yes, at least two!—which I do not at all understand. Before proceeding to name them, however, I should like to make it clear that when I use the word "essay" I refer to the thing itself, and not to this or that vague approximation which is erroneously called by the same name. Any child can comprehend the nature of a literary article, the purpose of which is merely to instruct; there is no mystery about that vast body of literature which seeks mainly to edify and to improve us; and, finally, the effort of all argumentation to convince our reason and so to reshape our conduct is clear to everyone. But the essay, using that good word in the good sense to which I would at present confine it, never argues, never seeks to edify, never attempts to instruct. All these things it may really do, indeed, but always indirectly and without deliberate intention. The essay exists for its own sufficient sake, like a flower, like "a melody that's sweetly played in tune," and they do it wrong who strive to extract from it any sort of utility other than that of selfless contemplation.

Having now attended to this elementary distinction, concerning which I have no doubt whatever, I proceed to the questions that puzzle me. And the first of these is the question, why everyone who writes at all does not, at least now and then, write essays. For consider, in the first place, how easy they are to write! Without any learning, without any ideas, and even without a topic, one may make a thoroughly good essay, if he has the skill. The thing has been done. (A title, to be sure, one must have—ah, how well I know it, and how hard that title often is to find!—but, then, titles and topics are quite different things). I should not care to assert that a topic or theme is a positive hindrance to success, but only that, if the essayist has one, he must feel free at every moment to forget it and go cheerfully about some quite different business, as Charles Lamb does in his essay on Old China. Neither is learning an insuperable impediment to the essayist, if only he has enough humor to keep it always in its subordinate place. Montaigne himself was a very erudite man, but there was something in him—call it humor, good sense, the feeling for proportion, or what you will—that always smiled at erudition. With regard to ideas, I think it would be too severe to deny them to the essayist altogether; for we are to consider that he is essentially and almost by definition a man who delights in the play of thought and mood, and that out of this play something in the nature of ideas will almost inevitably evolve itself. What we may say with assurance is that his ideas, if he has them, will never harden into opinions, dogmas, or any other sort of intellectual axes to grind. Whatever he may do with them elsewhere—and of course it is natural that even the most devoted and industrious essayist should have one or two avocations—he must use them in his essays somewhat as a painter uses his pigments, with an eye rather to their harmonies and contrasts than to their separate values. William Hazlitt had a host of ideas, and, what is more, he bristled with prejudices, but they disturb us not at all while we are reading that serene midsummer essay of his, *On Going a Journey*, in which all the thoughts and moods are keyed together like the color tones in a landscape by his beloved Gainsborough.

The mere ease of any process, however, is not in itself a sufficient recommendation of it, and we have still to ask whether it is in any way profitable, or else pleasant. The profits of essay writing is a topic which I prefer to pass by with all possible speed, but upon the pleasure of it I would linger a little. To me, at least, it has always seemed somewhat like the work of the diver who lets himself down into the green wavering shadows of the sea floor and there scoops together all the shining shells he can find, in the hope that one of them may contain a pearl of price; only, of course, the essayist plunges into his own past and gropes among the débris of his memories. Yes, a groping and fumbling business it certainly is, but then it is repaid by such surprises! For there are two interpretations that may be put upon that famous motto of Montaigne's: *Que Sais-je?* When he said: "What do I know?" he may have spoken disparagingly of his knowledge, intending only to express the deep humility always to be found in deep scholars. This ironic and self-derisory intent is the one we usually attribute to the words; but, on the other hand, the motto may have been meant as a real interrogation, expressing a real uncertainty about the extent of his intellectual riches, and a determination to survey them. My own conviction is that Montaigne meant both these things at once, for I believe that a good essayist ought to mean them both. He should be humble in his hopes, but this humility ought not to damp the courage needed for his self-exploration.

Well, then, if the writing of essays is so easy a thing, and so pleasant as well, why are there so few who do it? Taking a census of the world of letters at any given point of time, one may confidently expect to find one thousand novelists, five hundred poets, and one hundred playwrights for every essayist worthy of the name. This, I say, is a rather mysterious thing. Of course, there are approximations almost innumerable. They are to be found even in the ancient world. Plutarch had at least the garrulity and the curiosity of an essayist; Cicero had his delight in the mere sounds of words and in pure literary form; Seneca had his sententiousness; Pliny his cheerful egoism, and Horace—well, Horace had almost everything that goes to make an essayist superb and consummate, except prose. In English, Bacon has the name of an essayist without being one, Cowley was one without the name, Steele and Addison taken together made a fair one. Goldsmith alone was a better, but Hazlitt, of course, was best. Johnson's hand was by far too heavy and Hartley Coleridge's was somewhat too light. Charles Lamb overdid the whimsical and Leigh Hunt—much as it goes against the grain to find any fault with him—was a bit too exclusively graceful and charming. Emerson failed here, wherever else he succeeded, by an excessive emphasis upon ideas. Thoreau, for the most part too earnest and deficient in form, wrote just one essay, *The Landlord*, as though to prove that he could. Lowell might certainly have been one of the supreme essayists of all time had he been slightly less self-assured and not quite so overpoweringly informative. Holmes, although he chose to disguise the form under a semblance of talk at a breakfast table, was really an essayist of the first flight. What a wealth of invention there was in him, what ever-bubbling springs of humor, what mastery of the suddenly flashing phrase, what a range of knowledge and caprice and reflection, and how well he knew his world—or, at any rate, his Boston! And yet, even when we are thinking of Hazlitt and of Holmes, we are obliged to admit that only one writer has ever carried the essay to anything like the heights that have been attained by the lyric, by drama, and by fiction, and that his name is not an English name but a French one, Montaigne. Almost one might assert that nothing not to be found in Montaigne is proper to the essay, and, conversely, that whoever cares to know what the essay essentially is should give his days and nights to the study of that many-faceted Frenchman, so free and elastic and flexible, or, to use his own phrase, so *ondoyant et divers*.

...unduating and diverse," ...ys unmistakably a single ... have traveled much inward, even though one has never left one's native township; to be original without eccentricity, and spontaneous without being trivial; to speak one's deepest thoughts with a smile, which deprecates without apology; to be honest always and yet unduly earnest never; to sympathize without sentimentality, and to be severe in judgment without rancor; to be a smiler at this life's feast and to smile most of all at oneself; to be able to match and comprehend and phrase every man's and woman's mood, and not to have forgotten the moods of the child; to be, in a word, inexhaustible—there are some of the criteria by which the perfect essayist, were he granted to us, might be known. Perhaps, after all, we need not wonder much that essayists are rare.

But why—and here is my second question—are there so few readers of those we have? Does everyone insist nowadays upon being informed, excited, or edified, and are there no more persons who read for cultivated entertainment, as a flower takes sunlight? To find a true essay is like uncovering a forest spring, bubbling from one knows not what cool deeps of darkness. Few readers in our time, it seems to me, know this, and few are capable of disinterested pleasure in the play of thought and mood. Yet it may well be that I am wrong, in which case I should most gladly apologize.

ODELL SHEPARD.

The Christian Science Monitor—© G. Röboke, Freiburg im Breisgau

Courtyard of the Kaufhaus, Freiburg, Germany

THE beautiful old city of Freiburg im Breisgau, in the grand-duchy of Baden, is still a place of clear streams of mountain water. In ancient days the river ran along open channels in the town, supplying water to house and field. Fifty years ago stone gutters were made for the water to flow in, but the streams were not inclosed, and today one can still enjoy the fresh current of air stirred by the water as it sparkles along.

The town is irregularly built. While it would be the despair of the modern town-planner, to a lover of the picturesque it is a never failing source of delight, for every street corner has a new and enchanting view to offer. So natural, so tranquil is the atmosphere of the place that one feels immediately at home. There is the sober dignity of the Gothic Kornhaus and, to the right of the Minster, the splendid façade of the Kaufhaus (the Merchants' Hall where the merchants of the city used to meet), built in the sixteenth century in the German Renaissance style. A row of rounded arches leads into the courtyard. Here, in olden days, market produce was brought to be weighed on the public scales, and here to this day you can still see the ancient beam from which the scales depended.

If you climb up the stairs and pass through the hall, which now serves as a conference chamber for the city deputies, take a seat in one of the round turrets and look out through the small paned windows, you may well ask yourself whether you are living in the Middle Ages or in the twentieth century. To step out onto the balcony is to find yourself between little oriel towers, roofed with gay yellow and green shingles. On the one hand is the towering stonework of the minster and on the other the green wooded mountain slopes in the background rise above the roofs of the town.

Journey in the Wilderness

The next day we were early at work. Nuflo had already gathered, dried, and conveyed to a place of concealment the greater portion of his garden produce. He was determined to leave nothing to be taken away by any wandering party of savages that might call at the house during our absence. He had no fear of a visit from his neighbors; they would not know, he said, that he and Rima were out of the wood. A few large earthen pots, filled with shelled maize, beans, and sun-dried strips of pumpkin, still remained to be disposed of. Taking up one of these vessels and asking me to follow with another, he started off through the wood. We went a distance of five or six hundred yards; then made our way down a very steep incline, close to the border of the forest on the western side. . . .

Nuflo, stealing silently and softly before me through the bushes, had observed a caution and secrecy in approaching this spot resembling that of a wise old hen when she visits her hidden nest to lay an egg. And here was his nest, his most secret treasure-house, which he had probably not revealed even to me without a sharp inward conflict. . . .

The old man, cautious in all his movements, always acting as if surrounded by invisible spies, delayed setting out until an hour after dark. Then, skirting the forest on its west side, we left Ytaioa on our right hand, and after travelling over rough, difficult ground, with only the stars to light us, we saw the waning moon rise not long before dawn. Our course had been a north-easterly one at first; now it was due east, with broad, dry savannahs and patches of open forest as far as we could see before us. It was weary walking on the first night, and weary waiting on the first day when we sat in the shade during the long, hot hours, persecuted by small stinging flies; but the days and nights that succeeded were far worse, when the weather became bad with intense heat and frequent heavy falls of rain.

The one compensation I had looked for, which would have outweighed all the extreme discomforts we suffered, was denied me. Rima was no more to me, or with me, now than she had been during those wild days in her native woods, when every bush and bole and tangled creeper or fern-frond had joined in a conspiracy to keep her out of my sight. It is true that at intervals in the daytime she was visible, sometimes within speaking distance, so that I could address a few words to her, but there was no companionship, and we were fellow-travellers only like wild birds flying independently in the same direction, not so widely separated but that they can occasionally hear and see each other. The pilgrim in the desert is sometimes attended by a bird, and the bird, with its freer motions, will often leave him a league behind and seem lost to him, but only to return and show its form again; for it has never lost sight of the traveller toiling slowly over the surface. Rima kept us company in some such wild, erratic way as that. A word, a sign from Nuflo was enough for her to know the direction to take; the distant forest or still more distant mountain near which we would have to pass. She would hasten on and be lost to our sight, and when there was a forest in the way, she would explore it, resting in the shade and finding her own food; but invariably she was before us at each resting or camping place.—From "Green Mansions," by W. H. HUDSON.

Grass-Tops

What bird are you in the grass-tops?
Your poise is enough of an answer,
With your wing-tips like up-curving fingers
Of the slow-moving hands of a dancer . . .

And what is so nameless as beauty,
Which poets, who give it a name,
Are only unnaming forever?—
Content, though it go, that it came.

—WITTER BYNNER, in "A Canticle of Pan."

Stevenson Plans the South Sea Cruise

I went up to Saranac several times to see Stevenson. He was living in the Baker cottage, a rented furnished house near an ice-pond with trees around it. I remember once I took up a pair of skates for him and a pair for myself, and we skated. . . . He told me, during that visit, that he had two new novels in mind, one of them a sequel to "Kidnapped." The other was "St. Ives." I told him that I would take either story and pay him eight thousand dollars for it. He blushed and looked confused and said that his price was eight hundred pounds (four thousand dollars), and that he must consult his wife and Will Low before he made any agreement. He went on to say that he didn't think any novel of his was worth as much as eight thousand dollars, and that he wouldn't be tempted to take as much money as that for a novel, if it were not for a plan he had in mind. . . .

The evening of the day on which I offered Stevenson an increase in his serial rates was the first time I ever heard him talk of his desire to take a long ocean cruise. He told me again that he didn't think his novels were worth what I had offered him, and that the consideration which most influenced him to accept such a price was his wish to take a yacht and live for a while at sea. I thought at once of "An Inland Voyage" and "Travels With a Donkey," and told him that if he would write a series of articles describing his travels, I would syndicate them for enough money to pay the expenses of his trip. I think the South Seas must have been mentioned that evening, for I remember that after I returned to New York I sent him a number of books about the South Seas, including a South Pacific directory. The next time I went to Saranac, we actually planned out the South Pacific cruise, talking about it until late into the night.

That was a night not easily forgotten. Stevenson's imagination was thoroughly aroused. He walked up and down the floor, or stood leaning against the mantel, inventing one project after another. We planned that when he came back he was to make a lecture tour and talk on the South Seas; that he was to take a phonograph along and make records of the sounds of the sea and wind, the songs and speech of the natives, and that these records were to embellish his lectures. We planned the yacht and the provisioning of the yacht, and all possible adventures. We planned a good deal more than a man could ever accomplish, but it was all real that night and out of that talk came the South Sea cruise.—S. S. McCLURE, in "My Autobiography."

La Supremacía del Amor

Traducción del artículo sobre la Ciencia Cristiana publicado en inglés en esta página

EN CONTESTACIÓN a la pregunta de cuál era el Mandamiento principal, Cristo Jesús subrayó la importancia suprema del amor, tanto por Dios como por nuestro prójimo. San Juan, el discípulo bien amado de Jesús, indicó la imposibilidad de amar a Dios sin amar también a nuestro hermano. Hasta designó una profesión de amor por Dios, faltando en amor por cualquiera de nuestros semejantes, como una falsedad. San Juan también declara que "Dios es amor" (según la versión castellana de la Biblia de Cipriano de Valera). Así el Amor tiene que ser un Principio comprensible y demostrable y que se puede reconocer como causa o fuente de todo lo que existe en realidad, abrazando salud, armonía, paz, felicidad y bondad. Es, pues, un hecho que el Amor es Vida y que está al alcance de todo el mundo.

Para progresar en la adquisición de un carácter cristiano es menester que cedamos más y más a la influencia del Amor divino, expresando de esta manera nuestra semejanza a Dios. Tenemos que llegar a ser más amables y más amantes. La comprensión del Amor divino como abrazando toda realidad es la herencia privilegiada de todo hijo de Dios. El hombre no es limitado, sino el reflejo completo de Dios, el Amor divino. Sin el amor todos las otras virtudes no cuentan como nada, según San Pablo. A través de todo su ministerio Cristo Jesús enseñó, tanto por precepto como por su práctica, que el amor gobierna con supremacía en el reino de Dios; y así la religión verdadera tiene que estar sujeta a la ley del Amor.

La cuestión se presenta ¿cómo se puede entender y expresar el Amor divino? La contestación es sencilla. Jesús dijo: "Bienaventurados los de limpio corazón: porque ellos verán á Dios." Los de pensamiento puro ven, entienden y reflejan el Amor. Bondad, honradez, humildad son compañeros del Amor, y ayudan a guiar a un conocimiento práctico de Principio. Pureza de pensamiento es el resultado de una comprensión y expresión de realidades espirituales—las ideas de la Mente, Dios. Un esfuerzo concienzudo de reflejar el Amor aporta a la experiencia humana un influjo benéfico, no sólo sobre nosotros sino también sobre todos aquellos con los cuales llegamos a estar en contacto. El Amor nos lleva a experiencias nuevas, a medida que el pensamiento adelanta de la región de las fábulas materiales al reino divino de la realidad. Posibilidades extraordinarias e inesperadas se revelan juntas con influencias y oportunidades de bien incalculable.

La reflexión de amor ennoblece nuestra vida diaria y trae la luz de dirección inteligente a todas nuestras experiencias humanas. El amor aniquila el miedo; el amor es siempre paciente y considerado, no es nunca celoso ni dañino, no es nunca egoísta ni rencoroso, es reacio para exponer las faltas de los demás y siempre dispuesto a creer lo mejor, espera lo bueno, y está siempre asociado con ternura y bondad compasiva. Odio, cólera y resentimiento son sentimientos imposibles para él que ama verdaderamente. Cualquier pensamiento que no sea de acuerdo absoluto con la ley del Amor, tiene que ser corregido para asegurar la solución de los problemas de la vida. Confianza sin reservas en el poder del amor nos hace posible apoyarnos completamente en Dios y demostrar la presencia de la realidad divina. Los discípulos que habían trabajado toda la noche sin éxito, se volvieron al amanecer del día a la influencia guiadora del Amor, y su responder obediente fué premiado con éxito, pasando sus expectaciones. La victoria viene como resultado de nuestra disposición constante de volvernos hacia el buen lado en confianza y obediencia a la dirección del Amor divino.

El Amor infinito, que Cristo Jesús aceptaba sin duda y sin reservas, le habilitó para dar una prueba positiva de la inmortalidad. El amor de Dios para todos sus hijos siendo sin límites, infinito, debe de estar siempre al alcance de todos. Una comprensión de las relaciones verdaderas del hombre con Dios, una realización de la presencia del Amor, aquí y ahora, es necesaria para asegurar armonía perfecta en este momento mismo. La supremacía del Amor es un hecho inmortal de la existencia verdadera.

Mrs. Eddy dice en la página 494 del libro de texto de la Ciencia Cristiana, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures": "El Amor divino siempre ha suplido y siempre suplirá todo lo que haga falta a la humanidad."

Información respecto a la literatura de la Ciencia Cristiana publicada en este idioma puede obtenerse dirigiéndose a la Casa Editorial de la Ciencia Cristiana (The Christian Science Publishing Society).

Doors to the Long Ago

When de Mareau's famous painting of "The Village Blacksmith" was exhibited in our city, I took my daughter to see it, and I was sorry that the exquisite picture meant nothing to her beyond the fine technique of the artist and the realism of each item portrayed.

To me it opened doors to the Long Ago. Again I was a shy little country girl, in the sweet, dusky gloom of an old blacksmith shop. The ringing anvil, the flying sparks, the staccato clang, clang of the hammer on white-hot metal—the hiss and steam as the fiery shoe was plunged into water. The busy smithy, wearing a great leather apron, straddling a leg of the patient horse while he set the shoe he had so carefully shaped and fitted. Me waving a "shoo-fly" to keep the flies from the horse, thus restraining him from stamping and kicking.

These were things my daughter will never know, for almost every old blacksmith shop in the land has been transposed into an impudently pretentious gas station; and the clop clop of ironshod hoofs on city streets is seldom heard—unless one visits a quaint old town, like Quebec, where we spent a holiday three years ago.

An old friend of mine still plies his lifelong trade of blacksmithing, on one of the back streets of a quiet village, off the main-traveled roads. Most of his work now is reconditioning road-makers' tools; yet for long years he, his father and his brothers were busy smiths in a larger shop in the town.

Sixty years ago blacksmithing was a busy trade. These men were up and at work by 6:30 in the morning, to find eighteen or twenty horses waiting to be shod. Three fires were kept going in the shop, and the men were busy all day long, rushing from under one horse to begin work on another, shoeing them swiftly, all around.

Said my friend: "I shod horses for your grandfather fifty years ago." And the telling brought back the memory of my handsome old grandfather, ruddy of face and kindly, seated in his square-topped carriage, with its fringed canopy, and plump white-nosed bay, jogging leisurely along the dusty summer roads to visit us.

"Shoe the horse, and shoe the mare,
And let the little colt go bare."

How often did I croon that bit of nursery nonsense to my children, as I put on their baby shoes, each morning. But what did they, city-bred, know about blacksmith shops, and shoeing horses, about dusty roads, and sparks flying from anvils, and the wheeze of old bellows at a dying fire!

G. K. E.

The Supremacy of Love

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

WHEN answering a question as to which commandment was greatest, Christ Jesus stressed the paramount importance of love for God and for our fellow man. John, the beloved disciple of Jesus, indicated the impossibility of our loving God without loving our brother also. He even designated a profession of love for God, while lacking love for any fellow being, as false. John also informs us that "God is love." Thus Love must be understandable and demonstrable Principle, recognizable as the cause or source of all that really exists, including health, harmony, peace, happiness, and goodness. In fact, Love is Life, and is available to all.

Growth in Christian character demands that we yield more and more to the influence of divine Love, and thereby express true Godlikeness. We must become more lovable and loving. The understanding of divine Love as comprising all reality is the goodly heritage of every child of God. Man is not limited, but the full reflection of God, divine Love. Without love, according to Paul, all other accomplishments count as nothing. Throughout his entire ministry, Christ Jesus taught, by precept and practice, that love rules supreme in God's kingdom; and thus true religion must be subservient to the law of Love.

The question arises, How may one understand and express divine Love? The answer is simple. Jesus said, "Blessed are the pure in heart: for they shall see God." The pure in thought see, understand, reflect Love. Goodness, honesty, humility, walk hand in hand with Love, and thus aid in leading to a practical knowledge of Principle. Purity of thought is the result of realizing and expressing spiritual realities—the ideas of Mind, God. A conscientious effort to reflect Love brings into human experience a beneficent influence, not only on ourselves, but also on all with whom we come in contact. Love leads into new experiences as thought passes from the realm of material fable to God's kingdom of reality. Unaccustomed and unthought-of possibilities are revealed, together with influences and opportunities of incalculable good.

Reflected love dignifies daily life, and carries the light of intelligent direction to all human experience. Love annihilates fear; love is always patient and considerate, is never jealous or harmful, is never selfish or revengeful, is slow to expose the shortcomings of others and ever ready to believe the best, is expectant of good, is always associated with tenderness and sympathetic kindness. Hatred, anger, and resentment are impossible to the one who truly loves. Any thought not in strict accord with the law of Love must be corrected to insure the solution of life's problems. Radical reliance on the power of love enables one to lean confidently on God, and prove the presence of divine reality. The disciples who toiled throughout the night without success turned at the approaching light to the guiding influence of Love, and their obedient response was rewarded with success far beyond their expectations. Victory comes as a result of a sustained willingness to turn to the right side in confident obedience to divine Love's direction.

Infinite Love, accepted without doubt or reserve by Christ Jesus, enabled him to give positive proof of immortality. God's love for all His children, being limitless, infinite, must be ever available. An understanding of man's real relationship to God, a realization of Love's presence, here and now, is requisite to insure perfect harmony at this very moment. The supremacy of Love is an immortal fact of real being.

Mrs. Eddy says on page 494 of the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," "Divine Love always has met and always will meet every human need."

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into Spanish.]

In the Rôle of Miniaturist

Bizet's piano music is not very widely known, and does not therefore contribute much to his fame. Of his efforts in this field the series of pictures which go by the name of Jeux d'Enfants is by far the most attractive. The writing of such unpretentious melodies must have been a labour of love, if one dare judge by the results of that labour, for Bizet satisfied the demands made upon him. We see here a delicious collection of miniatures written with a finely pointed pen. The composer says what he ought to say; he says it with a simplicity and directness suitable to the subjects; he does not, and for this let us be truly thankful, say too much. But we ought, in addition, to acknowledge that he did not confuse the childlike with the childish. The pieces are an invitation to the child's wonderful world, not music for children. The invitation is properly pressing and tempting, and the play of the little ones so cleverly depicted that he who cannot enter into the spirit of it must, indeed, be a churlish fellow.

Technically, there is nothing to say about such a piece as La Poupée; melodically and harmonically, it is all very plain sailing. But this confession made, we are thrown back on the plain fact that the music of the naïve berceuse does meet the case, does capture the right mood in that it is drawn to a small scale and has no deep roots, precisely because it happens to be concerned with a doll. This graceful effusion and its companions should be read as further evidence of Bizet's gifts in the rôle of miniaturist.

Take, for example, the march called Trompette et Tambour; this, like the final galop, Le Bal, strikes me as very typical of one side, and that not the least attractive, of Bizet's talent. To do it justice, we must confess that the march is something more than so many rhythmic measures which serve their turn. . . . The tripping melody, Les Quatre Coins, and the expressive one of that delicious Lilliputian duo, Petite Marie, Petite Femme, are in the same case. They are not just so much music written under pretty titles; they are carefully worked cameos that belong by right to the authentic nursery world. In similar manner, I might speak of every number, only to say, in the end, that I find the entire set happily conceived and executed. Never does Bizet, like a clumsy adult, step without the frontiers of the child's domain. Even where the subject sanctions the expression of a pretty sentiment, as in the nocturne, Colin-Maillard, he is not caught unawares. More I need hardly say. The work makes no pretence to be other than a string of trifles, but they are musical trifles that have a genuine claim on our regard.—D. C. PARKER, in "Georges Bizet."

Upon the River's Marge

Glad in my joy,
My mother smiled amid these scenes and sounds,
And wandered on with gentle step and slow,
While I, in boyish frolic, ran before,
Chasing the butterflies, or in her path
Tossing the gaudy gold of buttercups,
Till sometimes, ere we knew, we stood entranced
Upon the river's marge.

Ever the spell
Of lapsing water tamed my playful mood,
And I reclined in silent happiness
At the tired feet that rested in the shade.
There through the long, bright mornings we remained,
Watching the noisy ferry-boat that plied
Like a slow shuttle through the sunny warp
Of threaded silver from a thousand brooks,
That took new beauty as it wound away:
Or gazing where at Holyoke's verdant base—
Like a slim hound, stretched at his master's feet—
Lay the long, lazy hamlet, Hockanum;
Or, upward turning, traced the line that climbed
O'er splintered rock and clustered foliage
To the bare mountain-top; then followed down
The scars of fire and storm, or paths of gloom
That marked the curtained gorges, till, at last,
Caught by a wisp of white, belated mist,
Our vision rose to trace its airy flight
Beyond the height, into the distant blue.

—J. G. HOLLAND, in "Kathrina."

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FASHIONS AND DRESSMAKING

Hats Becoming to Every Face

By HÉLÈNE VOLKA
Special to The Christian Science Monitor
New York

THIS year a picturesque trend in midsummer modes appears that has not been so well defined in a decade. It presents types greatly varied as to silhouette, their interpretation in matters of fabric, color and detail offering a wide choice and uncommonly ingenious ideas and contrast. Hats have carried forward the pictorial theme in no uncertain manner as a completing costume note wherein color charm and fabric diversity have inspired the utmost variation of contour as well. The happy results of so expert a coördination between costume and millinery groups are now on view in exclusive, moderate, and popular price shops.

The development of fine straws of unfamiliar construction, light in weight and of a supple, fabric-like draping quality, has also brought forward fabrics for brim hats, following upon their great spring success in turban and beret styles. Increased acceptance of fine cottons for formal wear is reflected in the disposal of leading modistes to adopt such materials as organdie, eyelet-embroidered batiste and the many smartly designed newer cotton laces recently brought out in the dress field.

Handled in the most approved ensemble manner, hats may now be found in each of these increasingly successful cottons in the better shops. Each of them also finds sponsors who prefer to combine them with the decoratively beautiful straws of the mid-season and with the mesh effects.

Unusual Contours

In the past two years, hats of extreme brim width have been making headway as garden party features and for various formal late afternoon affairs, held both in and out of doors. The tendency toward delicacy and transparency of texture has brought about research work here and abroad, resulting in revivals of an Asiatic technique and grasp of almost forgotten basic essentials which freshly present, as "innovations," interweavings of little known straws with hemp, ostrich flues, rabbit, goat and horsehairs, strands of wool, cotton, linen, fine grasses, slender twigs and reeds, requiring the native skill of workers in the Philippines, China, Japan, Ceylon, and other remote world centers of this craft.

Such activity has also served to reinstate the far-famed achievements of workers in the Panama and Porto Rican districts, some of which got under way last season with considerable response in the sports field. This year, however, the selection of their highest grade wide-brim, satin-finish specialties of feather weight and traditional wearing qualities, bring a fresh interest into the domain of the exclusive, artistic productions reserved for gala occasions.

Much is heard of the revived "cart wheels" for youthful wearers. These shapes are almost circular in contour as contrasted with the wide-front shallow-back silhouette identified as the "formal occasion" hat. Cart wheels will prove important, both as resort and town-wear choices, which will also do considerable week-ending.

The trimmings of these reinstated and beautiful features are modern in their simplicity, which retains the contour as the important theme. Inch-wide gros-grain or velvet ribbon outlines the upper or lower brim-edge and forms the crown-band, finished with a flat tailored bow. A band of georgette, chiffon, or net may serve the same purpose. Less severe in effect, wide ribbons of soft taffeta or velvet may be posed on a decorative line which partly covers the side of the crown with flat loops, also pressing flat against the brim in a downward line of pastel or vivid color.

Of special interest is the season's novel combination of the supple braids of foreign handcraft which are used in place of ribbon, in pastel or brilliant shades on the natural tones of panama, leghorn, or similar old ivory foundations. Four rows of tiny rosebuds or lilies of the valley, forget-me-nots, or tinted val lace used similarly at once changes the type of capeline to a formal or dressy styling with no loss of contour interest.

The Gibson Girl "sailor," wide of brim, shallow of crown, makes headway both in Paris and New York, but may remain exclusive because of its departure from our long-continued deep-crown sports types. Nevertheless, it gains sponsors who like new things when they are new and is increasingly seen with a narrower brim, but with the shallow crown retained. Ribbon is the most frequent trimming detail of these very new looking hats.

Leaves play a newly decorative rôle, also, and are grouped in flat rosette clusters in charming greens or fanciful shades precisely as the florals are used. Occasionally a contrast such as is afforded by a brilliant sapphire blue, transparent and wide-brimmed, showing flat rosettes of leaves in pale and deep pink, enameled or ciré, arouses approval. Black hats show chartreuse and silver leaf clusters, and a natural panama flat showed brown velvet and yellow-green or citron leaves. Such contrasts are artistically a delight as well as becoming.

Where one hat must serve many practical purposes, the season offers many satisfactory solutions well adapted to a small, well-thought-out wardrobe. For mid-season, however, the all black hat has lost its long-standing prestige, now vigorously contested by the all-white hat, small or large, worn with all-white accessories, smart yet economically sound. So many small white hats may spring out of one's own work-basket that they become the certainties of the season!

Modified Styling

Well, someone inquires, what about the larger flowers and a somewhat narrower, more graceful contour as the becoming hat for "average" faces? This question brings with it a satisfactory reply in that many types of graceline brims are offering inducement to world-famous designers. Charming undulations, including the dip of the line over the right eye so approved at Easter time, indicate a freedom of choice and that this summer will know few limitations in matters of selective taste and judgment.

Large flat flowers have grace and charm when properly placed upon more conservative brims. A wreath of cherries is featured in one of the most exclusive shops in New York as a color and motif contrast to a soft green milan straw cloche, also shown on an antique leghorn. Small flowers are utilized by this artistic designer in a band of pink wild roses, buds and leaves, about the base of the crown on a butter-color Tuscan straw, with a black velvet bow at the back, flat across the brim.

Smaller Hats

Despite the steady gain of the large hat with all classes of followers, it will be found that medium and small hats cannot be ousted on any pretext whatever from the wardrobes of women who have found them to be exceptionally becoming. For the midsummer organdie or batiste frock, the flower-laden small hat is taking turns that will serve to further endear its charm of color, especially in the exquisite garden shades now being adopted for pastel straws and felts by the artists of the millinery world.

Among the most beautiful of the flat rosette floral effects is a pale turquoise felt turban, banded by velvet marigolds in naturalistic coloring. Pink Egyptian daisies formed the edge of a pale yellow maline turban. Pink organdie gardenias stand out in exquisite relief on a beret of green leaves. Yellows daisies and tiny oranges create a crown band upon a small modified sailor shape of glazed open straw, the tone of a copper beech, designed to complete a brown organdie with which are to be worn yellow accessories.

Where the charm of a more informal pictorial handling makes possible the accomplishment of expressive, wearable hats of practical beauty as in the present season, the amateur of genuine talent comes upon a unique opportunity, and possibly an opening door to a professional career!

Courtesy of the Illustrated Milliner to The Christian Science Monitor

Upper Row, Left: For Midsummer Occasions the Broad Brim of This Pink Leghorn Capeline Introduces a Flat Rosette of Buds and Leaves. Center: A Graceline Model in Black With White Pique Flowers Posed at the Left Side, Right: A Parma Violet Straw Shows a Wreath of Forget-Me-Nots in Three Shades of Blue. Lower Row, Left: A Beret-Turban of Glazed Green and Brown Leaves Banded in Pale Pink Flowerets, the Veil Is Brown. Center: A Flower Toque of Hyacinth Blue Maline, With Wild Rose Banding. Right. A Bright Navy of Varnished Milan, With a Rosette of White Carnations and a Bow of Scarlet Velvet Ribbon.

Fashions in Luggage

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau
London

FROM year to year considerable improvements in luggage are carried out, both in color and construction. This season, for instance, the very most up-to-date sets, including wardrobe trunk, suit case and hat box, are made in dark bottle green. Very smart it is, too. The possessors of luggage in blue or brown, however, will be pleased to hear that both these colors are still very fashionable.

As regards innovations in style, the new models all seem to be divided into compartments in some way. A new hooped cabin trunk, in blue vulcanized fiber, for instance, has the bottom divided into a hat compartment, with a set of six sections for shoes at the other end. Over these sections fits a small tray for lingerie, and on top of that is a tray, the full length of the trunk, for frocks.

Two-in-One Trunk

A most interesting novelty that made its first appearance in public at the British Industries Fair was a trunk divided horizontally by adjustable slides, Queen Mary being the first purchaser. The front lets down locker fashion to admit each of the trays being pulled out and packed layer by layer. The great advantage of this arrangement is that if at any time the whole trunk is not required, the slides prevent things from slipping about and getting crushed, when the trunk is handled. A further advantage is that for a married couple two separate pieces of luggage can be dispensed with. Clothes can be packed in this trunk so that the man's heavy suits will not interfere with the light frocks of the woman.

The two-in-one type of luggage illustrates another way in which trunk makers are trying to meet present-day requirements. One example of this is a trunk fitted with a tray which forms a suit case which can be taken out and used separarately. It has the further advantage of saving storage space when not in use. The trunk is a handsome affair in blue vulcanized fiber bound with nickel on brass, which is rustless.

For Young Travelers

A two-in-one suit case has in place of a tray a fitted lady's dressing bag which can also be carried separately when extra space is wanted in the case. Even the baby now has its own special traveling case. This is covered with leather cloth, is light in weight and holds all requisites likely to be needed, including two feeding bottles in a metal case, a thermos flask, a hair-brush and other necessary articles.

The needs of the traveler are also catered for in a delightful pouch handbag of willow calf or morocco. This is divided into two sections on a triple leather covered frame. One section is lined with oil-silk and holds soap, face cloth, and other toilet accessories. The other half is fitted like an ordinary handbag with an inner division.

The man traveler has not been neglected. For him there is a zipper shaving case of the new tweed grained leather in green, containing chromium plated cases. Another novel leather, with what is called fox graining is seen in a "stand up" brush case which looks well on the dressing table.

A golf bag so often appears on the top of a pile of luggage that mention of the latest clever innovation in this direction will not be out of place. It is made of covert cloth and mounted on a tripod that holds it at an angle away from the ground. This automatically closes when the bag is lifted. Its very appropriate name is the auto-caddy golf bag.

Warm Weather Sweaters

Sweaters vie with knitted suits and frocks for popularity, and no wonder when the variety in color, weaves and pattern is observed. There are smart little striped sweaters with high, severe necklines, and, at the other extreme, lacy sweaters with puffed sleeves and frills and furbelows for trimming details. They are found in the delicate flush pinks, yellows and pale blues, so well liked for warm-weather colors. The sleeves of sweaters may be either long or short, but the waistlines are high. White skirts are worn with colored sweaters and soft white vagabond hats or crocheted turbans worn slantingly, with sometimes a cocky feather thrust through the side. For this combination, shoes, bag, and jewelry are also white.

Even when suede jackets are worn for actual sports, so widely has the vogue for white spread that these jackets are procurable in white with colored wrist bands, and if the jacket is waist-length, waist bands also colored to match the skirt, usually dark brown, beige, dark blue and royal blue. Some women prefer the inverse color scheme, however, and select a corduroy, flannel, or jersey skirt in white with a vivid cherry, Guardsman blue or other brightly colored jacket.

For informal dinner gowns, lace in many variations but always dull-surfaced is widely used. Sometimes a frock is not composed entirely of lace but has a yoke, sleeves, or trimming details of lace, while the remainder is either stiffened or unstiffened chiffon. Dresses of this type are especially lovely with short-sleeved bolero jackets, matching lace mitts and fine-mesh stockings.

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Drawn for The Christian Science Monitor

GOLFING SUITS FROM LONDON

Showing the Popular Woolen Jumper With Low-Cut Front, and the Short Double-Breasted Jacket.

The popular little jacket and pullover are ideal for summer golf, as they reach only to the waist and so give the desirable freedom to the hips for a natural swing of the clubs. They can be worn over a sleeveless frock. The woolen jumper with the low-cut front is specially popular this season. The ribbing fits tightly to the waist. The short double-breasted jacket, with becoming deep revers, is ideally made in weatherproof corduroy velveteen or in suede cloth.

A Seamless Waistcoat

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

AMONG the "easy-to-make" accessories is an amusingly simple one-piece waistcoat, seamless, and requiring no pattern. A square of 36-inch material, cut in half, diagonally, will make two of these convenient little "blousettes," or the necessary single triangle can be cut from whatever dress goods one may have available. The skirt of a discarded crêpe or satin dress can be used to good advantage in this way.

The long, bias side of the triangle which forms this unique accessory is the lower edge of the waistcoat, and, for an average figure, provides sufficient length to encircle the waist and tie or snap in the back. The square corner, opposite this long, bias side of the triangle, forms the neck-opening and should be folded on a true bias and slashed to the center of the triangle. The two pointed ends resulting from this bias slash fasten at the back of the neck, in whatever way the wearer chooses; that is, with a button, hook or snap. If the material is fragile and the wearer slender, these ends may be tied in a pert little stand-up bow at the nape of the neck. Before finishing the edges of this unusual jacket front, it is well to lay two plaits at each side of the middle of the bias lower edge, thus giving slight fullness across the front. If preferred, these may be sewed upward for an inch or more, like darts, tapering to nothing at the tips.

The entire triangle, including the bias slash for the neck-opening, is then hemmed as narrowly as possible, preferably by machine, as this make a flat, neat finish. If this is inconvenient, all edges, with the exception of the neck opening, may be hemmed by hand. This bias slash, providing the neckline, should be curved slightly at its lowest point and the entire opening bound. Care must be taken not to stretch the bias, specially at the front. If the wearer is slender, it may be possible to cut small triangles from the ends of the long, bias lower edge, to be used as cuffs. The shortened ends of the waistcoat need only meet at the back of the waist with a button or snap.

This little accessory, being designed solely for wear under a coat, has neither sleeves nor back, but may be suitably worn with a bodice-top skirt and short coat when there will be no occasion to remove the outer garment. It may also be worn over a blouse and is easily taken off when the coat is removed, as it is, in reality, scarcely more than a broad, waist-length scarf. The waistline, being neatly finished, can be worn either under or over one's skirt-top.

While this describes only the simplest version of this accessory, its possibilities are obvious. Being specially designed to give variety to one's coat suits, this quickly made accessory can introduce color contrast, lingerie daintiness, tailored smartness or dressy details, according to the style of the wearer or the requirements of the occasion.

New Fashion Offerings

Mrs. Virginia Chandler Hall in her television fashion flashes, has called attention to the altogether new uses made by foremost designers of soleil felt for smart sleeveless sports jackets, belts, scarfs, bags, shoes and flowers.

Mme. Schiaparelli's new material, ciré jersey, resembles a little peau d'ange but is cooler in effect. Mrs. Hall described an evening frock of this fabric, made in ice blue. Diminutive tucks suggested an empire waistline, and a loosely-draped, short-sleeved jacket in velvet, of a brilliant blue tone, was trimmed with matching coq feathers which fell from the waist over the hips at one side.

Two delightful sports models offered by Schiaparelli were also described by Mrs. Hall. One, for yachting, is of white bouclé wool and has stripes of navy blue across the bodice and a tiny jacket with a navy blue belt. Another—this not specialized but suitable even for a day in town—is knitted of navy blue silk and has a bolero and a loose jacket. Its charm is completed when it is worn with matching handmade silk gloves with gauntlet tops in a shell design, and a belt with a fall on one side of the fashionable silk fringe.

An ensemble by the same designer, consists of a frock of black wool with a small bodice of black-and-white printed silk. The very short jacket is distinguished by a frilled band under the waistline at the back—a truly amusing touch.

Mrs. Hall pointed out that Mme. Schiaparelli's accessories are always unique becouse she designs them herself. She dislikes imitation jewelry and uses very little metal, but she contrives to find many attractive compositions from which the essential accents can be fashioned.

Stripes and Dots Find Favor

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau
London

THE vogue for spot effects is very marked at the moment. On all sides are to be seen such ensembles as a navy woolen skirt with a silk bodice composed partly of red spot on white crepe and partly of white spot on a red ground with a blue woolen coat and a scarf of combined silks. Another dress carrying out this combined spot effect is made partly of white spot on black and black on white, with a touch of bright red embroidery at the corner of the collar.

Stripes are also used in a variety of ways. Diagonal stripes are still the order of the day. One light woolen material has a transparent diagonal line, and strong colors are used in the gypsy stripe woolens and silks. Here a plain woolen skirt is used with a diagonal-striped bodice. One such model has an elaborate scarf in the patterned fabric. Another color stripe combination, which looks well with white, is grass green, gray, black and white. Striped dresses are always smart and the modern tendency is to work the stripe in a variety of ways until the gown becomes a veritable Chinese puzzle. Such a gown in blue and white, with a long blue coat lined with blue and white to match is chic.

A black dress, with a white front that vanished into a belt at the back, was reminiscent of the old-time military cutaway coats. The front can be removed and the dress can be worn without it—an ingenious and inexpensive way of ringing the changes in one's wardrobe.

In sports clothes gray-beige comes to the fore with dull green sweater and hat. Beige is also combined with a dull, rather yellow brick shade. In one house were some attractive sports costumes with dark skirts and light coats. A white dress has a cerise hem and a coat of white and cerise worked in the Hungarian style. One of the English novelties is self-colored pattern tricot. A dress in black silk, with this damask effect, has a collar in gray-beige and a red leather belt. A plain dress with a coat in this pattern effect makes a useful costume for early summer.

Sleeves continue to be one of the outstanding features of the mode. Small puffs, for instance, appear at the elbow in one gown, in another the sleeve may have a definite flare or possess a jaunty cuff of stiff lace at the wrist. In the accompanying illustration such a cuff appears on a dress of light-weight pink fabric, with cuffs, collar and small jabot of lace all crisply starched. The dress is finished with a little sleeveless coat, the capelike collar of which adds much to the line. A white hat trimmed with pink and Chinese blue ribbon and leather flowers of pink and blue completes the costume.

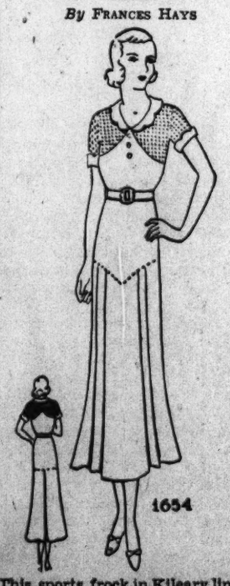
Drawn for The Christian Science Monitor

Cuffs, Collar and Jabot of Starched Lace Add Interest to This Frock.

Capes first attracted attention when they were seen on evening frocks, either worn in the usual manner or cleverly draped in graceful lines. Now they are very popular on sport and street dresses, as well as on coats, afternoon frocks, and negligees. The popularity of capes is matched, however, by the equal popularity of short jackets of velvet or silk, in bolero, eton, or hip-length styles.

Style Sketches

By FRANCES HAYS



1654

This sports frock in Kileary linen, combined with mesh cloth, is practical as well as attractive! The manufacturers have included all popular colors in sizes 14 to 18, and 38 to 44. It is "Trixie" dress #1654. The price is $2.95 at your department store. Made by OSGOOD AND SONS Inc., Decatur, Ill.

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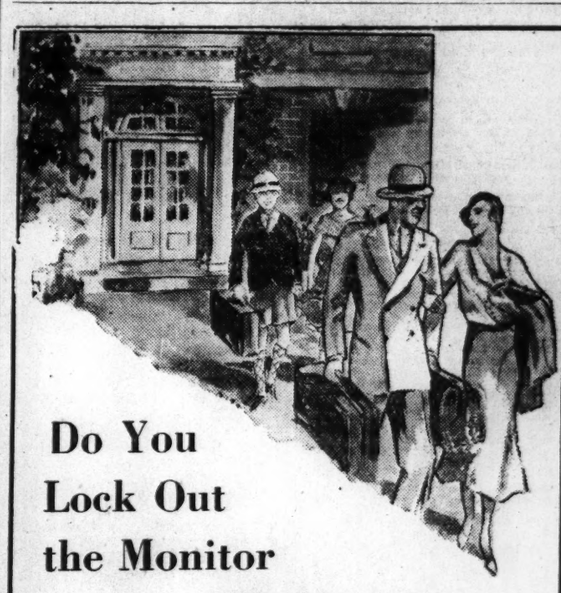

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MORE INTEREST DISPLAYED IN WOOL MARKET

Merchants Show a Growing Tendency to Make Commitments

There has been more interest shown in wool by manufacturers this week than last.

The continued monthly decrease in mill consumption of wool which has been reported by the Government since the end of last year has evidently run its course, although the latest machinery report for April indicates the lowest consumption this year.

While improvement in the market to be lasting must come from the consuming end, of course, there there seems to be some reason for the view that there is evidence of betterment in the market from the wool-producing end. Wool merchants have shown a growing tendency to make commitments in wool, both as a matter of outright purchases and also on consignments against cash advances.

This attitude has been strengthened not only because of the belief that the markets for finished goods and clothing are becoming more liquid but also because of the growing resistance by growers to the declining prices, which has been heightened by the aid furnished growers from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

There is a better movement of wool in the west. In Texas, there have been several million pounds of wool moved, mainly to Boston account, purchases of 12-months Texas fine wools having been made on a basis equivalent to about 30 cents clean basis, landed in Boston.

Wools On Consignment

There has been more or less wool also taken on consignment in Wyoming and Nevada for eastern account as well as in Utah. Cash advances against these consignments are mainly around 6 to 7 cents for the fine and fine medium French combing wools.

In the bright wool states east of the Mississippi River, there is more or less medium wool being sold by the farmers at around 8 cents with some choice clips of light shrinkage being taken even as high as 9 cents.

Fine wools in the mixed sections of Ohio are commanding about 7 cents, with the choicest delaine clips held a cent or so higher.

The manufacturing outlook, in the opinion of well-informed men in the trade is the brighest it has been for a long time.

Not only is the price for the raw material which the mills use on the lowest basis for three decades or more but the wage rate has been reduced notably in the last few months. This will work favorably not only to the manufacturers but also to the operators themselves, since they will be able to help the operation of the mills where they work and so produce for themselves more "real" wages than for a long while.

Meanwhile, the stylists are applying the new styles to wool goods in a manner calculated to move dress goods materials much more freely. In this connection, there is a much closer coöperation between manufacturers and stylists than has been observed for many years.

Foreign Markets Improve

The foreign markets, having become readjusted to the new level established at London last week, are now proceeding with more confidence, and values fixed at the opening last week in Coleman Street have been fully maintained with merinos a shade against the buyer.

The easier tone in crossbreds shown in the London sales last week has been reflected in the opening at the East India sales in Liverpool this week when prices were 5 to 10 per cent below the closing of the preceding series.

In the local market, fine staple domestic wools have sold at about 40 cents clean basis, with best fine staple territory clips quoted at 37@38 cents, and very good fine and fine medium French combing wools at about 35@36 cents.

Half-blood combing territory wools are quoted at about 37@38 cents for the best wools, and three-eighths and quarters at about 33@34 cents and 28@30 cents, respectively.

Ohio delaines are quoted at about 15½@16 cents, for half-blood combing about 15 cents, for three-eighths about 14, and for quarters about 13 cents for good graded wools, Boston terms.

Woolen wools have been moving moderately at about 35@38 cents for fair to good white B supers, and around 45@46 cents for good white short double As pulled scoured. Good clear white noils are quoted at about 37@38 cents per lb.

DIVIDENDS

Eastern Steel Products, Ltd., declared the regular semiannual dividend of 50 cents on the common, payable July 1 to stock of record June 15.

L. S. Starrett Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.50 on the 6% preferred stock, payable June 30 to stock of record June 15.

Briggs & Stratton Corporation declared the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents on the common, payable June 30 to stock of record June 20.

Holland Furnace Company declared a dividend of 25 cents on the common, payable July 1 to stock of record June 15.

Trico Products Corporation declared the regular quarterly dividend of 62½ cents, payable July 1 to stock of record June 10.

Wesson Oil & Snowdrift Company declared a dividend of 25 cents on the common, payable July 31 to stock of record June 15.

South Porto Rico Sugar Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of $2 on the preferred, payable July 1 to stock of record June 11.

West Coast Oil Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.50, payable July 5 to stock of record June 25.

Consolidated Laundries declared a quarterly dividend of 25 cents on the common, payable July 1 to stock of record June 15. A similar disbursement was paid three months ago.

Noranda Mines Ltd. declared a dividend of 50 cents, payable in United States funds on June 30 to stock of record June 15.

Beatrice Creamery Company declared a quarterly dividend of 50 cents on the common stock, payable July 1 to stock of record June 16. Previously the company paid $1 quarterly.

A. Stein & Co. declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.62½ on the preferred, payable July 1 to stock of record June 15.

Guaranty Trust Company, New York, declared the regular quarterly dividend of $5, payable June 30 to stock of record June 3.

American Water Works & Electric Company declared a quarterly dividend of 50 cents, payable Aug. 1 to stock of record July 5.

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 1:30 p. m.)

	High	Low
Adams Express 4s '48	50	50
Alleghany Corp 5s '44	13½	13½
Alleghany Corp 5s '49	13½	13½
Alleghany Corp 5s '50	8½	8½
Allis Chalmers deb 5s '37	6¾	5½
Amer Cyanamid 5s '42	67	66
Amer & Foreign Pow 5s 2030	26	65
Amer I G Chem 5½s '49	55⅝	54¼
Amer Ice Co 5s '53	69¼	68¼
Amer Inter 5½s '49	71	70¾
Amer Metals Co 5½s '34	37⅝	37⅝
Amer Smelting 5s '47	75	74
Amer Sugar Refining 6s '37	100¼	100
Amer T&T 4½s '39 cv	98	98
Amer T&T col 5s '46	99½	99
Amer T&T deb 5s '60	94¼	93¾
Amer T&T 5s '65	94¼	92½
Amer T&T deb 5½s '43	100¼	99⅝
Amer WW & Elec 5s '34	70	69
Amer WW & Elec deb 6s '75	50	50
Amer Writing Paper 6s '47	12¼	12¼
Anglo-Chile Nit 7s '43	2¼	2¼
Armour & So 4½s '39	64	63½
Armour & Co of Del 5½s '43	50¾	49⅞
Armstrong Cork 5s '40	50	50
Associated Oil 6s '35	97¾	97½
Atch T&SF adj 4s '95 sta	63	63
Atch T&SF gen 4s '95	77	76½
Atch T&SF 4s '09	63	63
Atl Gulf & WI col 5s '59	32½	32½
Atl Refining deb 5s '37	93½	93
Balt & Ohio 1st 4s '48	60½	60½
Balt & Ohio 4s PLEWV div '41	50	50
Balt & Ohio 4s Tol & C div '59	32	32
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33	35	32¾
Balt & Ohio 4½s cv '60	17½	16
Balt & Ohio rfg 5s '95	26	26
Balt & Ohio 5s ct Swn div '50	45	42
Balt & Ohio 5s series D 2000	26½	25¾
Bangar & Aroos 4s '51	31½	31
Bangor & Aroos 5s '43	51	51
Bell Tel of Pa rfg 5s '48 B	71	71
Bell Tel of Pa 5s '60 C	100½	100½
Beth Steel pur mon 5s '36	100¾	100
Beth Steel rfg 5s '42	77	75
Boston & Maine 5s '55	73¼	72
Boston & Maine 5s '67	46¼	45½
Bklyn Ed gen 5s A '49	45¼	45
Bklyn-Man Tr sf 6s '68	100	100
Bklyn Un Gas 6s '47	74½	72½
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s '50	103⅛	103⅛
Bklyn Un Gas 5s '50	64	63⅝
Buff Gen Elec 4½s B '81	90	90
Calif Fruit P 5s '38	93⅝	93½
Calif Gas & Elec 5s '37	52	51
Calif Petroleum 5s '39	101½	101½
Can Nat Ry 4½ '51	78¼	78¼
Can Nat Ry gen 4½s '54	78	76
Can Nat Ry 4½s '56	78	77
Can Nat Ry 4½s '57	76	76
Can Nat Ry 4½s '60	75½	75½
Can Nat Ry 4½s '65	75	74½
Can North deb 6½s '46	78½	78½
Can North deb 7s '40	95½	95
Can Pacific deb 4s	94½	94
Can Pacific 4½s '46	50⅞	50
Can Pacific 5s '44	55	55
Can Pacific 5s '54	69	69
Cen District Tel 5s	65½	65½
Cen Ill El & Gas 1st 5s '51	103⅞	103
Cen Pacific 1st 4s '49	61	61
Cen Steel Co 8s '41	51	51
Certainteed 5½s '48	68	68
Ches Corp 5s '47	23½	23½
Ches & O gen 4½s '92	37	35
Ches & O 4½s B	76½	70⅛
Chicago B & Q 3½s Ill div '49	60	60
Chicago B & Q gen 4s '58	75	75
Chicago B & Q rfg 5s '71	77½	75
Chicago & East Ill 5s '51	70	70
Chicago Gt West 4s '59	9	9
Chicago M&StP cv 4½s '32 ct	30	28
Chicago M StP&Pac adj 2000	54	54
Chicago M StP&Pac 5s '75	3¼	2⅞
Chicago & Nw 4½s 2037 "C"	15¾	15
Chicago & New 4¾s cv '49	25	24
Chicago & Nw 6½s '36	10	9
Chicago Railway 5s '27	57½	55
Chicago RI&P rfg 4s '34	40⅛	40⅛
Chicago RI&P 4½s '52 "A"	21½	20½
Chicago RI&P 4½s cv '60	18½	18½
Chicago StL Norls Mem 4s	10	10
Chicago Un Sta 4½s A '63	50	49¾
Chicago Un Sta 5s B '63	90	89½
Chicago Un Sta 6½s C '63	103	90
Chicago & W Indiana 4s '52	55	103
Chile Copper 5s '47	28	55
Cin Gas & Elec 4s '68 A	86⅛	28
Clev CC&StL 4½s E '77	34⅞	85¾
Clev CC&StL Spgfld '40	68½	34⅛
Clev Un Term 4½s '77	55	68½
Clev Un Term 5s '73	55	55
Colonial Oil 6s '38	34	53⅞
Colo Industrial 5s '34	19	34
Columbia G&E Co 5s deb '61	60	19
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 May	62	60
Columbus Ry Pr L 4½s '57	81½	61
Com Credit Co 6s '34	90	81½
Con Inv Trust 5½s '49	83½	90
Con Coal (Md) 1fg 5s '50	10	83
Con Gas 4½s '51	89	97½
Con Gas Co deb 5½s '45	100⅜	87½
Consum Pow unl 5s '52	100⅛	99⅞
Container Corp 5s ct '43	8	100
Container Corp 6s '46	20	6½
Corn Products 5s '34	102¾	20
Crown Cork & Seal 6s '47	69	102¾
Crown Will Paper 6s '51	58½	69
Crown Zellerbach 6s ww '40	48	58½
Cumberland T&T 5s '37	102⅜	48
Den & Rio G con 4s '36	34⅛	102⅜
Den & Rio G Wn 5s '55	9	34
Den & Rio G Wn rfg 5s '78	14	8
Detroit Ed col 5s '33	90½	14
Detroit Ed 5s '49	101⅛	90
Detroit Ed 5s '55	98¾	101⅛
Dodge Bros sf 6s '40	97½	98¾
Duquesne P & L 4½s '67	68	97½
Erie RR ref 5s '67	96⅞	67
Erie RR gen lien	16¼	95¾
Erie RR gen-5s '75	31	15⅛
Fla East Coast 5s '74	14½	29½
Gen Am Inv 5s '52	3¼	15½
Gen Mo Leke Corp 6s '37	70	3¼
Gen Pub Sve 5½s '39	101¼	69
Gen Steel Cast 5½s '49 ww	77	101
Gen Theater Equip 6s '40	41	77
Goodrich 6s '45	2	41
Goodrich 1st 6½s '47	38	2
Goodyear Tire 5s '57	73¼	37½
Grand Tk Ry Can 6s '36	63	73
Grand Tk Ry Can 7s '40	92¼	63
Great Northern 4½s '61	94	92
Great Northern gen 5½s B '52	65	93½
Great Northern 7s '36 A	42	65
Gulf States Steel 5½s '42	50½	41⅞
Hackensack Water Co 4s	24½	46¼
Houston Oil 5½s '40	86	24
Hudson Coal 5s '62	47½	86
Hudson & Man adj in 5s '57	28½	47
Hudson & Man rfg 5s '57	30	27
Humble Oil 5s '37	62¾	28
Humble Oil 5½s '32	96	61⅜
Ill Bell Tel rfg 5s '56	100⅜	95⅞
Ill Central 3½s '52	101⅛	100⅛
Ill Central 4s '52	40	40
Ill Central 4s '53	42	42
Ill Central 4s '52	30	30
Ill Central 4¾s '66	31	31
Ill Central rfg 5s	21½	20⅝
Ill Central 6½s '36	35	35
Ill Central CStL&NO 4½s'63	38½	38½
Ill Central CStL&NO 5s A '63	23	23
Ill Steel deb 4½s '40	91	26¾
Inland Steel 4½s B '81	60¼	90¾
Inter Hydro El 6s '44	23½	60¼
Inter Match 5s cv rcts '41	¼	20½
Inter Rap Tran rfg 5s '66	33	⅛
Inter Rap Tran 5s sta '66	34½	32
Inter Rap Trans 6s '32	12½	32
Int Ag col 5s sta '32	45	12
Int & G Nor 1st 6s '52	46	44½
Int & G Nor adj 6s '52	16	45
Int Mer Mar col 6s '41	3	16
Int Paper 6s '55	30	3
Int Tel & Tel 4½s '52	17½	30
Int Tel & Tel 4½s cv '39	15¼	17½
Int Tel & Tel 5s '55	18¾	15½
Kan City Ft S&Mem 4s '36	19½	17¾
Kendall Co 5½s ww '48	37	35
Kan City P & L 4½s '61	43	43
Kan City So 1st 3s '50	93	92
Kan City So rfg 5s '50	40¼	40¼
Kan City Term 1st 4s '60	35	35
Kan Gas & Elec 4½s8 '80	79	79
Keith & Albee Orpheum 6s '46	80¾	80
Lack Steel con 5s '50	25⅛	25
Laclede Gas rfg 5s '34	58	58
Laclede Gas 5½s '53 C	79	78½
L'Autaro 6s '54	46	46
Lehigh Val (Pa) con 4s 2003	29⅝	1½
Lowe's Inc 6s '41	65½	29⅝
Long Island gen 4s '38	87¼	65½
Louis Arkansas 5s '69	19½	87¼
L&N 4s '40	66¼	19
L&N rfg 5½s 2003	67	66⅛
Manhat Ry con 4s '90	54	54
Manhat Ry 2d 4s 2013	25½	24⅞
Market St Ry gold 7s '40	12½	12½
McCrory Stores 5½s '41	52	65½
Meade 5s '45	52	52
Midvale Steel col 5s '36	33	32
Mil El Ry & Lt 5s '61	77	75⅝
Min StP & SSM 4s '38	74¾	74
Min StL & SSM 4s '38	38¼	38¼
Min StL & SSM 5s gtd	38½	38¼
Mo K & T 1st 4s '90	41½	41½
Mo K & T adj 5s A '67	15¼	15½
Mo Pacific gen 4s '75	14	14
Mo Pacific 5s F '77	9	8⅝
Mo Pacific 5s G '78	24½	23½
Mo Pac 5s I. '81	24	23¼
Mo Pacific 5½s '49	24	24
Mobile & Ohio 4½s '77	7¼	7
Montana Power rfg 5s '43	6	6
Morris & Co 1st 4½s '39	65	63
Nanim Sons 6s '43	63	63
Nat Dairy Prod 5½s '48	66	66
Nat Steel 5s	74½	73¼
New Eng T&T 4½s B '61	96½	96
New Eng T&T 5s '52	100½	100½
N J Pow & Lt 4½s '60	81½	81½
N O T & M 5½s '54	20	20
NYC&HR gen 3½s '97	68	68
NYC&HR deb 4½s '34	53	53
NYC&HR 4½s N	33⅛	33⅜
NYC&HR rfg & im 4½s 2013	33½	32½
NYC&HR cv 6s '35	39	36¼
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	38½	36½
NY Chi & StL 5½s '74	15	13
NY Chi & StL 6s A '32	15¾	14¾
NY Connec Ry 5s '53	31	24
NY Dock Co 4s '51	68	67¾
NY Edison 5s '44	47	47
NY Edison rfg 5½s '41	101	100½
NY GELH&P gen 5½s '41	107¾	107¼
NY NH&H cv deb 3½s '56	93	93
NY NH&H 4½s '67	43	43
NY NH&H olt 6s '40	45	44
NY NH&H cv 6s '48	85½	85½
	63½	63

	High	Low
NY Ont & W rfg 4s '92	45	41¼
NY & Rich Gas 6s '51	90	90
NY Railway inc 6s '65	⅝	⅝
NY Steam Corp 6s '47	99¾	99⅛
NY Steam Corp '56	89	89
NY Tel gen 4½s '39	100	99½
NY Trap Rock 6s '46	80¼	80¼
NY W'chester & B 4½s '46	32	32
Niag Lock & O 1st 5s '55	95	95
Niag Share 5½s '50	43	43
Norf & W con 4s '96	70	70¼
North Am Co 5s '61	60	59
Nor Am Ed 5s C '69	59	57½
Nor Am Ed 5s A '57	69	67
Nor Am Ed 5½s '62	66	65½
Nor Ohio Tr & Lt 6s A '47	92½	92¼
Nor Pacific gen 3s 2047	50	50
Nor Pacific pr in 4s '97	86	86
Nor Pacific 4½s A 2047	40	40
Nor Pacific 5s C 2047	48	48
Nor Pacific 6s B 2047	50	48½
Nor States Pow 5s A '41	91½	90¾
Nor States Pow 6s B '41	100⅛	100
Ohio Pub Ser 7½s A '46	75	75
Ont Pow Niag Falls 5s '43	92¼	92¼
Otis Steel 6s '41	18	17½
Pac Coast 1st 5s '46	18	18
Pac Gas & Elec 3s '42	96⅞	96⅛
Pac Tel & Tel 1st 5s '37	101¼	101¼
Pac Tel & Tel rfg 5s '52	100	99⅝
Paramount Ppublic 5½s '50	16	14
Paramount Pwy 5½s '51	37	36½
Paramount Fam Las 6s '47	17	16
Penn Pow & Lt 4½s '81	78	75
Penn Railroad 4½s '63	58½	58
Penn Railroad 4½s D '70	36⅜	35
Penn Railroad con 4s '43	90¼	90¼
Penn Railroad gen 4½s '65	55	55
Penn Railroad 4½s D '81	40¼	40¼
Penn Railroad 5s '64	56	56
Penn Railroad gen 5s '68	58	58
Penn Railroad gold 6½s '36	80	78½
Phillips Pet 5½s '39	86	86
Philadelphia Co 5s '67	52½	52
Philadelphia Elec Co 4s '71	86½	84½
Philadelphia Elec Co 4½s '67	97	97
Phila & Read C&I 5s '73	53½	53½
Phila & Read C&I 6s '49	31¼	31
Pitts CC&StL 4½s C	95	95
Pitts CC&StL 5s A '70	90	90
Portland Gen Elec 4½s '60	41½	39⅞
Postal Tel & Cable 5s '53	17¼	17
Pub Svc E&G 4½s '67	87	87
Pure Oil 5½s '37	98	97½
Pure Oil 5½s '40	70⅛	70⅛
Purity Baking 5s '48	67½	66⅛
Rad Weith ct pt pd	55¼	55¼
Read rfg 4½s A '97	51	51
Read rfg 4½s B '97	58	57
Remington Rand 5½s '47 ww	30	29
Republic I&S sf 5s '40	45	45
St Louis IM&S 4s R&G div '33	38½	38
St Louis RM&Pac 5s '55	40	40
St Louis & SF 4s A '50	12⅞	11
St Louis & SF 4½s '78	10⅜	10
St Louis & SF 5s B '50	13	13
St Louis SW con 4s '32	98½	80
St Louis SW 1st 5s '32	48½	48½
St Louis SW 5s	21	18
Seabd AL gold 4s st '50	5	4⅞
Shell Pipe 5s '52	61½	61
Shell Union 5s '47	60	59½
Shell Union 5s ct ww '49	60	59½
Silesian Am Corp 7s '41	22	22
Sinclair Cn O col 6½s '38	84⅜	84⅜
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	86⅜	86⅜
Skelly Oil Co 5½s '39	99⅜	99⅛
Smith A O 6½s '33	56¾	56¾
Solvay Amer Inv 5s '42	96¼	96¼
Southern Bell Tel & Tel 5s '41	75	74
Southern Colo Pow 6s '47	70	70
Southern Pacific 4½s '68	33	33
Southern Pacific 4½s '69 ww	33½	32
Southern Pacific 4½s '81	32	30½
Southern Pacific SF Ter 4s '50	64	64
Southern Ry gen 4s '56	14½	13½
Southern Ry gen 6s '56	18	17
Southern Ry gen 6½s '56	19⅞	19⅞
Southwest Bell Tel rfg 5s '54	100¾	100½
Stand Oil NJ 5s '46	99¾	99¼
Tenn Elec Power 6s '47	88	88
Texarkana 1st 5½s '50	53	53
Texas Corp 5s '44	75½	75⅛
Third Ave rfg 4s '60	36½	35
Third Ave adj 5s '37	83½	83½
Truax Traer Coal 6½s '43	21	19½
Trumbell Steel 6s '53	13	13
Union El L & P 1st 5s '32	100⅝	100⅝
Union Pacific 1st 4s '47	87	85½
Union Pacific 4s '68	57½	57
Union Pacific 4½s '67	70	68
Union Pacific 5s fdg	70	70
US Rubber Co 5s '47	34½	32
Utah Pow & Lt 5s '44	62	62
Util Pow & Lt 5s '50 ww	18½	16¼
Util Pow & Lt 5½s '47	20	18½
Va El Pow 5½s	91½	91½
Vanadium 5s '41	38¼	35
Virginia Ry & Power 5s '34	68	67½
Virginia & S'west con 5s '58	24	24
Wabash RR 1st 5s '39	53	53¼
Wabash RR 2d 5s '39	21	21
Warner Bros Pict 6s '39	11	10⅝
Warren Bros 6s '41	52½	52
West Pa Pow 5s A '46	23½	23
West Pa Pow 5s E '63	101	101
West Pa Pow 5s F '56	97¾	97½
West Shore 4s 2361	99	99
Western Electric 5s '44	65	65
Western Maryland 4s '52	90½	89½
Western Maryland 5½s '77	39	39
Western Union 5s '51	33	33
Western Union col 5s '38	50	43
Western Union 6½s '36	50	50
Western Union 5s '50	53	50¼
Wheeling Steel 5½s '48	42	42
Wilkesbarre & East 1st 5s '42	17	41½
Wilson & Co 1st 6s '41	17	17
Youngstown Sheet 5s A '78	71	71
Youngstown Sheet 5s B '70	49½	49

LIBERTY BONDS

	High	Low	Jun 1	May 31
3½s '47	100.11	99.30	99.30	100.8
1st 4¼s '47	101.10	101.4	101.16	101.18
4th 4¼s '38	102.29	102.6	102.9	102.8
1st 4s '47	100.23	100.22	100.23	100.60
1st 3s '55	90.4	89.8	89.13	89.10
US 3½s '43 Mar	96.24	95.20	95.20	95.16
US 3½s '43 June	96.	96.	96.	96.00
US 3½s '47	96.16	95.24	96.	95.24
US 4s '64	100.20	100.	100.7	99.29
US 4¼s '52	103.20	103.0	103.8	102.29

FOREIGN BONDS

Antioquia 2nd 7s '57	5	5	5
Antioquia III 7s '57	5	5	5
Argentine Gov 5s '59	61	61	61
Argentine Gov 6½s '62	34	34	34
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	40½	40	38¼
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	40¼	40	38⅝
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '60	40	40	38⅛
Argentine Gov 6s Feb '61	39½	39	38¼
Argentine Gov 6s '57 A	39⅞	38¾	38¼
Argentine Gov 6s '58 B	39¼	38¾	38¼
Australia 4½s '56	54	54	54
Australia 5s '55	60⅝	60	60
Austria (Gov) 7s '57	60½	60	60
Austria (Gov) 7s '43	26	23½	23½
Batavian Pet 4½s '42	67	66	66
Bavaria (State) 6½s '45	71½	71½	71½
Belgium (King) 6s '55	26¼	26	26
Belgium (King) 6½s '49	84⅜	84¼	84¼
Belgium (King) 7s '55	92	91¼	91¼
Belgium (King) 7s '56	96¼	96	96⅛
Berlin Elec 6½s '51	96½	96	96⅛
Berlin Elec 6½s '59	28⅝	28	27⅝
Berlin Elec 6½s '51	23	23½	22
Berlin Elec 6s '55	25½	25	25
Bogota (City) 8s '45	21½	21½	19¾
Bolivia (Rep) 8s '47	7	7	3½
Brazil (US) 7½s '52	2½	2	2
Brazil (US) 8s '41	76	76	76
Bremen 7s '35	18	18	18½
Brisbane 5s '57	27½	27½	27½
Brisbane 5s '58	40	40	40¼
Budapest (City) 6s '62	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛
Buenos Aires 6s Apr '60	14½	14	14
Buenos Aires 6s Oct '60	34½	34½	34½
Buenos Aires 6s '61 (Prov)	33½	33	33
Buenos Aires (Prov) 6½s '61	24¾	24¼	24¼
Caldas (Rep) 7½s '46	39	39	39
Canada (Dom) 4½s '36	84	84	84
Canada (Dom) 4s '60	83⅜	83⅜	83⅜
Canada (Dom) 5s '52	74½	73¾	73¾
Carlsbad (City) 8s '54	91½	90	90
Chile (Bank) 6s '61	66¼	66¼	66¼
Chile (Bank) 6⅜s '61	6	6	6
Chile (Bank) 6s '62	21	21	21
Chile (Rep) 6s '21	7	7	7
Chile (Rep) 7s '42	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
Chile (Rep) 6s '63	7½	7	7
Colombia Agr Bk 6s '47	3¾	3¾	3¾
Colombia Mtg Bk 6½s '47	23	23	23
Colombia Mtg Bk 7s '46	22¼	22¼	22¼
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Jan	22	22	22
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Oct	23	23	23
Copenhagen (City) 5s '52	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
Costa Rica (Rep) 7s '51	60	60	60
Cuba (Rep) 5½s '45	27	27	27
Denmark (King) 4½s '62	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞
Denmark (King) 6s '32	51½	49⅞	49⅞
Deutsche Bk 6s ctfs '32	69	69	69
Duke Price Power 6s '66	59	59	59
Dutch El 6s '47	47	46⅞	46⅞
Dutch El 6s '62	80	79½	79½
Fiat 7s '46 war	76⅜	76⅛	76⅛
Finland 5½s '58	68½	68½	68½
Finland (Rep) 6s '45	42¼	42¼	42¼
Finland (Rep) 6½s '56	42½	42½	42½
Finland (Rep) 7s '50	45	44	44
Frameriean Dev 7½s '42	82⅝	82⅝	82¼
Frankfort 6½s '53	15⅜	15⅜	15¼
French (Rep) 7s '49	111½	110½	110½
French (Rep) 7½s '41	119⅝	118	118
Gelsenkirchen Min 6s '34	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝
German 7s '49	45⅜	44½	44½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s '38	35	34½	34½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s July '60	24½	24½	24½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s Oct '60	25½	24½	24½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 7s '50	26¼	26	26
Germ Cen Agr 6½s '58 rcts	16	15¾	15¾
Germ El Pow 6½s '50	20¼	20¼	20¼
Germ Gen Elec 6s '48	22	22	22
Germ Gen Elec 6½s '49	24¼	24	24
Germ Gov Int 5½s '65	30	29	29
Good Hope I&SW 7s '45	28½	27½	27½
Greek 6s '68	15¼	15	15
Hamburg 6s '46	13	13	13
Heidelberg (City) 7½s '50	20¾	20	20
Hungarian Cons 7½s '44	28	28	28
Hungary Ld Mtg 7½s A '81	23½	22½	22½
Hungary Ld Mtg 7½s B '81	22½	21½	21½
Irish Free State 5s '60	75¼	75¼	75¼
Italian Credit Con 7s A '32	81	81	81

	High	Low	Last
Italian Credit Con 7s B '47	72	72	72
Italy (King) 7s '51	86¾	86	86
Jap (Con Pwr) 6½s '50	36½	36½	36½
Jap (Con Pwr) 7s '44	47	47	47
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '54	45½	43½	43½
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '54	54¾	53½	53½
Yugoslavia Bk 7s '37	31	30¾	30¾
Lombard El 7s '52 ww	13½	13	13
Lyons (City) 6s '34	55¾	55¾	55¾
Mex 6s '33 small A	102¼	102¼	102¼
Milan (City) 6½s '52	2½	2½	2½
Minas Geraes 6½s '58	59	59	59
Mont

STOCK PRICES EXPERIENCE A BRIEF UPTURN

Swift Advance Followed by Downturn and Rally —Close Steady

NEW YORK, June 1 (AP)—A swift rebound in the stock market today only invited fresh liquidation which eventually drove several leading shares back into new low ground.

While the militant drive in Congress to balance the budget was hailed in leading banking circles as highly constructive, various financial quarters were obviously disappointed over the measures adopted by the Senate to raise the necessary revenues, and selling from impaired collateral loan accounts at banks and from other sources quickly depressed the market, after a flurry of short covering at the start had swept prices up 1 to 5 points.

Stocks steadied in the late trading. Net gains of 1 to 2 points were made by American Can, Santa Fe, Air Reduction, Case, Allied Chemical and Sears Roebuck. American Telephone was weak, turning an early rise of 3 into a loss of about 2.

U. S. Steel firmed after a fractional dip into new low ground.

Transactions approximated 1,800,000 shares.

Selling of Utilities

Brokerage quarters felt that selling of the utilities had been accelerated by the 3 per cent levy on gross revenues included in the Senate tax bill, although this group had been under heavy pressure for some days before that tax was adopted. American Water Works cut its annual dividend rate to $2 from $3.

The character of the renewed selling was described in important brokerage quarters as similar to that of recent sessions, when liquidation of impaired collateral loan accounts by banks and selling by estates and such investing concerns as fire insurance companies and investment trusts were regarded as probably the most important factors. A substantial part of the day's selling was said to have come from the interior.

The extent of the decline has led to much discussion in banking quarters of establishing arbitrary minimum prices on leading bonds and stocks for loaning purposes, on the theory that the market no longer represented true values. It was felt that this might check the vicious circle of selling out of impaired loans. One of the leading bankers, however, said in response to a query that he opposed the suggestion on the same grounds that he had opposed artificial price fixing of commodities. He felt that it would be harmful in the long run.

The completion of a tax bill by the Senate had a distinctly good effect in foreign markets, where prices generally were higher. A sharp rise in Berlin was partly in response to talk of inflation in that country, but the new Chancellor later let it be known that all inflationary projects would be rejected.

Bonds Highly Irregular

The bond market, after an early spurt, relinquished a large part of its gains when a sharp reaction developed in stocks. At the same time, the U. S. Government list was steady, and fair advances were retained by a number of the recently badly battered rails.

St. Louis Southwestern consolidated 4s were the spectacular performers of the session, jumping 25 points following announcement of the success of the road's refunding plan for this issue.

The utilities and industrials were irregular.

STEEL INGOT OUTPUT IS 23 PER CENT OF THE TOTAL CAPACITY

Mild improvement is in evidence in some steel products, says Iron Age, but has not reached mill books in time to prevent another slight decline this week in ingot output to 23 per cent of the country's capacity, this lowered rate being partly brought about by the holiday.

Gains in orders are most noticeable in structural steel and tin plate. Structural steel lettings of 31,000 tons are the largest for any week since late December, and inquiries have appeared for 11,500 tons of new work. Tin plate operations are approaching a 50 per cent rate following a few weeks at 45 per cent, and further improvement is in prospect for June.

RAILWAY EARNINGS

PITTSBURGH & WEST VIRGINIA

	1932	1931
April gross	$195,274	$280,238
Net op inc	38,540	81,826
4 mos gross	787,018	1,047,614
Net op inc	128,165	286,092

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS

	1932	1931
April gross	$986,673	$1,516,015
Net op inc	*3,517	188,818
4 mos gross	4,090,725	5,620,406
Net op inc	86,706	446,729

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN

	1932	1931
April gross	$1,090,960	$1,538,447
Net op inc	64,104	159,080
4 mos gross	4,320,458	5,919,456
Net op inc	23,366	201,339

NORFOLK & SOUTHERN

	1932	1931
April gross	$400,595	$564,409
Net op inc	*9,519	57,487
4 mos gross	1,386,177	1,976,109
Net op inc	*202,146	39,047

NORFOLK & SOUTHERN

	1932	1931
April gross	$619,978	$864,337
Net op inc	*61,549	27,741
4 mos gross	2,834,636	3,914,238
Net op inc	*158,921	98,399

GULF, MOBILE & NORTHERN

	1932	1931
April gross	$307,980	$397,434
Net op inc	40,057	40,434
4 months gross	1,094,697	1,466,337
Net op inc	*83,312	37,301

*Deficit.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

	1932	1931
April gross	$9,511,106	$12,264,000
Net after taxes	918,482	1,347,039
4 mos gross	32,031,142	47,282,172
Net after taxes	2,935,698	3,812,386

LONDON QUOTATIONS

LONDON, June 1 (AP)—Consols for money today were 63¾. DeBeers 1⅞ and Rand Mines 3⅛. Monet was ¾ and discount rates—short bills 1 and three months' bills 1⅛ per cent.

WOOL CONSUMPTION DROPS

WASHINGTON, June 1—Department of Commerce reports total wool consumption in April was 17,506,748 pounds, compared with 25,454,863 in March and 42,537,006 in April, 1931.

WEDNESDAY'S NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Closing Prices

1932 Range High	Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last June 1	Last May 31
3	2		Abitibi Pow & P	100	3	3	3	
9¼	3		Abitibi pf	100	3	3	3	
24	10	1½	Abraham & Str	100	10	10	10	12
5¾	1¾		Adams Express	1000	3	1¾	1¾	1¾
39¾	3		Adams Millis	100	3	3	3	3
13	10¼		Addressograph	100	10½	10	10	10½
3½	1½		Advance Rumely	100	1½	1½	1½	1½
16½	4¼	1.60	Affiliated Prod	100	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
63½	34½	4½†	Air Reduction	7700	38¾	36¾	38¾	40¾
18¾	6¼	.50	Alaska-Juneau	3700	10¼	9¾	9¾	9¾
7¾	2¾		Allegheny Corp	3800	½	½	½	½
87½	43½	6†	Allegh pf ww xxx	100	45	45	45	45
13¾	4	.50	Allied Chem	31400	61¼	47½	48½	47¾
10	6	1	Allis Chalmers	1200	6	6	6	6
18½	13	2	Alpha Port Cem	400	6¾	6	6	6½
7½	3¾		Amerada	400	13	13	13	13¼
18½	6		Am Ag Ch Del	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
67	22	3	Am Bank Note	400	3	3	3	3
15¾	8¾	1.60	Am Bank Note pf	10	30	30	30	
90	43½	7	Am Brake S&F	200	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
73¾	35½	5†	Am Brake S&F pf	40	48½	43½	43½	
129	56	7	Am Can	83100	60	58½	58½	58½
	9¾	3¼	Am Can pf	100	100	100	100	96
49¾	20	7	Am Car & Fdry	400	4	3¼		
37¾	18½	3†	Am Car & F pf	1000	20	20	20	20
14	11		Am Chicle	2300	30½	18	18	19¼
9¼	2		Am Com Alcohol	100	12½	12	12	12
33	7		Am & For Pow	2800	3¼	2	2	2
77¼	3¾		Am & For Pow 6	400	3¾	3¾	3¾	
12	5		Am & For Pw 2pf	400	3	2¾	2¾	3
21¾	12	2	Am Hide & L pf	100	8	8	8	
8¾	2½		Am Ice	1300	13	11½	11½	12¼
5	¼		Am International	300	3½	2¼	2¼	3⅝
8¾	¼		Am La France	200	¼	¼	¼	
8¼	4		Am Locomotive	100	4	4	4	4
44¾	30¼	7	Am Loco pf	100	31½	30¾	31½	33¼
3¾	1¼		Am Mach & Met	100	1¼	1¼	1¼	
6¾	1¾		Am Metal	200	1¾	1½	1¾	
19½	9		Am Metal 6%	130	8	8	8	9
33	17½	3	Am News	50	20	16½	17½	18
16⅞	3¾	1	Am Power & Lt	500	4½	3¾	3¾	3¾
58	19	8	Am Rad & St pf	2000	6¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
49¾	15½	5	Am P&L pf A	100	20¼	19	19	
8½	3½		Am Radiator	11000	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	3¾
13	3		Am Rolling Mill	2400	4½	3¾	4	4
29¼	14	3	Am Safety Razor	100	14	14	14	14½
½	⅛		Am Ship & Com	100	⅛	⅛	⅛	
25½	12	5	Am Shipbuilding	50	12	12	12	12
18⅜	5⅝		Am Smelt & Ref	2000	6¼	5⅝	5⅝	5¾
8¾	3		Am Steel Fdries	400	3¼	3¼	3¼	3
36¾	20	2½†	Am Stores	100	21¾	20	20¼	20¾
39¼	14	2	Am Sugar Ref	200	15¼	13½	13½	15
137⅝	85	9	Am Tel & Tel	65100	91⅜	85	85½	88⅛
25	6		Am Type Founders	100	15	15	15	
70	14		Am Trpe F pf	100	14	14	14	
34½	7	3	Am Wat W&E	700	13½	12	12	12½
75	50	6	Am Wat pf 6	100	35	35	35	
31	11	3	Am WW&E ct	100	11½	11½	11½	11
5½	1⅝		Am Woolen	100	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
30⅞	15½		Am Woolen pf	1700	19	17⅝	18	18¼
23	10⅜		Am Zinc L&S pf	700	11	10⅜	10⅜	
12⅜	3½		Anaconda Cop	4300	3⅞	3½	3¾	3½
9	3½		Anaconda Wire	100	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	
2	¾		Armour Ill A	300	¾	¾	¾	¾
5	½		Armour Ill B	400	½	½	½	½
14¼	3⅝		Armour Ill pf	100	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
2⅜	1	6	Asso Apparel Ind	300	1¼	1	1¼	3
8¼	3		Asso Dry Goods	300	3	3	3	
34½	22¼	6	AssoDry G 1pf	100	22¼	22¼	22¼	
35	18	7	Asso Dry G 2pf	100	18	18	18	
94	24	4	Atchison T&SF	1600	28½	24	34¼	23½
41½	9¾	4	Atl Coast Line	100	11	11	11	10
12⅞	8⅜	1	Atl Refining	8300	10¼	9½	9¼	9¾
25½	8	1	Atlas Powder	1300	9	8	8	
151¾	28¾	4§	Auburn Auto	15000	36	31¼	32	31¼
¾	½		Austin Nichols	200	⅝	⅝		
16	12	1½	Austin Nichols A	20	12	12	12	12
3½	1⅜		Aviation Corp Del	300	1¾	1½	1½	1⅝

—B—

8½	2		Baldwin Loco	1200	2½	2	2½	2
28¼	8		Baldwin Loco pf	80	8½	8½	8½	8½
21⅜	3¾		Balt & Ohio	5500	3½	3¼	4	3¾
41½	6½		Balt & Ohio pf	100	6½	6½	6½	6¾
24½	10	2	Bangor & Aroos	100	11	10	10	13
7½	55	7	Bangor & Ar pf	40	50	50	50	
5½	3⅜		Barnsdall A	2100	3⅞	3⅜	3⅞	4
43½	7	4	Beatrice Cream	200	17½	17	17	16½
44¾	29¼	3	Beech-Nut Pack	400	30	29¼	30	29¼
4¾	2⅜		Belding Hem	1000	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
62¾	57⅜	4.81	Belg Nat Rys ppf	400	57¾	57⅜	57⅜	
18¾	4½		Bendix Aviation	3200	5	4½	4⅝	
24⅜	6		Best & Co	1400	6½	6½	6½	
24⅜	7½		Bethlehem Steel	3300	9¼	7½	7¾	8
74	28	7	Beth Steel pf	200	29½	28	28	29
8¾	3⅝		Blaw Knox	100	4	3⅝	3⅝	4
22¼	5		Bohn Alum & Br	100	5	5	5	5
51¾	31	6†	Bon Ami A	100	33½	31	31	35
43⅝	21¼	3†	Borden	132000	23¾	21	21	21½
12⅝	3⅜	1	Borg Warner	700	3¾	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
11¾	3	1	Briggs Mfg	2500	3½	2⅞	3½	3⅝
10⅝	2	1	Briggs & Strat	10	4½	4½	4½	
50¼	23⅛	4	Brooklyn Man T	6100	27	23½	24	24½
78⅜	42½	6	Brooklyn M T pf	100	50	42½	46½	45
10¼	4¾		Brooklyn Queens	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	
89½	49¼	5	*Brooklyn Un Gas	400	58	49¼	49¼	55
5	1⅜		Bucyrus Erie	400	1⅞	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
8½	2⅞		Bucyrus E cv pf	400	3	2⅞	2⅞	3½
4½	⅝		Budd Wheel	100	1	1	1	1
3½	1⅛		Bulova Watch	100	3	3	3	
15	6¼	.80	Burroughs Add	1300	6⅞	6¼	6¼	6⅝
21¾	4	2½	Bush Terminal	400	5	4	4	5
103	17	7	Bush Term deb	20	17	17	17	18
85	26¾	7	Bush T Bldgs pf	30	32	32	32	35
⅞	⅛		Butte & Superior	100	⅛	⅛	⅛	
4⅞	1⅞		Butterick	100	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
19	7½		Byers	600	8	7	7½	7

—C—

11⅞	4¼		Calif Packing	400	4¼	4¼	4¼	4½
7½	2½		Campbell Wy&C	300	2½	2¼	2¼	
4	1½		Calumet & Hecla	1200	1¾	1¾	1¾	
13½	6¾	1.20	Canada Dry	200	6½	6¼	6¼	6⅝
20⅝	7¾	1¼	Canadian Pacific	5300	8½	8	8¼	7⅞
20	10½	1.60	Cannon Mills	500	10¾	10½	10½	11¼
6⅝	2¼		Capital Admin	100	2½	2½	2½	2½
43⅜	17½		Case Threshm	9600	20¾	18	18½	17⅜
75	30	7	Case Thresh pf	200	32	32	32	32
15	4½	.50	Caterpillar Trac	1100	4¾	4½	4¾	4½
12½	7½	1½	Central Aguirre	1300	8	7½	8	8
78	25		Central RR of NJ	15	25½	25	25½	
85	70	7	Century Rib pf	10	70¼	70¼	70¼	
15	4		Cerro de Pasco	1500	5	4	4	4
70⅝	5	2	Chesapeake Corp	2360	6⅜	5	6	6
31½	10½	2½	Ches & Ohio	12500	12¼	10⅝	10⅞	10½
15½	2½		Chi & Gt W pf	100	3½	3½	3½	
3¼	¾		Chi Mil & St P	400	¾	¾	¾	⅞
15¼	1⅜		Chi Mil & St P pf	1100	1½	1½	1½	1½
12⅝	2		Chi & N'western	100	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2
11⅞	3¾		Chi Pneu T pf	100	3	3	3	
16⅝	2		Chi Rock Isl & P	1200	3½	1¾	2½	2
14	8	2	Chi Yellow Cab	10	8	8	8	
9	6		Chickasha Cot O	100	6	6	6	6½
2½	1⅛		Childs Company	100	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
10	6½		Chile Copper	20	6½	6½	6½	
13¾	5½	.*	Chrysler	11600	6	5¼	5¼	5⅝
28½	16	3.60	City Ice & Fuel	300	15¾	15⅝	15¾	15⅝
68	53⅝	6½	City Ice & F pf	200	54	53⅝	54	56
2⅛	⅜		City Stores	100	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
8¾	3½		Clark Equipment	100	3½	3½	3½	4
96	90	7	Cluett Pbdy pf	60	90	90	90	
31½	13¾	2½	Colgate-Palm-P	2600	15	13	13¾	14¼
95	65	6	Colg-Palm-P pf	100	65	65	65	70
10⅞	2¾		Collins & Aikman	400	3	3	3	
80	60	7	Collins & A pf	100	60	60	60	60
16⅛	4⅞	1a	Columbia Gas	15400	6¼	4¾	4⅞	5⅝
79	40	8	Columbia G pf A	200	50	50	50	52
41⅞	13½	3	Columbian Carb	4400	17	14½	15	13½
7½	4¼		Columbia Pic vtc	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	4½
11	4	1	Comm Credit	1500	4¾	4	4	4⅜
21¼	12	1¾	Comm Cred pf	110	12½	12	12	
68⅞	46	6½	Comm Cred 1pf	200	47	46	46	48
23¼	13	3	Comm Cred A	100	13½	13½	13½	13½
20¾	12½	2	Comm Cred pf B	120	12½	12¼	12¼	
27½	11	2	Comm Inv Tr	900	13	11	11	11¼
77	58	6	Comm I Tr cv pf	200	58	55	56	60
1¼	¼		Comm I Tr war sta.	200	¼	¼	¼	
10¼	3½	.80	Comm Solvents	5200	4½	3¾	3¾	3⅝
4⅞	1⅞	.30	Comwith & So	21600	2¼	1⅞	2	2⅛
86½	29⅞	6	Comwith &S 6pf	700	32	29¾	30½	32¼
11	6¾	1	*Congoleum Nairn	1200	7¼	6¾	7	7½
5⅝	1		Consol Film Ind	400	1½	1	1	
11¾	3	2	Consol Film I pf	900	3½	3	3	3
88¾	33¾	4	Consol Gas	40200	38¾	33¾	33⅞	38
95	77	5	Consol Gas pf	100	78	77	77	79
10⅞	5½	1	Consol Laundries	800	6½	5½	5½	5½
7½	4		Consol Oil	9800	4½	4	4¼	4½
	⅝	⅛	Consol Textile	200	¼			¼
98	79	8	Consol Oil pf	400	87	87	87	87
1	½		Cont Baking A	300	3½	3	3	2½
7	2		Cont Baking B	200	½	½	½	½
47¾	26½	8	Cont Baking pf	700	30½	26½	26½	30½
41	19¾	2½	Cont Can	3800	21	19¾	20	19⅞
4¾	1		Cont Dia Fibre	200	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3
25½	6¾	2.40	Cont Insurance	500	8	7¾	7¾	7¾
1¾	⅜		Cont Motors	600	¾	¾	¾	¾
7	4		Cont Oil	4900	4¼	4	4¼	4
¾	⅛		Cont Shares	3800	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
47¾	26½	3	Corn Products	5200	30	27	27¾	27½
129½	101	7	Corn Prod pf	40	103½	101	101	106
43¾	15	2†	Cream of Wheat	200	15	15	15	15
4½	2¾		Crosley Radio	100	2¼	2¼	2¼	
47⅞	15¼		Crucible Steel pf	20	16¾	16⅛	16⅛	16
2	½		Cuban Cane pf	300	¼	¼	¼	
35½	20	4	Cudahy Packing	200	20½	20	20½	20
31	12	2	Curtis Publishing	200	12	12	12	
86	47	7	Curtis Pub pf	100	47	47	47	
2¾	⅞		Curtis-Wright	1500	1	⅞	⅞	⅞
3¾	1½		Curtiss-Wright A	400	1⅝	1½	1½	1½

—D—

5¼	1		Davison Chem	400	1½	1½	1½	1½
5¼	4	.60	Davega Stores	200	4	4	4	4
15¼	6¾	.40	Deere & Co pf	100	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
89½	38	9	Del & Hudson	700	45	38	39	43
28¾	8½		Del Lack & W	1600	9½	8½	8½	9
132	70	8	Detroit Edison	200	70	70	70	71
13¼	7		Devoe & Rey A	100	7	7	7	7½
15⅞	12	1	Diamond Match	1700	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
11⅝	7½	1	Dome Mines	600	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
18	12½	1.50†	Dominion Stores	200	12⅝	12½	12½	13
13⅞	5½	1	Douglas A	300	5½	5½	5½	5¼
23	9	3½	Dresser A	100	9	9	9	9
105	82	6	Du Pont deb	800	83½	82	82	83
59¾	25½	3	Du Pont de Nem	26800	27½	25½	25⅞	25⅞
10½	5½	1	Duplan Silk	200	6	5½	5½	

—E—

5¼	1⅛		Eastern Roll Mill	100	1	1	1	
84½	39½	5	Eastman Kodak	8300	42¾	39¼	39½	39¾
119½	108	6	Eastman Kod pf	10	108	108	108	
6	3¼	.50	Eaton Axle & Sp	100	4	4	4	3¼
1¼	⅛		Ettingon Schild	100	⅛	⅛	⅛	
23¾	8½	4	Elec Auto-Lite	5600	10¾	8½	8¾	8⅞
100¼	61	7	Elec Auto-Lpf	20	61	61	61	61½
4	1⅛		Elec & Mus Ind	1900	1¼	1¼	1¼	1⅛
18¾	3¼	1	Elec Pow & Lt	6200	4	3½	3¼	3½
55½	10½	6	El Pw&L 6% pf	200	14	13½	14	14½
33¾	13	3	Elec Sto Battery	500	15⅝	13	13⅜	14⅜
26⅞	23¼	3	Endicott Johnson	600	24	23½	23¾	24
51	21¼	5	Engineers P S pf	100	21½	21¼	21½	
57	24	5½	Engineers PS ww	100	24	24	24	
19	13½	1¼	Equitable Off Bld	400	13⅝	13	13½	14
10	2		Erie RR	100	2½	2½	2½	2
13½	2¾		Erie RR 1pf	100	3	3	3	

—F—

5¾	3		Fairbanks Morse	200	3½	3¼	3½	
64	35	6	Fed Lt & Tr pf	40	35	35	35	35
25	13		Fed Min & Sm	100	13	13	13	
70	16		Fed M & S pf	100	20	20	20	
10⅝	3		Fed Water Serv	600	3½	3	3	3
27½	3	2.00	Fidelity Phe F In	2400	7½	6¾	6¾	6¾
8½	6½	.64	Fifth Ave Bus	10	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
90	80	6½	Filene's pf	100	80½	80	80	80½
15⅜	11	1	Firestone T & R	300	11	11	11	11¼
58½	45½	6	Firestone T&R pf	1100	48½	45½	45½	46½
53	37	2½	First Nat Stores	2100	38	37½	37½	37
⅜	⅛		Fisk Rubber	100	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
10	4¼		Florsheim Shoe	100	6	6	6	6
82½	78	8	Florsheim S pf	100	78	78	78	
7½	3½		Follansbee B	100	3½	3¼	3¼	
10¼	3½		Food Mach	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	
12	3		Foster-Wheeler	700	4	3¾	3¾	3⅞
21½	10¾	1.10	Fourth Nat Inv	500	12¾	10¾	10¾	13½
19½	10	2	Freeport Texas	2300	10½	10	10	10
32	4	8	Fuller 2pf	10	4	4	4	

1932 Range High	Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last June 1	Last May 31
17½	8¼		Gamewell	50	9¾	9¾	9¾	
7	3		Gen Am Inv	2300	3½	3	3	3
35¾	10½	4	Gen Am Tnk Car	1200	11½	10½	11	11
15⅛	6	1	Gen Asphalt	700	6	6	6	6
19⅜	10¾	1	Gen Baking	3900	11½	10¾	11⅛	11
11¼	3¾		Gen Cable pf	40	4	3¾	4	
63¾	40	.40	Gen Electric	44100	9¾	8¾	9⅜	8¾
11¼	10¾	.90	Gen Elec Sp	3200	10⅞	10¾	10¾	10¾
40¼	19½	3	Gen Foods	11300	34	30½	31½	30½
9¾	4	3	Gen Gas & E A	3400	¾	¾	¾	¾
9¾	4½	6	Gen G & E cv pf	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	4½
34¾	4	3	Gen Gas & E 7%A	40	10½	10½	10¾	
37	28	6	Gen Ills	800	30½	28¾	29	30
34⅝	8½	1	Gen Ston	40700	9¾	8½	8½	8¾
62¼	62¼	5	Gen Ot 5½ pf	700	64¾	63¼	63¼	64½
4	3⅜		Gen Out Ad	200	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
9	4	1*	Gen Out Ad A	200	4½	4¼	4¼	3½
14	8	1	Gen Print Ink	200	8½	8	8	
1	⅛		Gen Pub Service	200	1¾	1½	1¾	
38⅝	7¾	1	Gen Ry Signal	300	8¾	7¾	8	7¾
16⅛	5½		Gen Ritay pf ww	100	6¼	6¼	6¼	
14⅜	3¼		Gen Refractories	100	3¼	3¼	3¼	3½
1½			Gen Thea Equip	1900	½	½	½	½
24¼	10¾	1*	Gillette Saf Ras	7900	13⅞	12¼	12⅝	13¾
68½	47	5	Gillette S R pf	1100	47	47	47	48½
31	8		Gimbel Bros pf	300	8¼	8¼	8¼	8
7	2½		Glidden	100	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3½
54	23	7	Glidden pf	20	38	38	38	37
19¾	8¼	1.60	Gold Dust	1700	3½	2⅞	2⅞	3
18¾	5¼		Goodrich	700	5¼	5	5	5⅜
69¾	19¾	7*	Goodyear	3400	7	6½	6¾	6¾
24¾	10¾

Local Classified

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 20 cents a line. Minimum space three lines, maximum order four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under most of these headings. Write or call for detailed information

For other Classified Advertising see preceding page.

APARTMENTS—UNFURNISHED (Continued)

NEW YORK CITY, 720 WEST 178TH Corner Building; 24-hour Elevator Service Near Broadway, Subway, Drive, School 3-4 ROOMS, Refrigeration Exceptionally Low Rentals

APARTMENTS TO LET

BACK BAY

3 TO 3-ROOM SUITES with all modern improvements; convenient locations. Apply COLEMAN-GILBERT ASSOCIATES 339 Huntington Ave., Boston. Tel. Commonwealth 3213.

BEACON HILL, NEAR STATE HOUSE, BOSTON 1 and 2-room suites, quiet, cool, furnished or unfurnished, open fireplaces; very attractive and convenient. 60-64 Pemberton Sq., Boston.

BOSTON, Back Bay, 1-2-11-19 Peterboro St.—1 and 2-room kitchenette apts., modern improvements, Frigidaire. Tel. Ken. 7252, Comm. 5728.

BOSTON, Back Bay, opposite Art Museum—3 room suites, $30 to $35 and 3 rooms, $45 to $50; references. 484 Huntington Ave.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.—Unusual 2-room apartment with fireplace and free electric refrigeration in restricted building; charming residential section near Harvard College; unfurnished or furnished until Sept. 1st at considerably reduced rental. MRS. HANCOCK MISS GORDON 1359 Beacon St., Brookline. Regent 3181.

Charming Furnished Apartments

adjacent to The Mother Church, $50 and $55

MRS. HANCOCK MISS GORDON 1359 BEACON ST., BROOKLINE, MASS. Regent 3181

AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE

Pleasant View, $3.75

and BOW, N. H.

Daily from June 3rd to 8th inclusive, beautiful all-day tour in exclusive seven-passenger limousines. If you telephone for reservation car will call for you at your home or hotel at no extra charge. Tel. Ken. 1022 (Boston)

CHARLES W. COSMAN

BEAUTY SHOPS

BRUNO'S BEAUTY SALON

Formerly with Filene's

Permanent Wave, $4.95; Marcel 50c

Finger Wave 50c

276 HUNTINGTON AVE., BOSTON Next to Repertory Theatre Tel. Ken. 9036

BOARD FOR CHILDREN

CHILDREN taken in loving home, permanent or for summer; girls 5-10, boys 6-13. MRS. SEE, P. O. Box 294, Lake Placid, N. Y.

CHICKENS

CHICKENS

Also young pullets, now Barred and White Rocks, Reds. Vigorous. State test, always found clean. They live 1932 prices. Catalog Feeding Formula. BROOKS FARRAR. South Easton, Mass. Tel. 173

CAMPS AND COTTAGES

BLOCK ISLAND—Furnished 1-room cabin for light housekeeping; accommodates 2; $60 season. B. C. ALVES, Block Island, R. I.

MAINE (Southport)—Summer cottage, 7 rooms and bath, broad verandas overlooking water and country, complete electrical equipment including dishwashing machine, radiators; near country store and attractive inn: Boothbay Harbor 3 miles; transportation by boat or bus. D-16, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Cottage on Lake Ontario for July or August with 3 bedrooms, bath, gas and electricity; sandy bathing beach; $35 per week or $260 for 3 months. D. L. MILLER, 33 Paige Street.

CORSETIERES

ATTENTION to your individual requirements will assure you comfort if you have your corsets, corselettes or brassieres made to order; our prices are reasonable.

IDA GORDON

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DRESSMAKER, 15 years with 5th Avenue houses, will make stylish dresses to order; moderate prices. Write Box R-14, Room 1804, 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.

DUCKLINGS

DUCKLINGS

raised the year around, only 12 weeks' old, 5 to 7 lbs., 35c lb. Fresh dressed every day. Always ready, dressed or roasted. Also broilers—Chicken, Capons, Fowl. On the farm, in our wayside stand, on Route 138. Dining room connected. BROOKS FARRAR. South Easton, Mass. Tel. 173.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES

CENTRAL EMPLOYMENT AGENCY Newark, N. J., 21 Marshall Street Superior male and female help, all nationalities —chauffeurs, cooks, etc.—furnished free to employers. MRS. GERTRUDE DIXON, Ma. 2-4115.

FOR SALE OR RENT

IN the Berkshires, small frame house, 15 acres, picturesque setting, river, lakes, hills; suitable week-ends, vacations; price $3500; rental $250 season. Address OWNER, 2611 Albany Ave., West Hartford, Conn.

FUR STORAGE

FUR STORAGE—2% valuation; remodeling, repairing, relining; call and deliver. LIB. 2724. CANTOR BROS., 165 Tremont St., Boston.

HELP WANTED—MEN

CHEF, steward with thorough knowledge of buying and economical management; take full charge dining room and kitchen in moderate priced hotel in New York; must come well recommended. Write Box X-38, Room 1804, 270 Madison Ave., New York City.

HOMES WITH ATTENTION

COLLINGSWOOD, N. J.—Permanent or temporary home for elderly people or those needing rest or attention; experienced care, convenient to Camden or Philadelphia, Pa.; N. J. State License. MRS. SARAH J. DAUBMAN, Colgwd. 502.

HOME with private family for rest and study; experienced care if desired. Cen. New. 4816. MRS. WINNIE McALEER, 136 Clarke St., Newton Centre, Mass.

QUIET, private home for rest and study, attention if required. JENNIE L. HENDRICKSON, Box 398, Magnolia, New Jersey.

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MONTCLAIR, N. J.—Owner in Europe for a year or longer wants to lease her house furnished; secluded, quiet location, though central for commuting; 12 attractive rooms and 4 baths; garages; beautiful gardens and trees; references exchanged. Consult STANTON COMPANY, 16 Church St., Montclair, New Jersey. Tel. Montclair 2-6000.

MOVING AND STORAGE

LOADS wanted from Philadelphia, New Jersey or New York City at once. NOBLE R. STEVENS, 104 Harvard St., Dorchester, Mass. Tel. Talbot 2400.

LONG distance moving, house to house moving, packing, shipping, storage; work guaranteed; 30 years' experience. N. E. AUTO VAN CO., N. Stacey, Mgr.; 589 Huntington Ave., Boston. Asp. 2907. Uni. 3795-W.

WARNER CO.

MOVING—PACKING—SHIPPING—STORING of household effects. Local or long distance. *"Who moves you is just as important as where you move."*

20 HAWLEY PLACE, BOSTON LIBERTY 8878

OFFICES TO LET

PRACTITIONER'S office, 551 Fifth Avenue, afternoons, part time. Write Box W-20, Room 1804, 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.

TWO-ROOM office with separate entrance to corridor, both sunny, southern exposure; about 300 square feet, 25th floor, French Building, New York City; sublease $125 per month; will lease nicely furnished if desired. Write Room 2012, or telephone Vanderbilt 3-8472.

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Tel. Dedham 0494-W

J. W. JOHNSTON

PAINTER and DECORATOR

14 FALES ROAD, DEDHAM, MASS.

PAPER HANGING

HARDWOOD FINISHING

ROOMS FOR TOURISTS

CAPE ANN, ROCKPORT—Nicely furnished sunny rooms, ocean view, near beach; reasonable; easy distance from Boston. Write Box 23-18, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

ROOMS TO LET

BOSTON, MASS.—Attractive front room overlooking beautiful Fenway; 5 minutes from The Mother Church; near Art Museum and transportation. MRS. H. J. WILLIAMS, 238 Hemenway St. Com. 2552.

BOSTON, near State House—Colonial home-like rooms, large and small, some with kitchenettes; most reasonable. 5 Hancock St. Lafayette 8106.

BOSTON, 22 Gainsboro St., Suite 2—Pleasant, cool, homelike rooms, newly decorated; 1 or 2 people; reasonable rates; transients accommodated.

BOSTON, 170 Huntington Ave.—Nicely furnished, quiet rooms; transients; 4 minutes from church. MRS. L. M. FERGUSON. Comm. 8138.

ROOMS TO LET (Continued)

BOSTON — Comfortable, cool rooms near church; reasonable rates. 187 Huntington Ave., Suite 6. MRS. PRENTICE, Comm. 9181.

BOSTON, 3 Batavia St., near Christian Science church—Comfortable rooms; hot and cold water, $4 to $7. A. B. HAWES. Com. 8204.

BOSTON, 79 Gainsboro St., near church—Single and double rooms. MRS. SYRETHA GARDNER. Com. 2468.

BOSTON, 6 Cumberland St.—Rooms, some with kitchen; near Christian Science church; modern, elevator. HOWES.

BOSTON—11 Dalton St., Apt. 3—To let, a neatly furnished front room; near church.

BOSTON, 185 Huntington Ave., Apt. 3—Clean, well-furnished rooms; tourists accommodated; rates reasonable. MISS BROWNE'S. Comm. 9351.

BOSTON—Strangers met and comfortably located. THE SERVICE BUREAU, 336 Huntington Ave., Boston.

BOSTON—Desirable room for one or two women, near church; elevator; can keep house. Ken. 8054.

BROOKLINE, MASS.—Two very nicely furnished rooms, use of bath, in private modern apartment; suitable for 2 or 3; kitchen privileges. Asp. 9844.

BROOKLINE, MASS., 29 Winchester St.—Attractive rooms for visiting or permanent guests; piazzas; convenient location. Regent 6624.

BROOKLINE, MASS., 60 Summit Avenue—We offer rooms, one with bath; meals optional; garage; transients welcomed. Regent 6313.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.—Large room near Harvard Sq., suitable for 3; housekeeping privileges if desired. Call evenings at 6. Porter 1730-W.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.—Two front rooms in quiet neighborhood; conveniently located; privileges. Tel. Porter 3664-M.

"MORNINGSIDE LODGE" offers attractive, quiet rooms to those here for annual meeting, or study; all modern conveniences, piazzas, light housekeeping privileges; situated in grove, 30 minutes from Boston; rates from $1 to $3 per day; special weekly rates. Address MRS. CHARLOTTE A. DAVIS, 16 Whittier Rd., E. Natick, or Telephone Wellesley 0943.

NEWARK, N. J.—Two attractive rooms with private adult family, all improvements, meals optional; reasonable. MRS. BAKER, 743 High St.

N. Y. C., 331 W. 101 St.—A very desirable room, running water, kitchenette, next bath; high-class house. ELLIE, Acad. 2-3912.

WELLESLEY, MASS.—Cool, comfortable rooms overlooking Lake Waban and college campus, June 25 to Sept. 15; meals conveniently near; garage privileges. Box D-17, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

SALESMEN WANTED

SALESMEN sell new type non-competitive electric fan; no direct draft, no blowing papers; offices, banks; attractive commission. HARRY J. CAFFREY, 257 West 86th, New York City.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MEN

FORMER OWNER and MANAGER of own women's apparel business, 10 years' experience, wishes position as manager or sales manager where former experience would be of value. Write Box C-18, Room 1804, 270 Madison Ave., New York City.

MAINE MAN—Educated, adaptable, age 36; work of trust and responsibility which will take him much out of doors, in country or small town; no selling or soliciting. Box B-17, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

RELIABLE colored chauffeur, butler, desires position; Christian Scientists preferred; experienced; excellent references. Box B-21, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

STUDENT desires position driving to West Coast; has driven from coast to coast twice; best character references; Christian Scientists preferred. Box B-16, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

SITUATIONS WANTED—WOMEN

AMERICAN woman seeks permanent position as companion-attendant or full charge child; experienced; anywhere. Write Box A-13, Room 1804, 270 Madison Avenue, New York City, or phone Regent 4-4297 mornings.

COMPANION or attendant to lady at summer resort or traveling; traveled abroad; also California; references. Phone Capitol 2-5977, Box B-20, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

COOK, experienced German, offers services. Tel. End. 2-9459. Write Box S-25, Room 1804, 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.

EXPERIENCED chambermaid and cook's helper wishes position, would go anywhere; reliable recommendations. Write Box S-36, Room 1804, 270 Madison Ave., New York City.

FITTER wishes position with high-class dressmaking establishment, capable taking full charge workroom; many years with leading 5th Avenue houses. Write Box R-15, Room 1804, 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.

HOUSEKEEPER, capable, refined, splendid cook, understands care training children; references. MRS. KATHERINE KEER, 151 East 44th St., New York City.

LADY with experience and love for children wishes position as nursery governess or companion for lady; willing to go abroad. MISS A. MUTZ, 1508 Lancaster Ave., Wilmington, Del.

NEWARK, N. J.—Mrs. Annie Lee Cooper, for many years in the service of W. F. Day, caterer, offers her services for formal and informal dinners, luncheons, parties, etc. 381 So. 7th St. Market 3-0688.

SECRETARY, experienced, capable, seeks office or residential position; willing to travel; references. Box D-19, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

UNENCUMBERED practical attendant give services to lady for transportation north; when reaching destination terms arranged; good references. MRS. PECKHAM, 1015 Horatio St., Tampa, Fla.

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HIAWATHA HOTEL

YORK BEACH, MAINE.—Open Saturday, June 25. Fine bathing; excellent food; homelike atmosphere; reasonable rates. W. L. LAMSON, owner and manager.

OWL'S HEAD INN, Owl's Head, Me.—Ideal for vacationists; excellent table, sea food, vegetables, milk and cream, home cooked food.

PENNICHUCK FARM, Brookline, N. H., receives summer guests; hot water, bath; quiet, cool rooms; good food. Write for photographs. MRS. C. V. WILLOUGHBY.

SCITUATE HARBOR, MASS.

Merry Mount House — Scituate Arms

By the Sea — Otis Place

Moderate rates—Ideal location

SUMMER HOMES

DENNIS, CAPE COD

PRIVATE home to rent, located on Scargo Lake, near the sea, attractively furnished, modernly equipped, landscaped grounds, flower gardens, 4 bedrooms, living room, porches, bath. Apply 80 Intervale Road, Providence, R. I., or Sign of the Motor Car, Real Estate, Dennis.

NORTH SCITUATE BEACH, MASS.—Summer cottage, 7 rooms, large sleeping porch, 2-car garage; well furnished; near golf course; reasonable rental. Tel. Cen. New. 3960 or Box D-18, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

TO LET—FURNISHED

MEDFORD, MASS.—Furnished seven-room single; screened piazza; garage; 20 minutes to Park, St. Tel. Mystic 0005-R.

WEATHER STRIPPING

AND SCREENS; rewiring; wood, metal and roll; Tontine shades, Norge electric refrigerators. HOME SPECIALTIES CO., Newton Centre 1114 (Mass.)

WINDOW DRESSERS

North Jersey Specialists.

ACME WINDOW DISPLAY & ADV. CO. INC. 945 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mitchell 2-6236.

NEW JERSEY

ATLANTIC CITY

A Convenient Stand

Holds three books open before you. Mahogany or Walnut Finish. An excellent value at $5.00, packed for shipment.

Olive Gillette Co.

2035 BOARDWALK ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Please cut out and mail to a friend.

Safeguard your Furs against Heat and Moth in Eldredge Certified Cold Storage Vaults. Inspection invited. Long distance hauling.

Eldredge Express and Storage Warehouse Co.

3826 ATLANTIC AVE. Dial 4-1107

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

More Variety and Greater Values at

BECKER'S PURE FOOD STORE

New Jersey and Atlantic Avenues

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

QUALITY Dial 5-0164 SERVICE

KAUFMAN & WEINER

The Square Deal Store

Hardware and Housefurnishings

1007 Atlantic Avenue

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Gardening Supplies—Fishing Tackle

Painter-Decorating Accessories

ATLANTIC CITY (Continued)

Guarantee Trust Company

Finely Equipped for the Settlement of Estates

Consult Our Trust Officer

Capital and Surplus—$1,400,000

Southern Sweet Shop

827 Boardwalk, Atlantic City, N. J.

WE have the most delicious original nut and fruit filled Salt Water Taffy, at 40c per lb. and Southern Sweets at $1.00 lb.

CAMDEN

The Store That Serves You Best by Saving You Most

BAKER FLICK CO.

South Jersey's Great Department Store

MARKET STREET, NEAR THIRD CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY

CRANFORD

TUTTLE BROS

CRANFORD N.J. WESTFIELD

PHONE 1400

COAL—LUMBER—MILLWORK

MASON MATERIALS

EAST ORANGE

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

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Telephone Orange 4-2104

44 VERNON TERRACE

9-12 a. m. daily

SCOTT-RIDDLE INN

LUNCHEON 50c DINNER 85c to $1.25

SUNDAY DINNER 12:30 to 4 P. M.

$1.00 to $1.25 *We welcome all to visit our*

ANTIQUE SHOP

JEWELRY, GLASS and FURNITURE

436 MAIN STREET Orange 5-6169

LANG CO.

Over 30 Years' Experience

Plumbing and Heating

407 Main St. Or. 3-3106

Grove Beauty Shoppe

Expert Permanent Waving

Other Waves 50 Cents

All Branches of Beauty Culture

273 NORTH GROVE STREET

BUD BEAUTY SHOPPE

25c

Competent, Courteous Operators

Genuine Frigidine Permanents $3.50

383 MAIN STREET Or. 3-0880

CHAMPION LAUNDRY

Family Service by the pound.

Hand work exclusively.

Collars and Cuffs Reversed—free of charge. Mending and Darning—Free.

46 NO. MUNN AVE. Tel. Or. 3-1454

Henry Hornecker FLORIST INC

MEMBER OF F. T. D. A.

75 CENTRAL AVE. 621 CENTRAL AVE

Orange 3-1244 Orange 3-0884

Night phone Nassau 4-1650

THE "GOLDEN RULE"

(Marvel Dri-Kleen System)

Sensational cash and carry prices. The Dry Cleaning Plant that became popular overnight.

438 MAIN ST., Between Clinton and Burnett

REGENT BEAUTY SHOP

Permanent Waves $4.50 and $7.50

Shampoos 50c, Finger Waves 50c

14 HARRISON STREET Or. 4-8330

THE SO-MO LAWN MOWER CO., Inc.

Tractors, Horse, Gasoline and Hand Mowers. Golf Clubs and Estates Equipped. Parts and Repairing.

Orange 3-8640—8641 287 McKinley Ave

MARIE'S

LUNCHEON AFTERNOON TEA

TABLE D'HOTE DINNERS

75c, $1, $1.35

538 WILLIAM ST., corner of Prospect

ELIZABETH

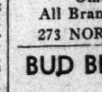
FOR FINE RUG CLEANING

Call ELIZABETH 2-1219

BANBURY & BURNETT, Inc.

77 WEST GRAND STREET

ENGLEWOOD



MEADOW BROOK FLOWERS

ENGLEWOOD 1707-8

28 ENGLE ST., ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

If you live in a distant city and have friends here, why not open an account with us? *Always glad to be of service.*

LAW INCORPORATED HABERDASHERY

46 E. PALISADE AVENUE

HOBOKEN

HENRY W. GROTE

Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry

Our specialty: remounting your jewelry in up-to-date settings

66 NEWARK STREET

Open Mondays 9:00 p. m. Open Saturdays 12:00 Other evenings 6:30 p. m.

COLUMBIA TRUST CO.

14th St. and Washington St., Hoboken

SOUND PRINCIPLES COURTEOUS SERVICE

Open an account with us.

G. SCHNACKENBERG

8TH & BLOOMFIELD ST., HOBOKEN, N. J.

Delicatessen and Groceries

Sandwiches and Fine Pastries Served

Phone Hob. 3-1007

IRVINGTON

The American Beauty Barber Shop

Try our beautiful finger waves only 35 cents

MISS MAY, Proprietor

Essex 3-9135

1305 Clinton Avenue Irvington, N. J.

JERSEY CITY

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

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Telephone Bergen 3-3942-J

10 Winfield Avenue 8-10 A. M. Daily

Central Jewelry Store

WM. GEIGER, Proprietor

Diamonds, Watches Clocks and Jewelry

390 CENTRAL AVENUE Next to Ritz Theatre

FRANK J. GREGORY

Law and General Bookbinder

REBINDING AND REPAIRING BOOKS A SPECIALTY

138 Columbia Ave. Webster 4-7458

JESSIE T. MITCHELL

DRESS SHOP

700 BERGEN AVENUE

Open Tuesday and Friday Evenings

SUMMER SILKS AND COTTONS MUNSINGWEAR SWIM SUITS

IRVEN JOSEPH

Scientific Shoe Fitting

296 CENTRAL AVENUE

Red Cross Shoes Now $6

Arch Preserver Shoes $8.50-$10.50

DeKimpe's Floral Shop

285 CENTRAL AVE. Journal Sq. 2-0924

Spring Flowers Are Here!

Cut Flowers and Plants for any occasion. We deliver your orders.

Let GOODMAN'S

Clean your Rugs and Carpets

Only Clean Rugs Are Beautiful

Goodman's Rug Cleaning

830 BERGEN AVENUE Bergen 3-8100

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158 MONTICELLO AVE., Cor. Belmont

Our combined stores carrying a full line of High-Grade Groceries, Fancy Fruits and Fresh Vegetables, is one of the most complete stores in Hudson County.

Dela-3-6810 ORDERS DELIVERED

THE GRACE SHOPPE

"Properly Fitted Corsets"

FREDA MALZ, Graduate Corsetiere

Latest styles in Lingerie, Girdles, etc. Newest shades in Hosiery and Gloves Novelties

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CLEANERS CARTLEY DYERS

7 ZABRISKIE STREET Webster 4-4771

George B. Brighton

Tailor

757 BERGEN AVENUE

Tel. Bergen 3-2843

MISS SCHAEFER'S HAIRDRESSING PARLOR

662 BERGEN AVENUE Dela. 3-9147

All Branches of Beauty Culture

Experienced Operators

Your Patronage Is Appreciated

Colonial Confectionery

Ocean and Orient Aves. Bergen 3-3867

A Complete Soda Fountain and Parlor

Hot Lunches at Noon

High-Grade Chocolates

Canada Dry Ginger Ale

Breyer's Ice Cream used exclusively.

METROPOLITAN HARDWARE COMPANY

722 BERGEN AVE. Tel. Bergen 3-10101

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We rent Johnson's Floor Scrapers at $3 per day and Johnson's Floor Polisher at $1.50 a day.

Deliveries Anywhere in the City

MAPLEWOOD

SAMUEL H. ROSS, Inc.

MEATS—FISH FRUITS GROCERIES POULTRY VEGETABLES DELICACIES

Good Quality Good Values Good Service

177 Maplewood Ave. S. O. 2-4300, 4301, 4302

HOME MADE CANDIES and ICE CREAM

Made Fresh Daily at

STRUBBE'S

178 MAPLEWOOD AVE. S. O. 2-2465

MONTCLAIR

Monitor Advertising Information Bureau

If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor, call Montclair 2-6200, where a bureau of local and national advertisers is maintained daily from 9 to 11, except Saturdays.

470 PARK STREET

HERRMAN BROTHERS

INTERIOR DECORATORS

48 GREENWOOD AVE., MONTCLAIR, N. J.

Tel. Montclair 2-0717

Upholstering Slip Covers Draperies — *Refinishing Cabinet Making Fine Furniture*

MOORE'S HARDWARE STORE

223 Glenridge Ave., Montclair, N. J.

Telephone Montclair 2-3210 and 2-3211

POST OFFICE DELICATESSEN

397 BLOOMFIELD AVE., Montclair, N. J.

Known for good Sandwiches. Prompt, Courteous and Intelligent Service

C. JOHNSON & CO.

Incorporated

WINDOW SHADES and AWNINGS

348 Bloomfield Ave., Montclair, N. J.

Telephone 2-0208

KURT'S PASTRY SHOP and DINING ROOM

HOME-COOKED MEALS

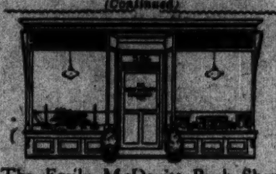
Breakfasts, Luncheons, 50 cents

Dinners, 75 cents

339 BLOOMFIELD AVE., MONTCLAIR, N. J.

Tel. Mont. 2-0990

MONTCLAIR (Continued)



The Emily McDevitt Book Shop

Valley Road Upper Montclair

Harper Method

Expert Care of the Scalp and Facials

ELIZABETH JAMES

300 BLOOMFIELD AVENUE

Tel. Montclair 2-0692

Stanley M. Crowell Co.

Full line of

TYCOS THERMOMETERS

26 South Park St., Montclair, N. J.

Near Church Street

W. B. HERTZ

THE SILK SHOP

538 BLOOMFIELD AVE.

Silks and Fabrics De Luxe

Phone 2-0633 MONTCLAIR, N. J.

BOGART & HANSEN, Inc.

Electrical Contractors and Dealers

568 BLOOMFIELD AVENUE

MONTCLAIR, N. J. Phone Mtclr. 2-6870

BUY FROM

KNIERIM BROS. INC. FUEL

COAL, OIL, COKE, WOOD

Fuel for the Home

A COMPLETE FUEL SERVICE

R. H. SEE COAL CO.

131 BLOOMFIELD AVENUE

Telephone—MONTCLAIR—2-0019

COAL FUEL OIL WOOD

MONTCLAIR'S TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

Phone Montclair 2-2674 J. Braverman, Prop

LADIES' AND GENTS' TAILORS AND FURRIERS

We Specialize in Men's Custom Tailoring Repairing and Pressing

Fancy Cleaning and Dyeing a Specialty

189 GLENRIDGE AVENUE

The Mary Barclay DRESS SHOP

The Shop of Personal Service

42 CHURCH STREET, MONTCLAIR, N. J.

Tel. Mtclr. 2-7323

Phone 2-4011

GROCERIES

THE HUB, 718 Bloomfield Ave.

W. W. MYERS, Prop.

Free Delivery Fine Quality Low Prices

Vegetables and Fruits

Large Assortment of Heinz Products

HENKE'S *Inc.*

JEWELERS Established 1889

MONTCLAIR, N. J.

THE FRENCH SHOP

Women's Wearing Apparel

Frocks, Gowns and Sportswear

493 Bloomfield Avenue, Montclair, N. J.

Phone Montclair 2-1972

DRESSMAKING

hemstitching, pleating, button covering, button-holes and pinking.

Miss F. C. JOHNSON

227 GLENRIDGE AVE., Montclair Center

Tel. Montclair 2-3522-J

Miss FRANCES SHOP

470 BLOOMFIELD AVE., MONTCLAIR

Short Sleeved Print and Pastel Silk Frocks for Afternoons and Dinners at Home $3.95

We Also Specialize in

FINE LINENS, BANQUET CLOTHS, CURTAINS and CHAIR COVERS

Sundried Hand Laundry

646 VALLEY RD. Upper Montclair

Mont. 2-1092

NEWARK

TYPEWRITERS

ADDING MACHINES CHECK WRITERS

Mail Orders Filled

Sold Rented Repaired

Central Typewriter Exchange

86 Park Place, Near Public Service Terminal

NEWARK MULBERRY 4-8766

New Laid Eggs

Fresh Dressed Roasting Chickens to Order

High Class Special Groceries

CHARLES G. BRAMM

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Tel. Belleville 2-3445

Deliveries anywhere in Newark and Suburbs

The Crescent Laundry

387 NORTH FIFTH STREET

Branch Brook 3-7200

INSURANCE

A. C. BERTHOLON

INCORPORATED

KINNEY BUILDING Mi 2-2246

BEAUTY STUDIO

EUGENE PERMANENT HAIR TINTING

MINETTA MALES

408 SUMMER AVE., NEWARK HU 1-0462

NEW BRUNSWICK

VAN DYK FOOD STORES

Food Specialists Since 1760

Beverages, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Extracts, Spices, Smoked Meats.

111 CHURCH STREET

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ORANGE

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue, call The Christian Science Monitor Advertising Information Bureau, where a record of local and national advertisers is maintained.

Telephone: Nassau 4-0018-W

57 Orange Heights Avenue, West Orange

9-11 a. m. daily

"You need no longer be told you have an expensive foot."

$5 ENNA JETTICK $6

SHOES FOR WOMEN

Sold exclusively in Orange by

B. Grossman & Co.

336 MAIN STREET Opp. Public Service

Books Stationery

Office Equipment

Globe-Wernicke Bookcases

Greeting Cards for All Occasions

Henry F. Schmidt & Co.

350 MAIN STREET Or. 3-0757

Est. 1856 Phone Orange 362

Albert Horton Williams Inc.

Granite—Marble—Bronze Memorials

Washington and Cleveland Streets

VAN DYK FOOD STORES

Food Specialists Since 1760

Beverages, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Extracts, Spices, Smoked Meats.

300 Main Street

"As You Like It" Hosiery

Natural Bridge Arch Shoes

FOR WOMEN, $5 and $6

"Good to the foot

Good to the eye

Good to the pocketbook"

SONNENSCHEIN'S, 230 Main St.

"BETTER SHOES"

ENGELS

INCORPORATED

DEPARTMENT STORE

Daily Deliveries Throughout Essex County

239-241 MAIN STREET Or. 3-2243

"The House of Complete Satisfaction"

FRED'S MARKET

High Grade Meats

Fancy Fruits and Vegetables

Sea Foods, etc.

Phone 3-7055 183 Main St., Orange

SOUTH ORANGE

Tel. SO. OR. 2-1656

ALBERT VOSS

STATIONERY TOYS and GAMES

Circulating Library—Puzzles for Rent

21 VOSE AVENUE, SOUTH ORANGE

☆ Star Tailoring Co.

Cleaners Furriers Dyers

(The Only Store)

22 Valley St. So. Or. 2-1962

WEST ORANGE

General Insurance

ARTHUR C. FROST

134 High St., W. Orange, N. J.

Tel. Orange 3-6304

NEW JERSEY

PASSAIC

ENNA JETTICK

$5 SHOES $6

"You need no longer be told you have an expensive foot"

ABBOTT'S

634 Main Ave., Passaic

Greeting Cards and Confectionery at

LAUE'S, 221 Main Ave.

PATERSON

Specializing in

Flower and Vegetable Seeds

Wilson S. Brower Co., Inc.

Successors to MUZZY BROTHERS

88 VAN HOUTEN STREET Sher. 1388

"The Intimate Shop for Women"

MAE CONDREN

CORSETIERE

FEMININE ACCESSORIES

191 Market Street, Paterson, N. J.

Alexander Hamilton Hotel Building

FLORIST

Flowers, Evergreens, Fruits and Shade Trees

Garden and Flower Seeds

CHARLES MILLER

Island Market, West Broadway Bridge

Phone SHerwood 2-7063

Chas. Moshier, Jr.

Distributor for

Pratt & Lambert and Valspar Paints, and Varnishes

FREE DELIVERY

Sherwood 5221 61 BROADWAY

"Say It with Flowers"

YOUNG & WALDERS

90 VAN HOUTEN STREET

Tel. Sherwood 3677 PATERSON, N. J.

VAN DYK FOOD STORES

Food Specialists Since 1760

Beverages, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Extracts, Spices, Smoked Meats.

65 Broadway

R. Williams Borden & Co.

(Established over 50 years)

Real Estate - Insurance

Room 223, Romaine Bldg.

Phone Sher. 8475

PLAINFIELD

QUALITY

COAL

N. MEYERS & SONS Tel. 6-1911

202 WEST FOURTH ST., Plainfield, N. J.

Blossom Hill Farms

Grade "A" Raw Milk and Cream

Produced Under Rigid Standards of Cleanliness.

DAILY DELIVERIES IN PLAINFIELD

Visit our farm at Lebanon

M. J. Sheridan Jr. Phone 372 Lebanon, N. J.

PLAINFIELD (Continued)

DUDLEY S. MILLER

DRUG STORE

TOILET ARTICLES

Fine Confections—the Best in Sodas.

Special Delivery Service.

401 PARK AVE. Tel. 6-0202

VOGELS FUR STORAGE

Repairing and Restyling

206 East Front St. Plainfield

PROFESSIONAL

BEAUTY PARLOR

All Lines of Beauty Culture

PERMANENT WAVING—$2.00

(SPECIALS)

Every Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

Shampoo and Fingerwave or Marcel—$1.25

Manicure—50 cents

705 Park Ave., cor. Seventh St. Tel. 6-9281

Personal Stationery, $1 per box

Best Available Values

Single or Double Sheets—Address Lines or Monograms

Cards for Holiday and All Occasions

Pictures—Framing

SWAIN'S ART STORE

317 WEST FRONT STREET

Telephone 6-1707 PLAINFIELD, N. J.

SAMOSET LAUNDRY

SERVICE, Inc.

Ph. 6-2640 902 North Ave., Plainfield

HARDWARE

GARDEN TOOLS, SEEDS AND FERTILIZERS. FULL LINE OF PAINTS AND ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES.

F. A. KIRCH & CO.

201 Park Avenue Tel. Plfd. 6-0878

TEPPER BROS.

A Safe Place to Shop

WEST FRONT ST. Tel. 6-3100

THE STATE TRUST CO.

EVERY BANKING FACILITY TO MEET YOUR NEED

Plainfield, N. J. Phone 6-5300

RIDGEFIELD PARK

HACK. 2-0067

E. S. CARR, Inc. RIDGEFIELD PK.

R. G. RADIO CO.

"STROMBERG-CARLSON"

and All Standard Makes

ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES

175 MAIN STREET Hack. 2-0043

Alice Lowe Johnson

BEAUTY SHOPPE

Preston St.-Tranack Rd. Ridgefield Park

Ridgefield Bank Bldg. Ridgefield

Tel. Hack. 2-0610 Tel. Morsemere 6-5533

Florence DeWitt Studio

PIANOFORTE

ELOCUTION

2 UNION PLACE HACK 2-2333

Mrs. ANNA TUKEY

Gossard Specialist

GRADUATE

CORSETIERE

221 Main St. Hack 2-8012

FARRAR

French Cleaners and Dyers

We call for and deliver anywhere in Bergen County.

322 Palisade Ave., Bogota Hack. 2-1452

RIDGEWOOD

THE

RIDGEWOOD LINEN SHOP

Linens, Laces, Handkerchiefs, Infants' Wear

MONOGRAMING TO ORDER

Tel. 6-1964

Fresh Dressed Poultry

STRICTLY FRESH EGGS

Direct from Local Farms

Welti's O. K. Market

WILSEY SQUARE Tel. 6-0037

SIX DELIVERIES DAILY

PERSONAL STATIONERY

200 Single Sheets

100 Envelopes or 100 Double Sheets

100 Envelopes

$1

Your name and address in blue ink.

McCOY and STUBBS

27 THAMES STREET Res. Telephone

NEW YORK CITY Ridgewood 6-1894

E. S. BARRY

GROCER

109 East Ridgewood Avenue

Tel. 63630-3631

Harper Method Shop

PERMANENT WAVING

NESTLE REALISTIC

ANNA H SMITH Tel. 6-1911

14 OAK STREET

Tel. 6-2373

BON-TON CLEANERS & DYERS

2 GODWIN AVE., Ridgewood, N. J.

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DAILY FEATURES

PATHFINDERS

Sir Henry Cole
(1808—1882)

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

Born at Bath, Eng. Son of a British Army officer, he early entered the service of the Record Office and throughout his life he was a loyal civil servant to the Crown, sponsoring many reforms in various departments.

An artist of ability, exhibitor at the Royal Academy, member of the Society of Arts, he was largely responsible for the Great Exhibition of 1851, and directly responsible for the founding of Royal Albert Hall in 1871. He was made a K. C. B. in 1875.

In 1851 he commissioned his friend, John Callcott Horsley, to design a greeting card he could reproduce and send his friends at Christmas. Little did he think he was starting an industry that would run into tens of millons of cards every year from every civilized community in the world. It is to him that we must attribute **the first greeting cards, or as we more commonly call them, postal cards.**

A Word a Day

Notes and Queries

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

Laus Deo (Mrs. F. R. B.) — This department does not pose as an authority on pronunciation, and has adopted the policy of referring to the publishers of Webster's any word or phrase which is not "pronounced" in the authority accepted by this newspaper. This Latin phrase, accordingly, has been brought to the attention of the publishers, and their note follows:

The phrase Laus Deo means Praise (be) to God, and is pronounced *Lous* (ou as in *haul*) *De'-o* (e and o long; or *Lous* (ou as in *house*) *Day'-o* (a and o long), according to whether one prefers the "English" method of pronunciation, or the "Roman."

The general preference seems to be for the "English."

Dives (Mrs. F. R. B.)—The name commonly applied to the rich man in the parable of the "rich man and Lazarus" (Luke xvi: 19-31) is pronounced *Di'-veez* (*i* long, *ee* as in *feet*). The name is based on the Latin adjective *dives* in the passage in the Vulgate.

Cognizant (Mrs. F. R. B.) — *Cog'-nih-zant* (*o* as in *cot*, *i* as in *it*, *a* as in *account*). Not *cog-ni'-zunt*.

Lascelles (W. K. H.) — According to the publishers of Webster's, this British family name is pronounced *Las'-elz* (*a* as in *last*, *e* as in *recent*. (The husband of Princess Mary was formerly known as Viscount Lascelles. Today he should be addressed as Earl of Harewood.)

Note: First choice in Webster's New International Dictionary is accepted as authority for pronunciation.—Ed.

Do You Know That—

(Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor)

Charles H. Ingersoll, the well-known watch manufacturer, still carries the first watch he made 40 years ago?

Peter Esslinger of Chicago recently got a state license for his 1905 automobile?

Great Britain, Bulgaria, Austria, Hungary and Germany have no compulsory military training?

The Statue of Liberty was unveiled Oct. 28, 1886?

The name Finland is Swedish?

In Lighter Vein

Suggested Economy Plan

Thinner coating of mucilage on the stamps.

Abolish army transport service and leave the boys stranded.

Let congressmen follow Huey Long's example and resign from all committees.

Wrap up unused federal bureaus in Congressional Record, tied with their own red tape.

Instruct government employees to fill their fountain pens at home.

Prohibition bureau manufacture its own padlocks.

Speaker Garner furnish his own string for mending the House gavels.

President Hoover to catch all the fish for the Cabinet officers' wives.

—*Pathfinder.*

The Real Question

A farmer, visiting his son's college and wandering into a chemistry class, saw some students busy with retorts and test tubes.

"What are you trying to do?" he asked.

"We're endeavoring," replied one of the students, "to discover or invent a universal solvent."

"What's that?" asked the farmer.

"A liquid that will dissolve anything."

"That's a great idea," agreed the farmer. "When you find it, what are you going to keep it in?"—*Tit-Bits.*

Or Momkinigotoo

The name may already have been seized upon, but it is submitted for whatever it may be worth to those planning a summer camp—"Popkinigo."

The Christian Science Monitor's

Quotation for Today

GREAT men are those who see that spiritual is stronger than any material force: that thoughts rule the world. —EMERSON

Law of Adjustment

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Muncie, Ind.

WHEN Mrs. S—— found that her husband had been transferred to a distant city she had difficulty in concealing a great sense of regret at leaving her many close friends. However there was comfort in the assurance that she could return some day to visit with them.

Joyously she began a little fund which was to provide for that return visit. Many little pleasures were sacrified to add to that fund. The entire family was lovingly sympathetic and helped to swell the amount.

At the end of the third year there was enough— and a little to spare for the extra clothes and a few luxuries. The week before the time planned for the long-anticipated trip, however, there came a letter from a sister telling of a trying experience and of a great need for financial help. Without a regret Mrs. S—— wrote out a check for the entire amount of the vacation fund and mailed it to her sister; then she again joyously began another fund. "We'll call it the 'opportunity fund' this time," and she laughed.

She didn't have to wait until this fund was large enough for her expenses to her old home, for shortly after sending the money to her sister, some acquaintances found that it was necessary for them to drive to the very city in which she had lived and asked her to accompany them. Not only did she have several weeks with her friends but she was taken to visit her sister whom she had not expected to see on the trip.

The Children's Corner

No Need to Carry It

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

"IT'S nice, but very dry," said Bert. Thus did the second assistant gardener of the Scroggins garden in Boston Common report on the garden to Roger P. (for Pilgrim) Scroggins, assistant gardener. Mr. Scroggins, in turn, meant to report to Mrs. Scroggins, the gardener, on how the garden was growing.

"Nice but dry!" said Mr. Scroggins

Drawn by a Staff Artist of The Christian Science Monitor
Then Mr. Scroggins Looked Toward the Sky.

thoughtfully, stirring the earth with the point of his little cane. Bert, toad custodian of the plot where things grow, spoke truly. The ground was like powder, and when a puff of warm wind struck it, dust arose like smoke.

"Hurrumph!" said Scroggins. He scratched his head. Bert smiled and tugged at what would have been his cap had he worn one. "Bert," said Scroggins in a confidential tone, bending down so his high silk hat nearly grazed the second assistant's brown nose. "Bert, what do you do to a garden when dry but nice?"

Bert stood on tiptoe and whispered something in the Scroggins ear. Scroggins nodded gravely. "But how?" he said. Bert hopped away, beckoning Scroggins to follow, which he did. Under a bench not far away, Bert pointed to an empty tin can.

"Now if that can full of water from the Frog Pond—" Scroggins smiled.

"You have ideas, Bert." He said. Bert tugged at an imaginary cap as before. "I can carry it," said Scroggins. He peeled off his swingtail coat and made a neat pile of it, his cane and his high silk hat. He picked up the can and started toward the Frog Pond. His eyes shone. His step was quick. It seemed almost as though he was hurrying. Much excitement was caused among pigeons and sparrows when the old squirrel appeared at the Frog Pond with his can, stooped down and filled it with water and then hurried away. A number of sparrows and pigeons followed him. They watched him go to the garden, place the can on the ground and wave excitedly to Bert. Then they saw Scroggins turn the can upside down and clap his hands.

Then he felt of his nose and looked toward the sky. "Bert, what was that? Something splashed on my nose."

Bert smiled. "Sit down a minute," he said, "you've given the garden one can of water. Let's rest."

They sat down against the trunk on the leaves of a near-by tree. A pattering sounded on the leaves overhead. Scroggins leaped to his feet. "Bert," he said, "it's raining."

Bert grinned and tugged again at the cap that wasn't there. "No need to carry it," he said. "Look!" And the assistant gardener and second assistant gardener watched with delight as raindrops came to their garden. Tiny clouds of dust arose where the drops struck the dry ground.

"The garden's thirsty. And won't it enjoy this!" said Scroggins. He and Bert sat against the tree, as much rain fell. When it cleared off, Scroggins hunted up his coat, hat and stick. To his great joy they were dry for they had been under the bench where they found the can. "Mrs. Scroggins will like that almost as much as the rain on the garden," said the old squirrel as he made his way toward Ulmus Americana (American elm) with the good news.

Let's Collect Our State Flags

By FRANCES CARPENTER

North Dakota

Directions: Cut out and paste on a piece of stiff paper or in a scrapbook. Color with water-color paints or with crayons. The flag of North Dakota is blue. Yellow is the color that should be used for the staff, the border, the sun's rays and the stars, as well as the outline of the motto. The eagle should be colored brown and white, and the banner which it carries in its beak should be red. The United States shield should be colored with the red, white and blue of the American flag. The cord of the flag is blue.

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

Dakota is a Sioux Indian word which means "Allies" or "Alliance of Friends." It referred to a number of Indian tribes which dwelt in this district.

North Dakota's nicknames are, "The Sioux State," and "The Flickertail." "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable, Now and Forever" is the motto of North Dakota. Its flower is the wild prairie rose which grows in many parts of the State.

Beginning at the upper left corner and reading each row from left to right, the thirty-ninth star in the American flag stands for North Dakota.

(This series is appearing each Wednesday.)

Brevities

Boston Herald: The cantaloupe, which has appeared in the markets again, is that delicious melon a shrewd shopper knocks with his knuckle, weighs in his hand and presses appraisingly with the tips of his fingers in order to know just as much as he did before.

Los Angeles Times: "Matter gathers weight as it travels," says the scientist. Especially a matter that happens to be none of your business.

Detroit News: Brighter outlook Item: The gas station at Harbor Grace, Newfoundland, was reopened for business this month.

Key to Puzzle

Answer to Famous Inventors Puzzle:

EdIPy
DatUm
ImpLy
SouTh
OniOn
NouNs

(Edison and Fulton)

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1932 — *"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"* — PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

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EDITORIALS

Germany's Crisis

WHEN kettles boil too furiously it is sometimes necessary to lift covers. Germany's venerable President, in accepting the resignation of Dr. Heinrich Bruening, acted with the wisdom cooks and statesmen share.

President von Hindenburg has offered German Fascism the opportunity it appears anxious to avoid—an opportunity to make a start toward governmental responsibility and so put their promises to test.

Those whose eyes are upon Lausanne, hoping that progress toward a reparations settlement will aid world economic recovery, look with concern on the German Cabinet crisis now. However, it is hardly conceivable that the German position regarding inability to pay could be more extreme than under Dr. Bruening. Admittedly the delegates' hands will be weakened by the lack of a strong government at home to implement their promises.

Yet Herr Adolf Hitler appears unwilling to share in a coalition, especially desiring to avoid responsibility until after Lausanne. The Fascists' demand for new elections is to some extent justified by the fact that the present Reichstag is not representative of their position as the largest single party in the country. But Fascist intransigence, coupled with Fascist dislike for parliamentary forms of government, renders President von Hindenburg's task extremely difficult.

Without question his selection of a chancellor and cabinet of almost Junker coloring represents such a narrow cross section of German politics that it will be open to severe attacks. At the same time it is difficult to see where else President von Hindenburg would go for an immediate solution, though his choice of a chancellor has not been such as promises either domestic or international rapprochement. The existence of the present Cabinet thus depends upon Fascist toleration, which is expected with the quid pro quo of new elections in which Herr Hitler is confident of approaching a majority in the Reichstag.

It is doubtful, however, if such elections would give the Fascists a majority by themselves. In Prussia they gained a plurality but not control. Even further gains there and in the coast provinces might be offset by the middle sympathies of Bavaria, Württemberg and Baden. The necessities of coalition appear to be facing the Hitlerites if they hold to their promise to seek power legally.

Meanwhile acute domestic problems—unemployment, taxation, agrarian policy, wage and industrial policy—are crying for solution, even at the hands of a temporary cabinet such as Capt. Franz von Papen has been commissioned to form. The new Government may be forced to seek private bank loans until the budget can be passed. The nationalist elements should not be averse to accompanying this by a lower rediscount rate and a slight credit expansion as a means of speeding industry—a policy Dr. Bruening adamantly refused to follow.

Whatever the immediate outcome, events are rapidly drawing Hitler toward a seat at the councils he hitherto has been content to bombard from a distance. His followers may find that government entails considerably more than breaking desks and hurling inkwells in legislative chambers. Indeed, the stability of Germany rests upon their learning this lesson soon.

The Highway Parade

FORWARD, march! The parade moves. The ranks are eight persons wide, seventy-two miles long. To pass a given spot the procession will take seventy-four hours. What's it all about?

The picture is an imaginary one. But it may serve to bring to attention an opportunity which every motorist and pedestrian in the United States should be eager to grasp. For the people in the parade are those who by carefulness may be saved this year from injury or fatality in automobile accidents.

In 1931, despite a decline of 500,000 from the previous year in the number of cars on American highways, fatalities and serious injuries increased—the former to 34,400, the latter to more than 1,000,000. The figures would seem to show that the tendency to regard increases in accidents as inevitable results of increases in automobile traffic is not justified. In fact, it would appear that the human factor is nearer the root of the difficulty than is the statistical factor. The problem, though of huge proportions, evidently is not one that need be looked upon helplessly.

The antlike multiplicity of cars cannot, of course, be overlooked. It is this that makes necessary a constant increase in official vigilance. But no official regulation of automobile driving can do so much for motorist and pedestrian alike as they can do for themselves. Nor can automobile manufacturers contribute more than a small part of any improvement in the situation. A recent study shows that in nine out of ten accidents the cause lies either with driver or pedestrian, while in only one out of twenty is the machine at fault.

There seems no avoiding the conclusion that the bulk of the responsibility must be placed upon the individual. And not, indeed, so much upon his skill as upon certain personal traits. "Weaving" driving, "hogging" the road, speeding—which cause most accidents—obviously are in a majority of cases manifestations of personal characteristics. A credit organization has reported that one-fourth of all drivers having collisions in a certain American city were also considered bad credit risks. Confidential reports showed these drivers had such traits as lack of consideration for others, recklessness of consequences, and other habits which might mark them as dangerous drivers.

In view of this it is not surprising that experience in driving seems not to answer the safety question. It is known that about 90 per cent of drivers involved in mishaps have had one year or more behind the wheel. The ages of drivers so involved, however, suggest that either a raising of the minimum age limit for licensing drivers or a much stricter supervision of youthful motorists might improve driving conditions. It has been found that drivers under twenty years of age have a record 39 per cent worse than average, while those between 30 and 40 years of age have kept their record 3 per cent above average, and those between forty and fifty can claim title to a record 29 per cent better than average.

An encouraging development in connection with the automobile accident situation in the United States is the country-wide interest in highway safety now making itself felt. Surprise is frequently expressed at the manner in which some otherwise polite and useful citizens infringe the rights of others and even make menaces of themselves when driving. No doubt many motorists would be surprised to learn how often they put themselves in this light. More and more it becomes evident that highway safety cannot be left entirely in the hands of officials. A recognition of individual responsibility may well be the starting point of a march of some 20,000,000 automobile owners against a serious situation.

Travel Notes by a Stay-at-Home

THERE is a saying in France to the effect that travel forms youth when it does not deform it. This slightly discouraging dictum, however, does not deter French organizations for the encouragement of tourism from devising delightfully alluring and artistic posters inviting travelers to come and visit their Châteaux and explore the Côte d'Azur, although the Frenchman himself scorns to travel and considers that time lost when circumstance compels him temporarily to tear himself away from his well-beloved *patrie*. A conclusion logical enough, too, for one who is utterly and entirely convinced that his country is the home *par excellence* of all the amenities.

Now, one need not go all the way with the Gallic dictum and still be permitted timidly to wonder whether the great untraveled have not some ground for cavil at the attitude of the greatly traveled. Does travel make people bumptious? What stay-at-home has not experienced that wilted feeling when, after eloquent description of a thrilling fortnight's vacation at the beach, a voice drowns the concluding and decidedly entertaining details of that day's jolly jaunt to the local lighthouse with some careless casual remark such as: "When we were sailing out of Java," or "On the last trip I made to the Polynesian Islands I," and so forth and so on? Of course, at this point, provided one has retained or recovered his sangfroid, a cheerful comeback may be made by mentioning that Dr. Johnson once said that some men will see more during a drive by hackney coach to Hampstead than others in a tour through Europe, or words to that effect.

But a truce to what may seem to be captious and disgruntled envy. The cultural effects of travel may not be passed lightly by. Can anything be more stimulating than the spectacle of an enthusiastic bevy of young ladies from America speeding gayly through Westminster Abbey, armed with pencil and with notebook, in which are annotated for future delectation of the Wednesday Afternoon Literary Club, "The Tomb of the Poet Chaucer" and "The Statues of the Pitts, father and son?" Or more impressive than a crowd of staid Britishers stolidly pacing the polished floors of the interminable galleries in the Louvre?

The most heart-warming result of travel, doubtless, is the renewed and heightened affection which it kindles for the land of one's origin and a due and proper estimate of its inimitable and glorious institutions. It was probably some such patriotic sentiment bursting in the breast of one American homebound traveler that stirred him to dismiss the continent of Europe in one gesture of lament that nowhere would they serve him ice water with which to slake his thirst. Yet stay-at-homes who do their traveling via the Easy Chair and Library Line will likelier agree with that consistent seeker of the new, Mr. G. Bernard Shaw, who declares: "I dislike feeling at home when I am abroad," and eagerly turn the page to read of something strange.

A Five-Year Plan for Europe

M. FRANCIS DELAISI has come forward with a scheme to retrieve eastern Europe which is entitled to the earnest consideration of European statesmen. It is based on the building of international public works. Supported by project specifications, figures on estimated costs, revenues and methods of finance, he proposes the construction of highways, country roads, canals, grain elevators and storehouses that would permit and encourage the normal exchange of local economic goods within each of the eastern European countries. He would also facilitate by the same devices the exchange of goods across national frontiers. It is everywhere acknowledged that the key to European restoration is the erection of a commercial bridge between what M. Delaisi has called the Europe of the steamhorse and the Europe of the carthorse. The condition of eastern Europe is a standing challenge to the organizational genius of western Europe. Between the 250,000,000 population of western Europe and the 150,000,000 population of Soviet Russia there are more than 90,000,000 people who live in a less advanced state. They do not possess adequate means of communication and exchange. They have been reduced to a barter economy. To finance the movement of their crops they have to pay 25 per cent interest.

Under these conditions, says Mr. T. G. Spates, European representative of Industrial Relations Counsellors, Inc., New York, in a recent brochure:

> It is possible for the merchant of Zurich to secure his wheat from Kansas and Manitoba for less than he can get it from Hungary. It is both easier and cheaper for Greece and Finland to buy wheat from Winnipeg and Buenos Aires, and for Hungary to sell to Frankfurt instead of to Warsaw and Salonika. In the midst of the finest wheat country in the world the peasant builds his house of mud and straw, heats with resin, cooks with earthen utensils, burns an antique oil lamp, and during the week is clothed in rags.

To pull these people out of these conditions would be more than a humanitarian task. It would be enlightened self-interest, for there are 10,000,000 workers unemployed in the industrial West, who, in supplying eastern Europe's necessary wants, would be reëmployed. They have the materials, they have the labor—all that is wanted is a new international outlook which will allow these ingredients of wealth to be put at the disposal of eastern Europe. When that new outlook comes, the credit which will create the junction will follow as the night the day.

Experimental Britain

IT BEHOOVES everybody who believes that the solution of the economic problem—the fundamental, as contrasted with the emergency, problem—lies in a more rational treatment of money to watch very closely the debates now proceeding in Great Britain. Three months ago Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, could envisage the return to a metallic standard without causing more than a murmur of dissent in the House of Commons. But when on May 25 Maj. Walter Elliot, Financial Secretary of the Treasury, assured members that the Government had "no intention whatever of going back to the gold standard," he received a round of cheering. When he added "at any rate, while gold prices are behaving as now," there was only silence. Clearly a good deal of very serious thought untrammeled by tradition and prejudice is being devoted to the next step in Britain's money policy.

This may appear remarkable to those who imagine that the British are phlegmatic and conservative. The designation is one of those generalizations about national characteristics that always break down when put to the test. The British are phlegmatic—up to a certain point. They are conservative as long as it pays. Drake, it is said, insisted on finishing his game of bowls on a green overlooking Plymouth Hoe before he turned to the more serious business of finishing the Spanish Armada. Then he surprised everybody with the rapidity of his movements. If the story isn't true, it ought to be, for it explains how English phlegm often operates. André Siegfried went to the other extreme and said that the British are a mercurial people. For illustration he gave their desire to "bury the hatchet" with Germany before the ink on the Treaty of Versailles was scarcely dry. The explanation was that to the British way of thinking there was no further point in anti-Germanism in a peace-time and trading world.

Is Great Britain at the turning of its monetary ways of a hundred years? It is much too early to make any prognostication save to adduce the drift of opinion as reflected in House of Commons debates. Since September last British policy has shown enough of that mercurial quality pointed out by M. Siegfried to persuade the world to be prepared for further changes. Free trade has been abandoned. Whereas ten years ago the national aim was to make the pound "look the dollar in the face"—an effort that required a great deal of national stretching until it was abandoned last September—the new aim is to keep sterling exchange down, and the centerpiece of the last British budget was an authorization to set aside a large fund for that purpose.

Of more practical interest at present than the future policy of Great Britain with regard to the gold standard are the prospects of sterling prices. Of late months, in spite of Major Elliot's inference, prices measured in sterling have been marching downhill along with prices figured in gold. Sooner or later such a trend is the best possible insurance that business will get into the doldrums. So that prices might reassume the upward movement which began last September, British economists have been calling energetically for active steps to finance development schemes. There is evidence that the agitation is being heeded. Observers herald a program of price inflation which could be controlled as easily as inflation within the limits of the gold standard.

Editorial Notes

Many a farmer who up to the present time has found it inexpedient to send his farm products to a canning factory because he lived too far away, will, in the future, benefit by the new food factories on wheels just described by the Department of Commerce. Portable frosters, mounted on five-ton trucks, will be able to assist in packing shrimp in Louisiana in April, spinach in Texas in May, and by November help out with the turkeys up in Vermont. If a farmer raises a better crop, the factories will make a beaten path to his door.

By drinking toasts in water at a public banquet in London, Mrs. Amelia Earhart Putnam not only showed her stanch American citizenship, but proved she is as plucky socially as she is aeronautically.

With the approach of summer, state, federal and county agencies are bending their efforts toward keeping down range fires. Husbands can do their bit by taking their wives out for dinner occasionally.

If Congress stays in session during the two national political conventions in Chicago, maybe it will become less like one.

The sound of a neutron recently was broadcast by a radio station. Perhaps it was called crooning.

Watching the World Go By

By WILLIS J. ABBOT

Bad Business and the Presidency—The Strategy of Smith's Supporters

IT IS very generally held in political circles that unless there be a material improvement in business conditions, President Hoover cannot be reëlected. In business circles, at the same time, there is a practically universal opinion that no improvement can be hoped for until Congress discharges its plain duty of enacting legislation which will provide revenue for the Government, balancing the budget. But every recent effort the President has made to persuade Congress to perform this plain duty has been blocked by distinctly partisan opposition. Even the response to his appeal yesterday took the form of rejection of his plea for the sales tax.

The Democrats in the House have apparently a majority large enough to prevent any legislation asked by the Administration, but not sufficient to enact any helpful legislation of their own. Last Monday the Speaker and the Democratic leader in the House united in declaring that the President's earnest appeal for constructive action was merely a despairing effort to avert his own defeat in November. It does not seem to have occurred to these statesmen that Mr. Hoover, who is more closely in touch with business sentiment in the country, made the appeal in the hope of averting even more disastrous business conditions than now exist. Nor do they seem to see that if a revival of business means the reëlection of Hoover, while a continuance of the conditions which now oppress the land will operate to elect a Democratic President, they must themselves be under suspicion of prolonging the uncertainty as to legislation in the hope of carrying the country in November.

* * *

Speaker Garner and Majority Leader Rainey are perfectly frank in ascribing to the President only the most ignoble personal motives in his efforts to secure constructive action from Congress. They might well—especially the Speaker—consider how plausible is the case which might be made out against them by anyone willing to employ that form of political argument.

Mr. Garner was elected Speaker at the opening of the Congress and took up his office with the good will of both parties in the House. For a time he was extraordinarily successful. The combination of firmness and tact with which he held together a House destitute of a real working majority was applauded by the people and the press without regard to party. The program, partly initiated by the Administration, partly by the House leaders, was smoothly enacted into law. Then people began to talk about Garner for President. His own State elected a delegation solid for him. California followed suit. He suddenly appeared as next to Roosevelt in the number of pledged delegates. Who could tell where presidential lightning might strike if the determined effort to "stop Roosevelt" should succeed!

Now without imputing to Speaker Garner the same sort of unworthy self-seeking with which he has charged the President, I would like to point out that the inefficiency of the House over which he presides, the chaos in his party which has succeeded his earlier masterfulness, began with his appearance as a presidential possibility, and has increased in almost direct ratio as have his pledged delegates and his prospects of nomination.

Given a financial débâcle worse than that which now confronts us, nothing but a miracle can reëlect Hoover. Of the men in a position to force business collapse upon the country, few are in a position of more influence than Speaker Garner. And he is himself an avowed and active candidate for the Presidency.

I would like to say that I do not myself believe that Mr. Garner is consciously influenced in his direction of the House by a supposition that he can advance his own fortunes by injuring those of the country. But I offer this analysis simply as an illustration of what might be said if one viewed his actions as he views the President's.

* * *

Politics offers many opportunities for recriminations of this sort if one, like Mrs. Battle about the whist table, does not shrink from the rigors of the game. For example, I have a friend not unversed in the ways of the politician, who is obsessed by the conviction that "Al" Smith is to be the Democratic nominee this year. He ascribes the steady fall of stocks, with occasional brief and disheartening rallies, to the Wall Street operations of the Smith crowd. The testimony before the Senate committee on "short selling" brought out the fact that this group made $5,000,000 in a week's manipulation of radio stocks. "If they could do this," inquires my friend pertinently, "why cannot they force the market down in the same way? They can readily recoup themselves for any losses by selling short, or by taking advantage of the various brief rallies which they stage. With the country in a state of dread and business depression, they go to the convention with enough delegates to stop Roosevelt. They have received the 'commendation' of one of this group for permanent chairman. Do you happen to remember that McAdoo would have been nominated at San Francisco except for the fact that the chairman was hostile? A great group of the delegates credited to favorite sons are at heart for Smith. This is especially true of those from such states as Illinois, Indiana, Missouri and New Jersey. And there is a big Smith following in the Roosevelt forces only awaiting the moment of release. The group of men back of the nominee of 1928 are the richest, the shrewdest and the most powerful in the Democratic Party. Watch out for them in Chicago."

Personally I am skeptical of this program, as I question whether Speaker Garner is using his great power to force business disaster. But in the midst of a national situation more harmful than some wars, it ought not to be too much to demand of politicians that they do everything in their power to correct it.

The Five-Day Week—An American Plan

IN THE comparatively early stages of America's attempt to solve an unprecedented unemployment problem, a great deal was heard of the fact that the method of private charity relied on to meet the emergency was somehow peculiarly American in character—much more so apparently than any kind of unemployment insurance.

To a non-American who had yet spent a number of years in the United States, this point of view, linked as it was with more or less impassioned statements as to the hardy independence of Americans, appeared strangely bewildering. In what sense did it encourage the fine hardihood of the American character to be obliged to subsist on private charity? And what did it feel like to the millions reduced to such straits in the land of the free? It finally dawned on this observer that the problem was being regarded almost solely from the point of view of those who gave—dispensers of alms who were often happily rewarded in the warm glow which their benevolence aroused. Generosity is undoubtedly an American characteristic. Therefore to meet the problem by the exercise of generosity was, so it appeared, the American way. The point of view of the recipient of this charity was for the time being sadly ignored.

* * *

Of course there were sounder arguments to combat any form of federal unemployment insurance, arguments based on state sovereignty and the known difficulties and dangers to be encountered in such a scheme. But the stream of incoherent reasoning poured forth over the radio and elsewhere was at times about on a par with the current use of the word "dole" for unemployment insurance, instead of for the method of relief by private charity—which is, of course, quite simply and literally a dole.

In process of time the weakness of private charity as a means of dealing with a national problem, and the cruel blow dealt by such a method to those dependent on it, in many cases self-respecting citizens who through no fault of their own found themselves obliged to appeal to charitable agencies, was more generally recognized. The critical magazines became highly vocal. Indeed, according to the Survey, organ of the social service profession, the method of private charity is today on the eve of a breakdown. Some new plan must be evolved and without delay.

Now the American Federation of Labor has for some time advocated a scheme and President Hoover's recent announcements have given it some support, which, though it is not without its weaknesses and difficulties, may yet quite definitely be said to have an American flavor. "There is not enough work to go around," says Labor, in effect. "Let us then apply the principles of justice and equality and share what we have. Let us adopt a five-day week."

* * *

America rightly prides herself on the achievement of a measure of equality and opportunity in social, industrial and educational life, such as no great nation has hitherto attained. Equality of opportunity is an American slogan and a fine one. To apply it at this crisis to the question of unemployment would seem to be a definitely American contribution to a wide-world problem.

No attempt is here made to discuss in detail the merits or demerits of the five-day week, or the safeguards necessary if industry is to adopt such a scheme, but it is at least a constructive proposal. Based on justice as well as necessity, it may claim to be essentially democratic and capable of providing that ethical center or standard without which, as the world's thinkers are beginning to realize, no mere plan, however elaborate and far-reaching, is likely to achieve success.

Moreover, such a move is undoubtedly a step in the right direction. The whole meaning and development of the machine is to set man free, not to enslave him. It may be that the benefits of a machine age seem so obscure and muddled simply because humanity refuses to accept its birthright of greater freedom from toil. Adequate leisure to develop—particularly as thinkers rather than as mere toilers—is emphatically a part of this birthright.

A. B. D.

Mirror of World Opinion

The opinions expressed in the quotations hereunder do not carry necessarily the indorsement of the Monitor.

War Medals for Boots

TIMES are hard in Canada, too, and the Canadians don't have President Hoover to blame for them. An indication of how bad the situation has become is this letter, written by an ex-service man to a Toronto newspaper:

> Sir—Can the Mail and Empire advise me or help me get a pair of boots? In return, I am willing to give my war medals, consisting of the M. V. O., D. C. M., Croix de Guerre, three Great War and two South African awards.
>
> I would much prefer something to do than writing this letter. I am a good citizen of fifteen years' standing; good personality, ex-Guardsman and C. E. F.—known to two or three of your staff, splendid references. My only fault, if any, is that I have served this Empire a little more faithfully than myself, and, of course, would do the same again.
>
> GEORGE H. DINWIDDLE,
> Ex-S. M.

And Canada has plenty of beer, wines and liquors legally made and sold to bring back prosperity, or better yet, never let it get away. But somehow this scheme of our wets doesn't seem to work up there.—*Boston Herald.*

Saving Money With Police Radio

AN EXCELLENT example of what modern methods will do for a police department lies in the experience of St. Paul. The difficulties facing 331 officers, mostly on foot, in policing a city of 271,000 population were obvious to Thomas A. Brown when he became chief of police there two years ago.

So Chief Brown took most of his men off the pavements and put them into automobiles, equipped with first-aid equipment and fire extinguishers. The next obvious step was to direct this motorized force by installing radio, and this was done.

The results have been excellent in both efficiency and economy. Speedier arrival on the scene of crimes has enabled the police to capture more criminals and solve more cases than before.

Even with purchase of all the necessary equipment, it has been possible to save money.—*St. Louis Post-Dispatch*

Firearms Restriction in Mexico

EXCEPT for certain types of hunting rifles, the possession of firearms in the republic will hereafter be rigidly prohibited. This general disarmament is under the direction of the Secretary of War, and, it is believed, will be the most effective measure yet devised against crimes of violence and homicide. All licenses for buying or selling firearms are hereby revoked and purchases of the hunting rifles will have to be made directly through the Government under a special permit. Importation and transportation of firearms are also expressly forbidden.

The measure was aimed first at pistols, revolvers and other small arms but the scope of the act has been enlarged to include all explosive weapons, with the single exception, under special circumstances, of the hunting rifle mentioned above.

The order of the War Department also expressly stipulates the calibers, ranges and munitions that are outlawed, but this is merely a technical feature of the interdiction to guard against any technical evasion of the embargo.—*El Universal* (Mexico).